

Microbiome & Metabolomics

Hui Wu, PHD
Schools of Dentistry and Medicine
University of Alabama at Birmingham

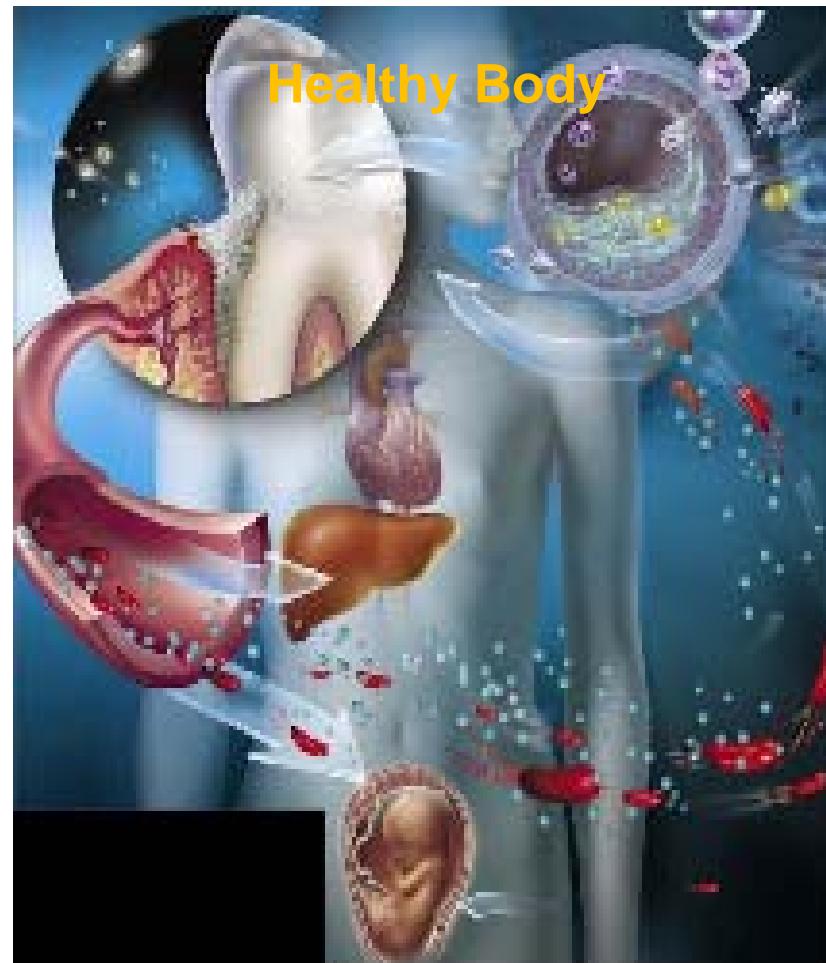
Outline

- **Microbe rules the world**
- **Microbial product matters**
- **Examples of microbiome in health and disease**
- **Examples of metabolites in health and disease**
- **Metabolites-mediated bacterial interactions**

Microbial infection and systemic disease



Healthy Mouth



**Cardiovascular
Complications**

**Respiratory
infection**

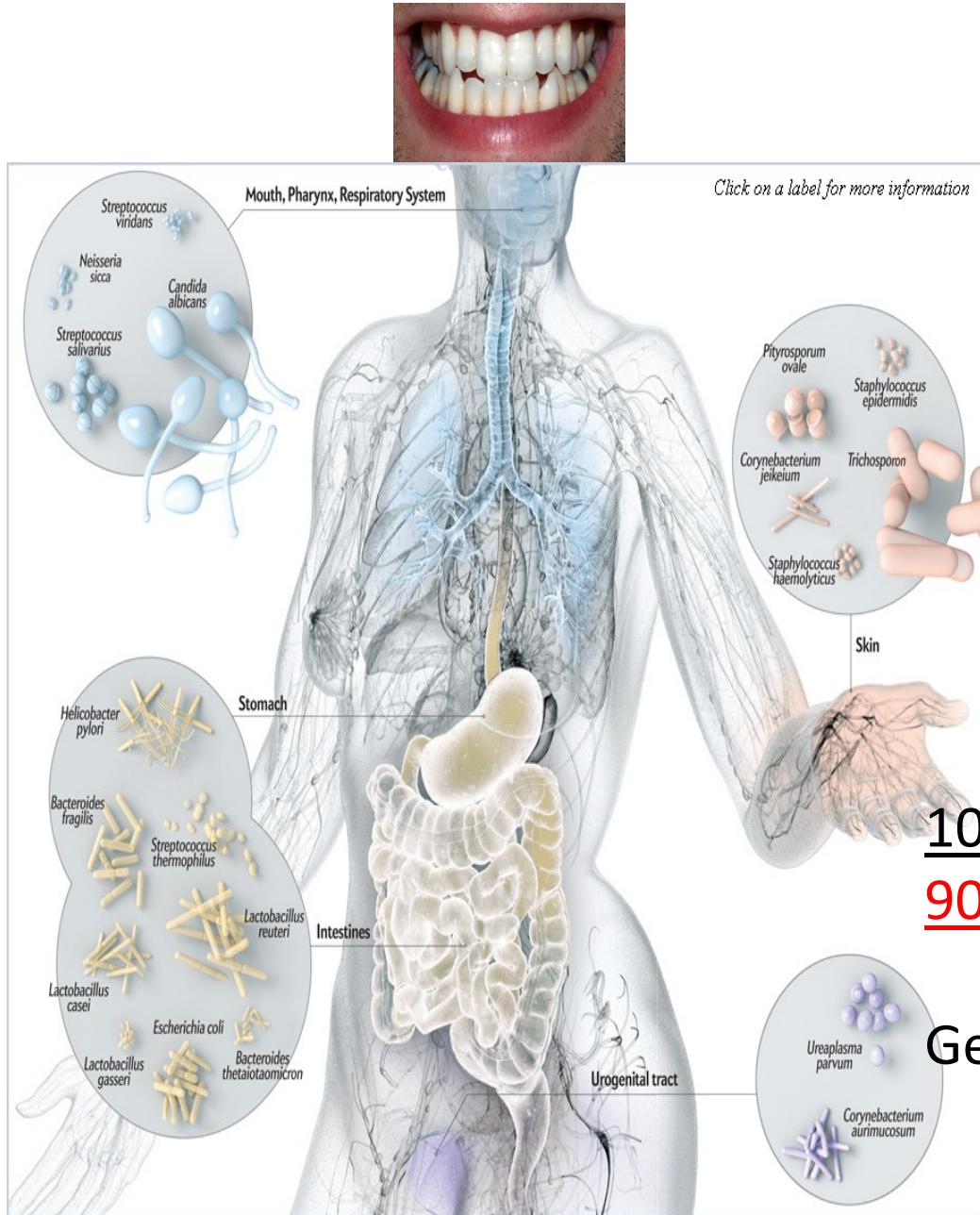
**Pregnancy
complication**

**Colon
cancer**

Complex microbial communities-dental plaque



Microbes are everywhere



10 % human cells
90 % microbial cells

Genetic info > 100

The Human Microbiome Project

- Microbial components of the human genetic and metabolic landscape, and how they contribute to health and disease
- The genomes of microbial symbionts provide traits that humans did not need to evolve on their own
- Humans, a composite of microbial and human cells
- Human genetic landscape dictated by the genes in the human genome and the microbiome
- Human metabolic features, a blend of human and microbial traits

A human ‘supraorganism’

Nature **449**, 804-810, 2007

The Human Genome Project

The project funded by the US government in 1990, and declared complete in 2003.

A parallel project by the Celera Genomics in 1998.

Capacity-3 billion bps

Major advance in DNA sequencing

versus the Human Microbiome Project

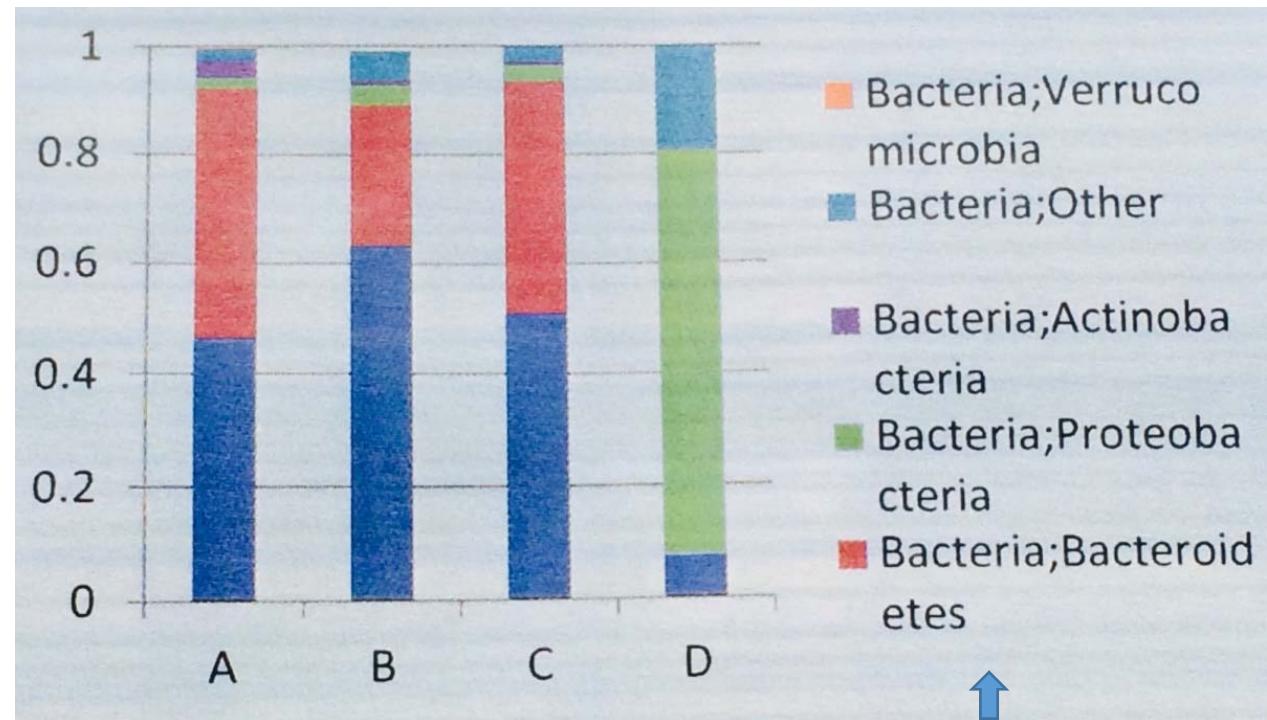
Microbiome Analysis-microbial profiling/genomics



PCR with bar coded primers specific for 16S rDNA region for amplification

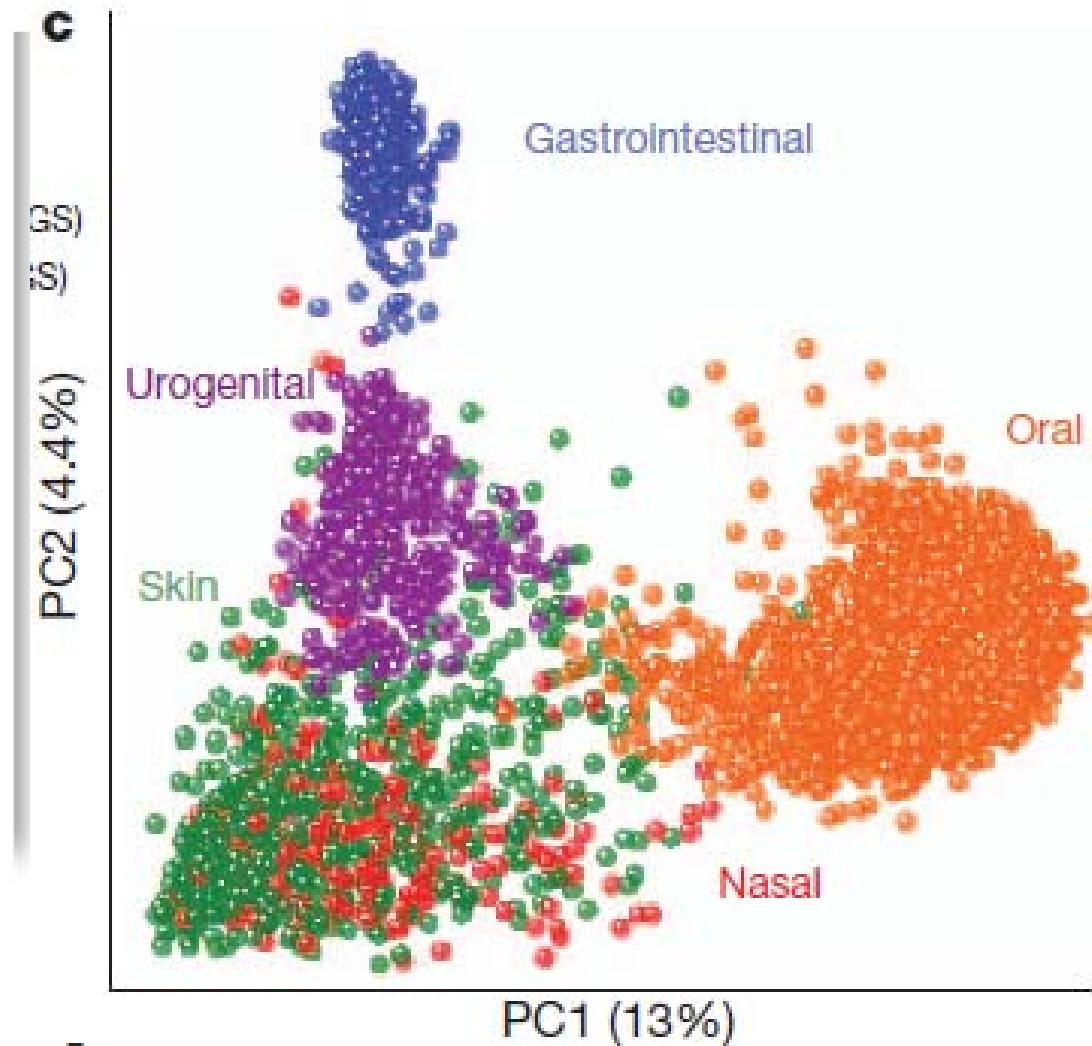
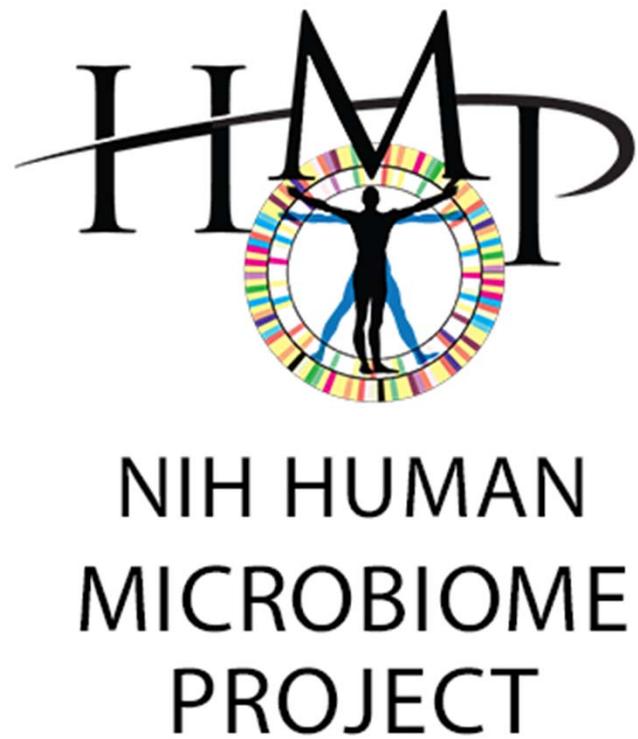


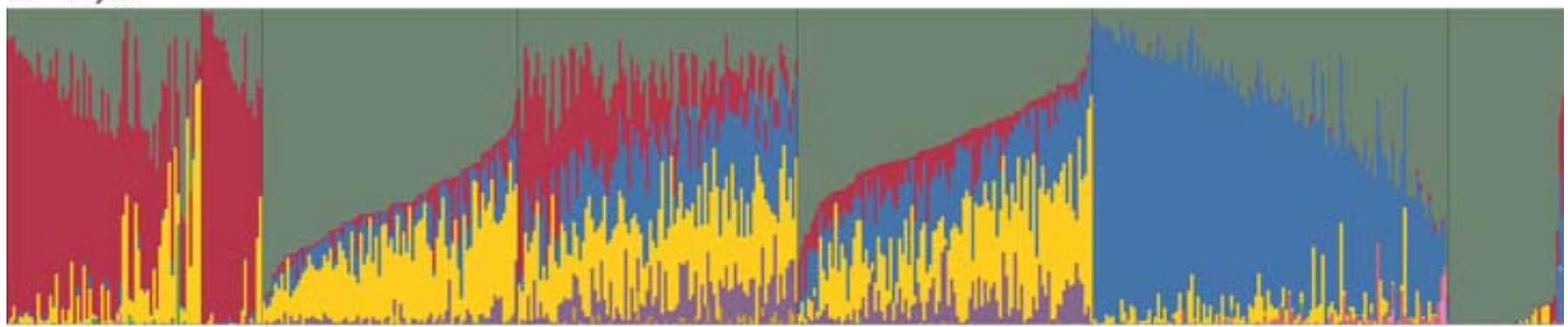
Metagenomics



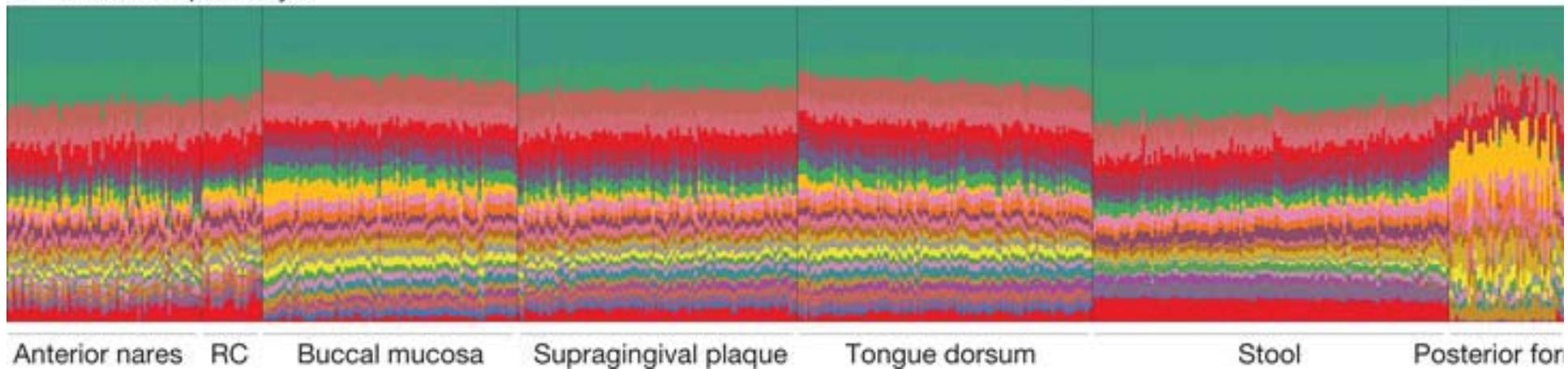
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>GCACCTGAGGACAGGGGAGGAGGA...
>TCACATGAACCTAGGCAGGACGAA...
>CTACCGGAGGACAGGCATGAGGAT...
>TCACATGAACCTAGGCAGGAGGAA...
>GCACCTGAGGACACGCAGGACGAC...
>CTACCGGAGGACAGGCAGGAGGAA...
>CTACCGGAGGACACACAGGAGGAA...
>GAACCTTCACATAGGCAGGAGGAT...
>TCACATGAACCTAGGGCAAGGAA...
>GCACCTGAGGACAGGCAGGAGGAA...

Human Microbiome Project





b Metabolic pathways



Anterior nares

RC

Buccal mucosa

Supragingival plaque

Tongue dorsum

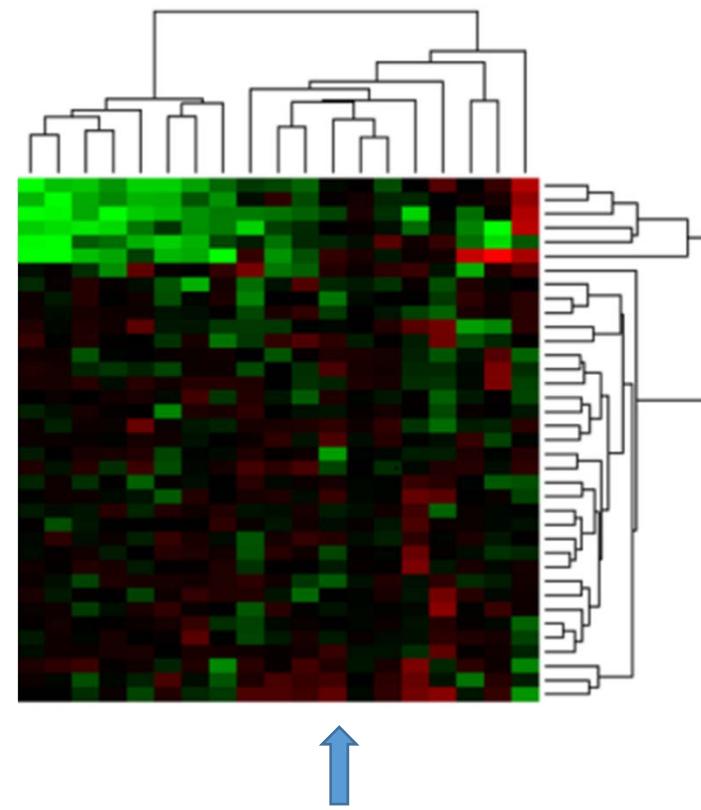
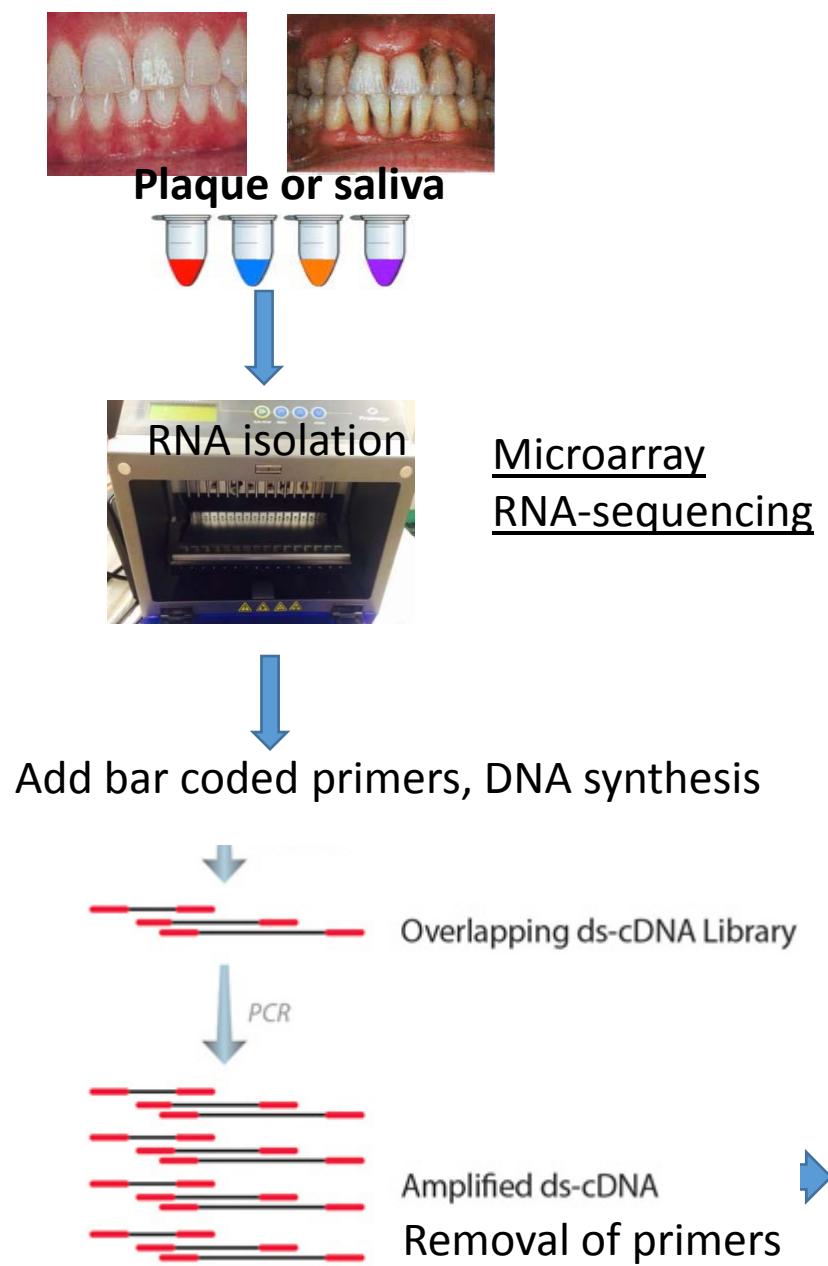
Stool

Posterior for

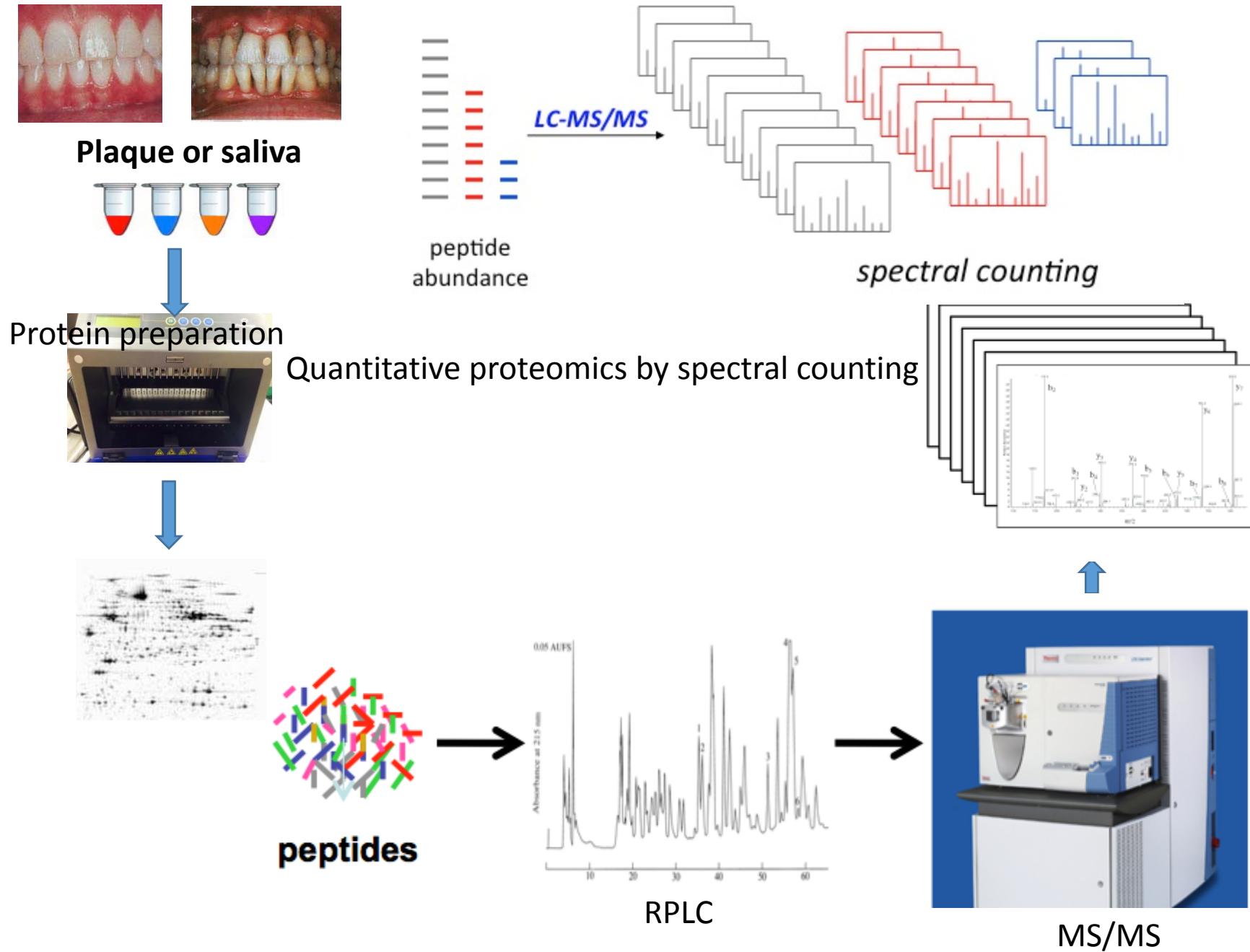
- Firmicutes
- Actinobacteria
- Bacteroidetes
- Proteobacteria
- Fusobacteria
- Tenericutes
- Spirochaetes
- Cyanobacteria
- Verrucomicrobia
- TM7

- Central carbohydrate metabolism
- Cofactor and vitamin biosynthesis
- Oligosaccharide and polyol transport system
- Purine metabolism
- ATP synthesis
- Phosphate and amino acid transport system
- Aminoacyl tRNA
- Pyrimidine metabolism
- Ribosome
- Aromatic amino acid metabolism

Transcriptomic Analysis-gene expression profiling



Proteomic Analysis-protein profiling

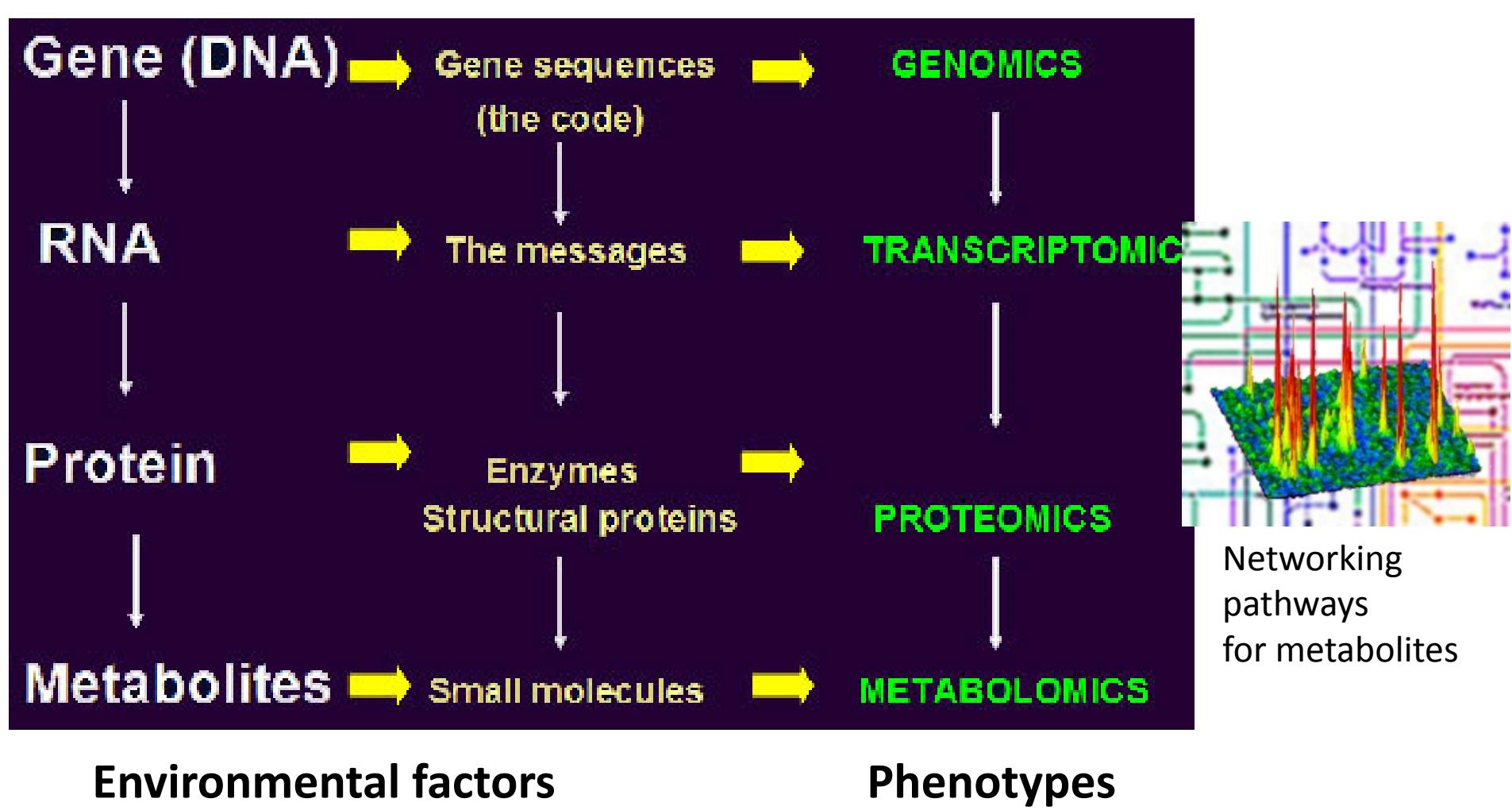


Integration of Multi"Omics"

Biological samples



Microbiome





Fruit fly
(*Drosophila melanogaster*)



Mosquito
(*Anopheles gambiae*)



Mouse

Microbiomes impact behaviors

Gut microbiota

Diet-specific microbiota influence mating preferences

Human skin microbiota

Skin microbes of humans influence attraction to mosquitoes

Lactobacillus rhamnosus

The probiotic *L. rhamnosus* decreases anxiety in mice

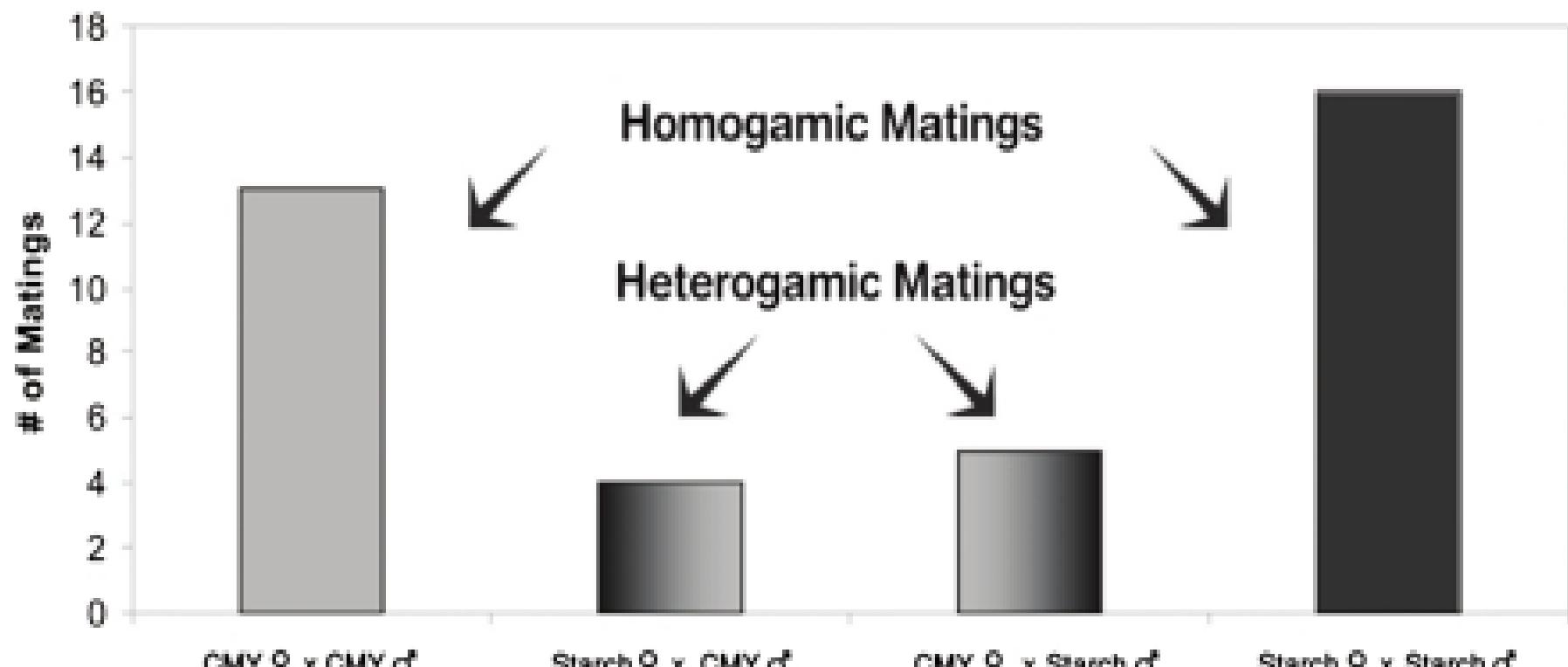
Fighting microbes or Farming microbes?



Microbiomes impact behaviors

Gut microbiota

Diet-specific microbiota
influence mating
preferences



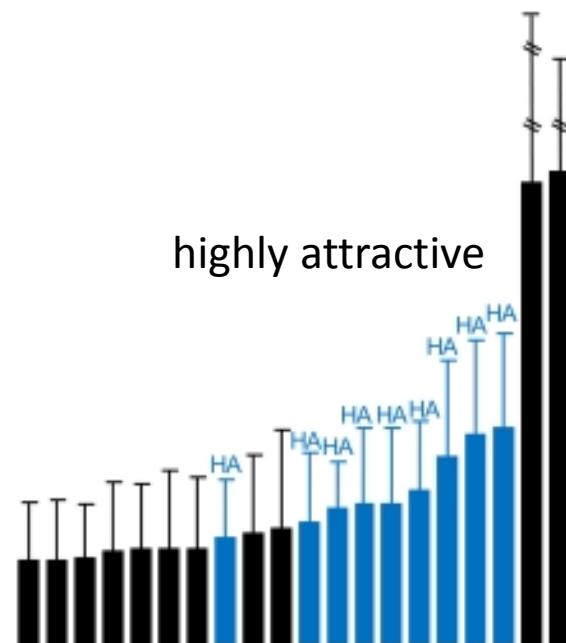
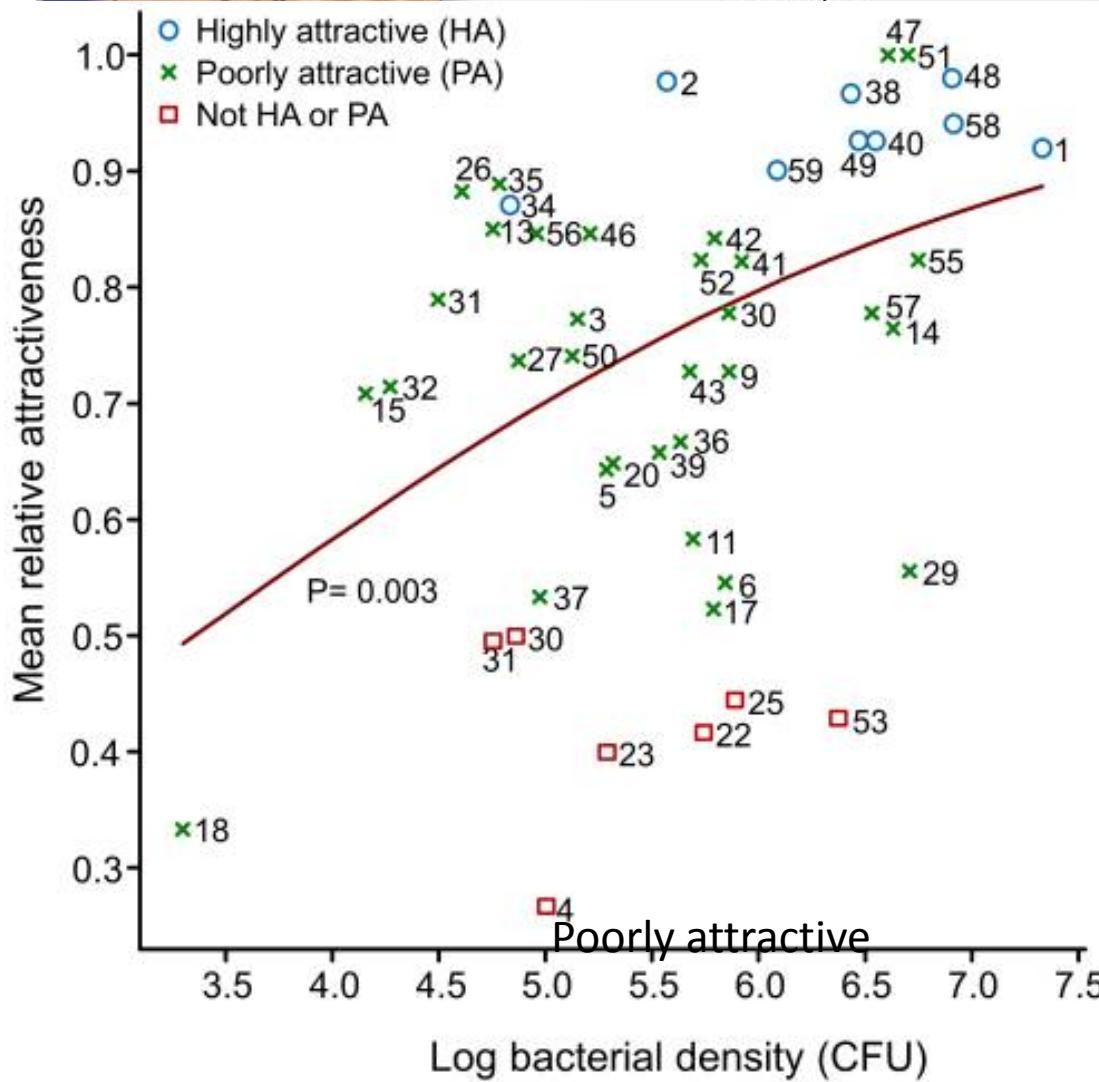
Sharon, et. al., Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2010;107(46):20051-6.

Lactobacillus plantarum strain IMAU:10272
cuticular hydrocarbon sex pheromones
the hologenome theory of evolution



Human skin microbiota

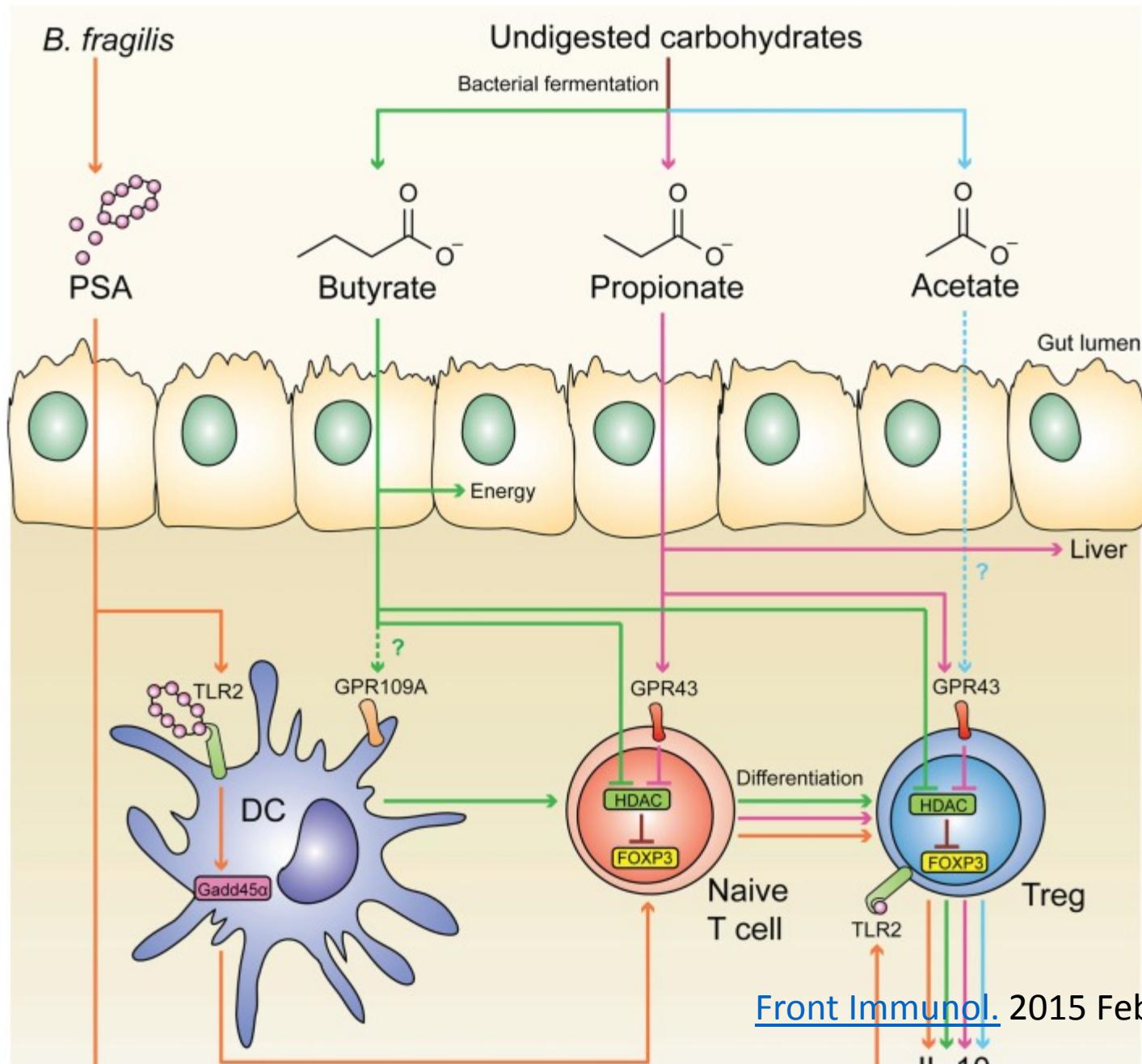
Skin microbes of humans
influence attraction to



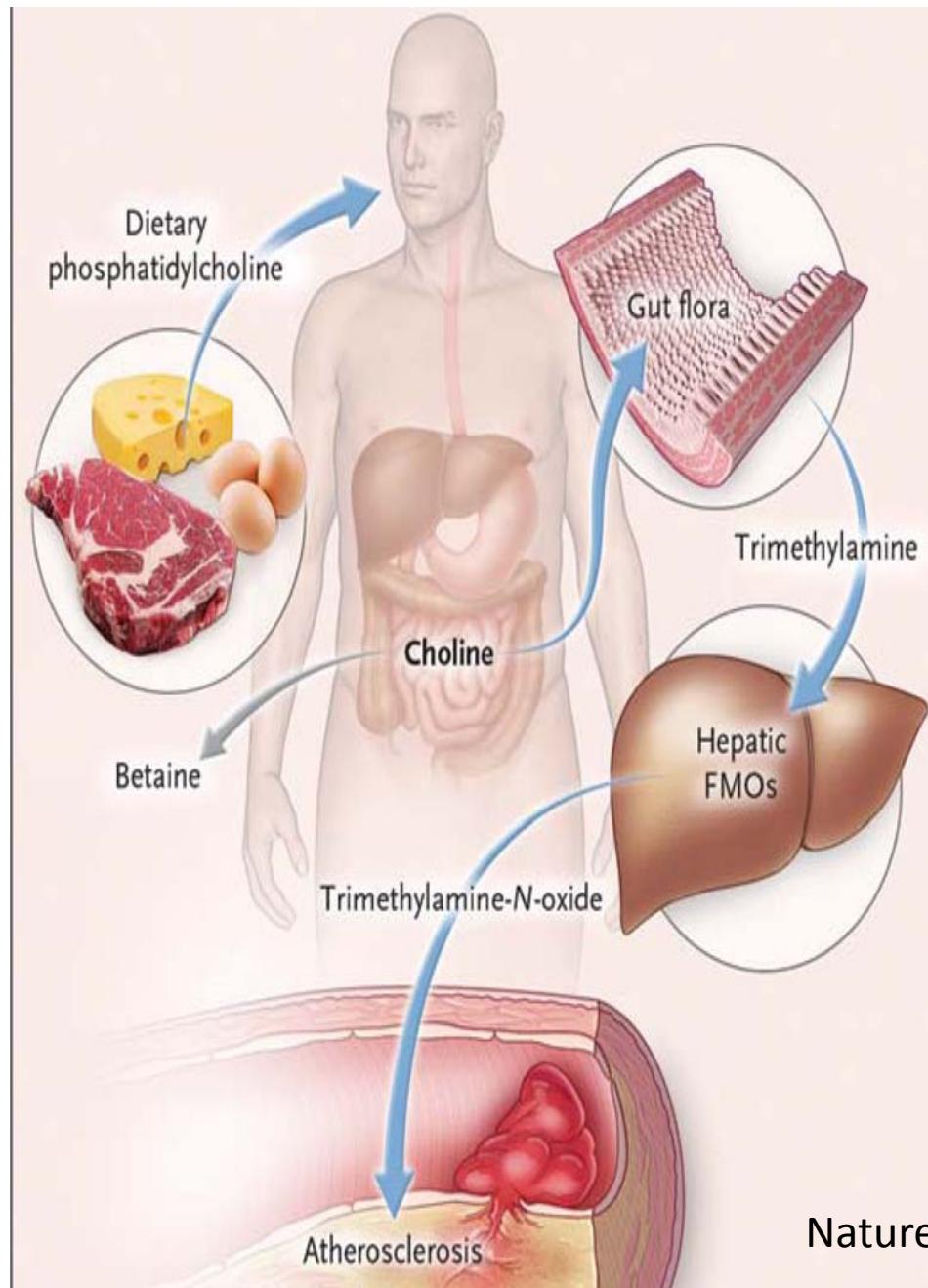
Microbiome and Carb Metabolism

- *Carbohydrates*: humans and bacterial nutrients
- *Human and mammals*: disaccharides and starches
- *Microbes*: complex polysaccharides by Carbohydrate-active enzymes: glycoside hydrolases, carb esterases, glycosyltransferases and polysaccharide lyases
- Biogeographical distribution of microbiome/ genes/pathways such as simple Carb transport PTS small intestine>colon
- Probing microbe altered pathways in the development of metabolic disorders in humans

Microbiome and Fatty Acids Metabolism



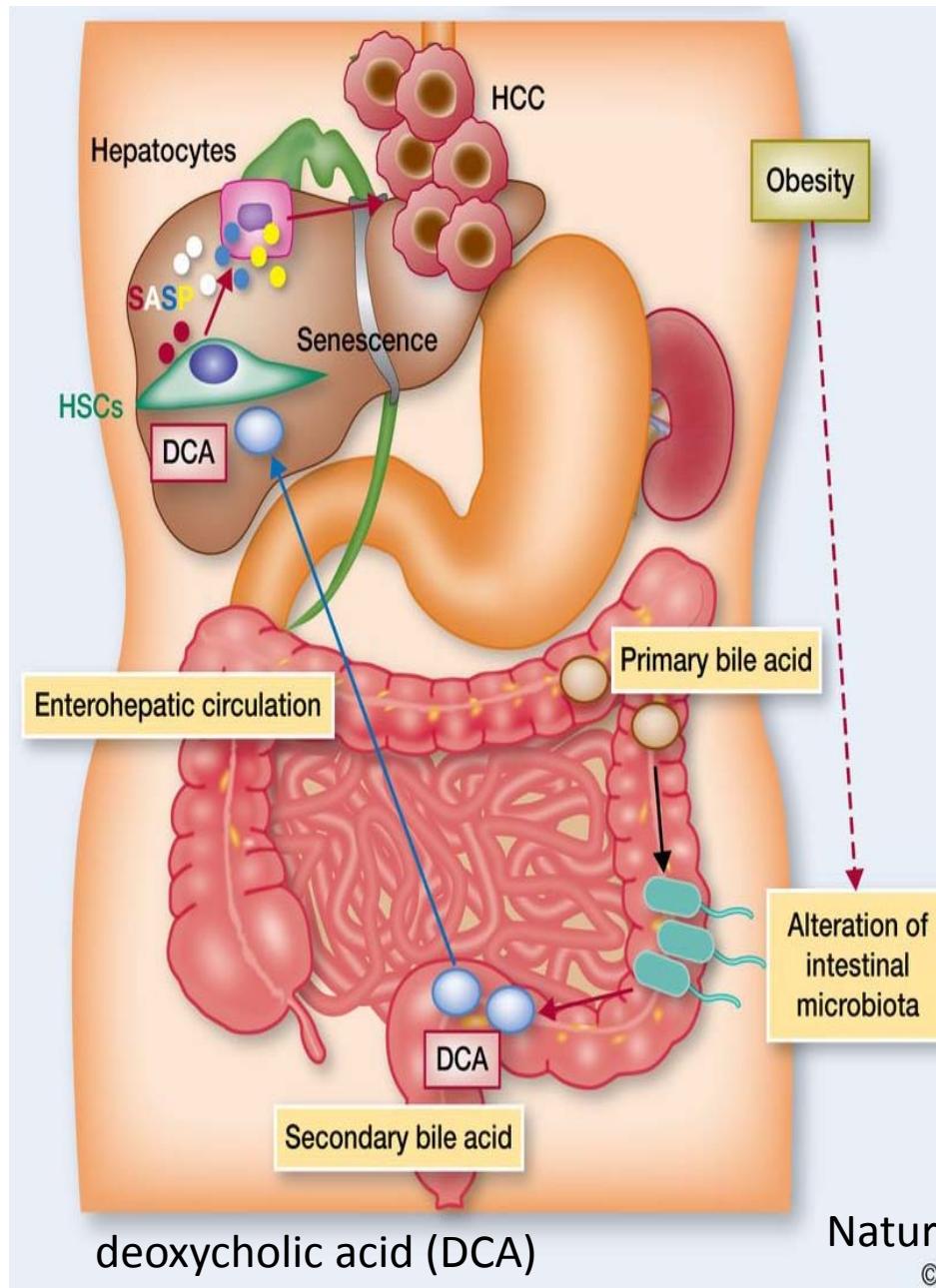
Microbiome and Atherosclerosis



Flavin monooxygenases
(FMOs)

Nature. Apr 7, 2011; 472: 57–63.

Obesity and Cancer: a Microbial Connection



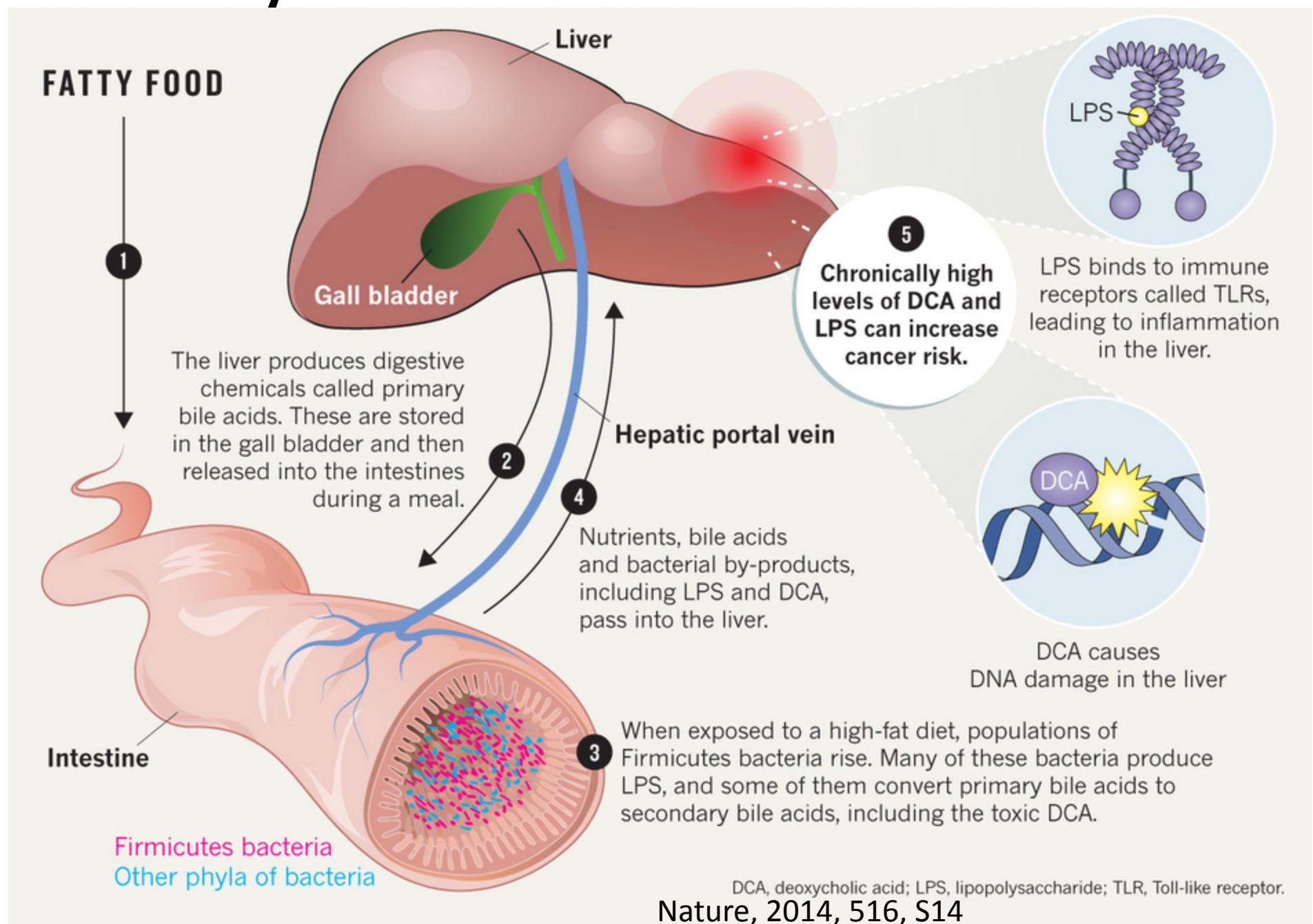
hepatic stellate cells (HSC)

hepatocellular carcinoma(HCC)

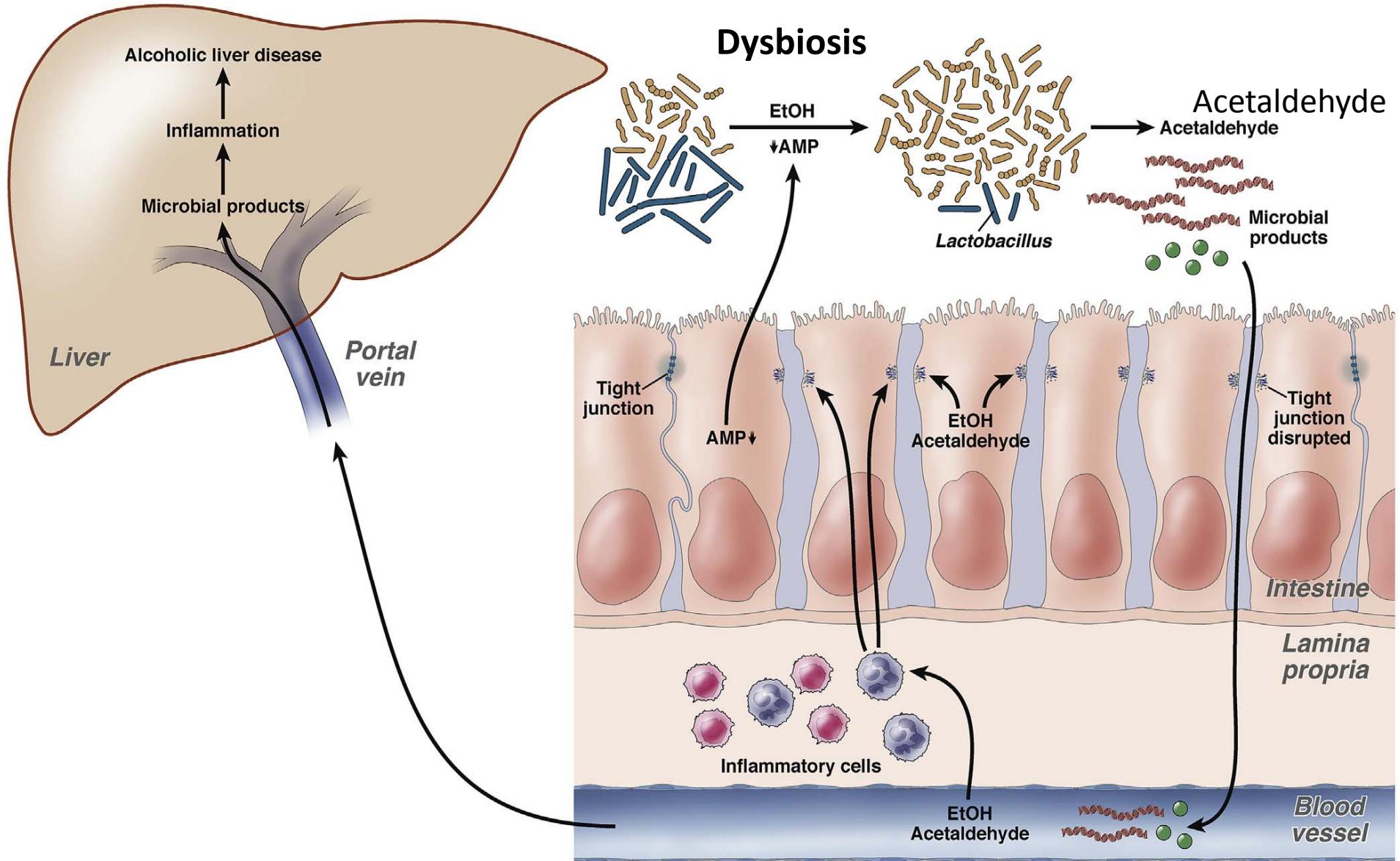
senescence-associated
secretory phenotype (SASP)

Nature. 2013 Jul 4;499:97-101
© 2013

Obesity and Cancer: a Microbial Connection



Microbiome & Alcoholic Liver Disease



Gut Bacteria & Healthful Chocolate



Cocoa powder(polyphenols
and Fibers)

Smaller molecules
short fatty chain acids

2014 American Chemical Society meeting



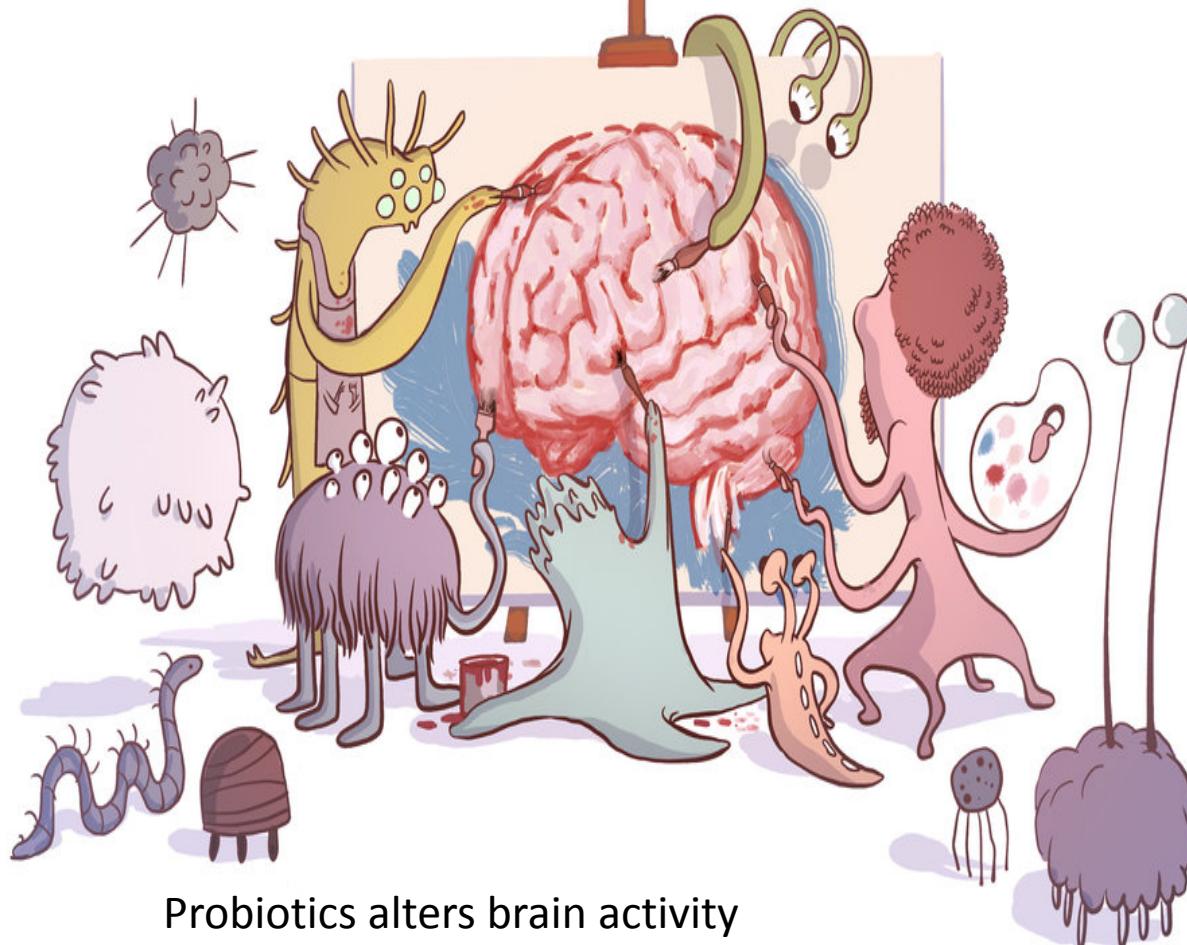
Gut Bacteria and the Workings of Our Minds

Of Humans

MRI scans to look at the brains
the types of bacteria in their guts

Of Mice

Changes gut microbiota alter mouse behavior
Bold to timid, brain-derived neurotrophic factor

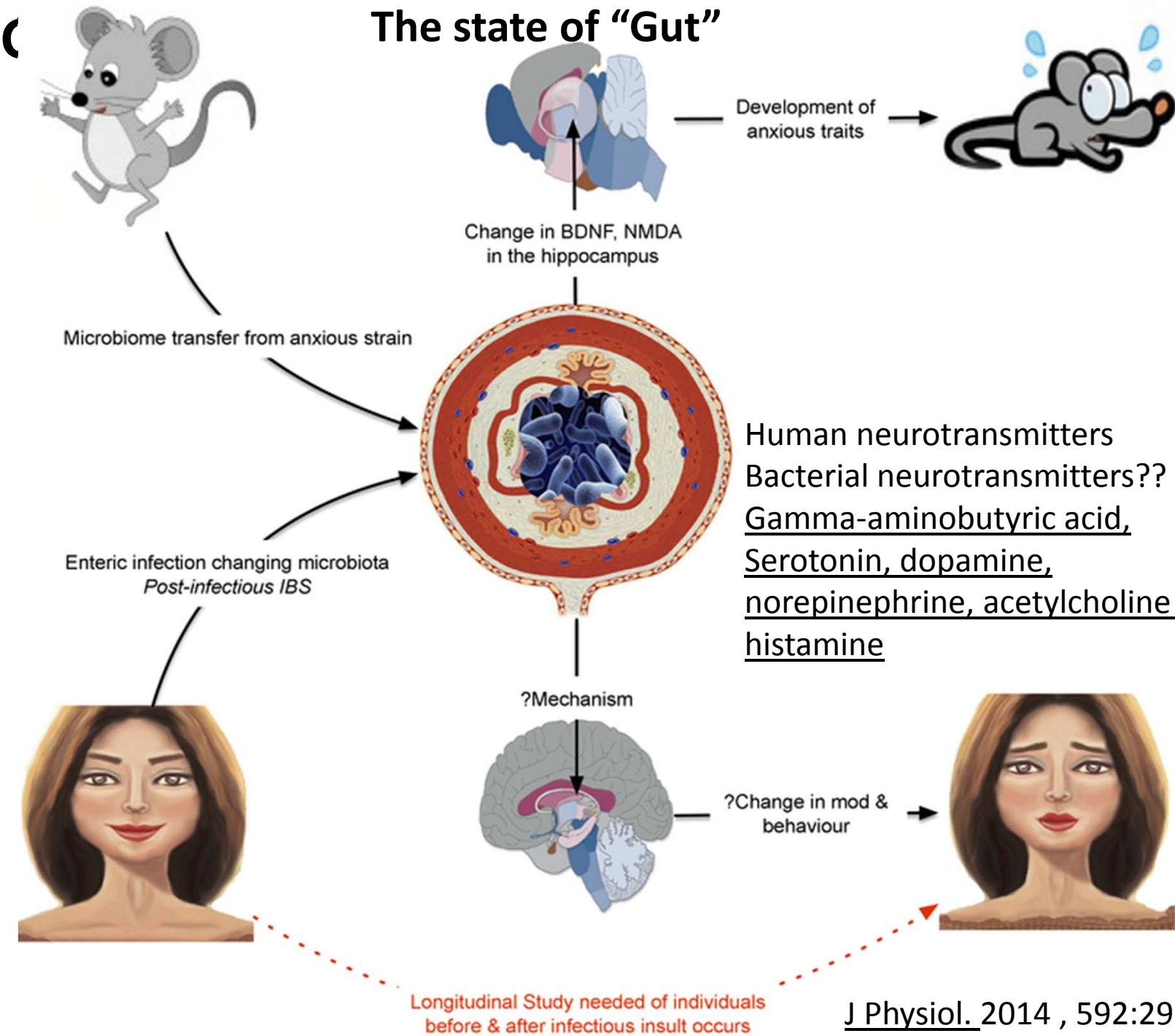


Probiotics alters brain activity

Gastroenterology, 144, 1394–1401. June 2013

Cell, 155, 1451–63, 19 December 2013

The state of “Gut”



Gut Microbes and Your Weight



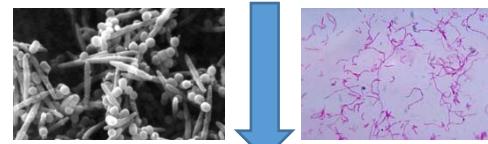
***Science*, 6 September 2013: 341(6150)**

Oral bacteria in systemic conditions

Fusobacterium nucleatum

- Gram-negative, rod-shape anaerobic
 - Butyric acid, a major metabolite
 - Periodontal disease and gingivitis
 - Systemic infections

Fusobacterium & Colon Cancer



Fusobacterium nucleatum



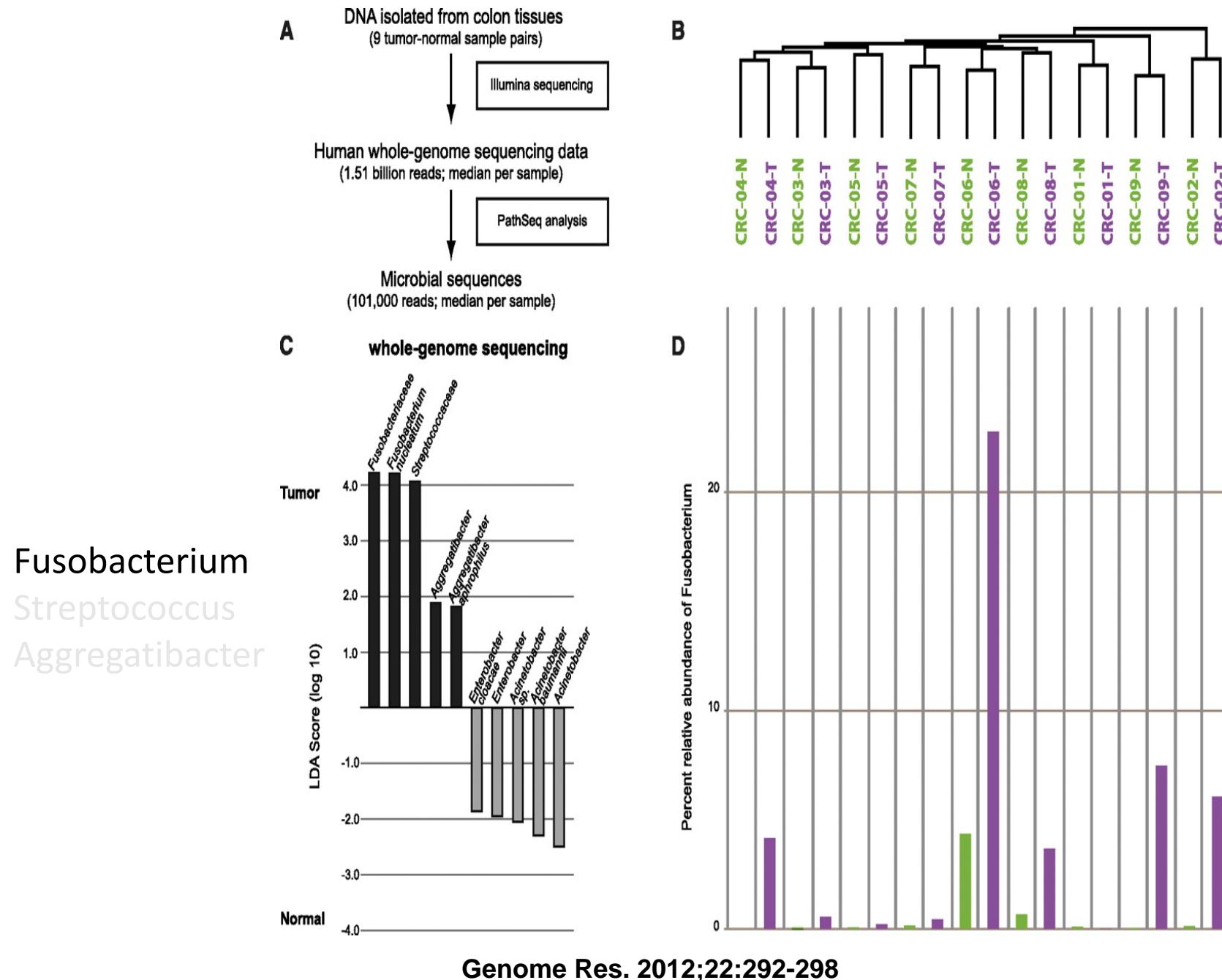
Kostic AD et. al., *Cell Host Microbe* 2013, 14:207-15.

Rubinstein MR et. al., *Cell Host Microbe*. 2013, 14:195-206.

Castellarin M et. al., *Genome Res.* 2012, 22:299-306.

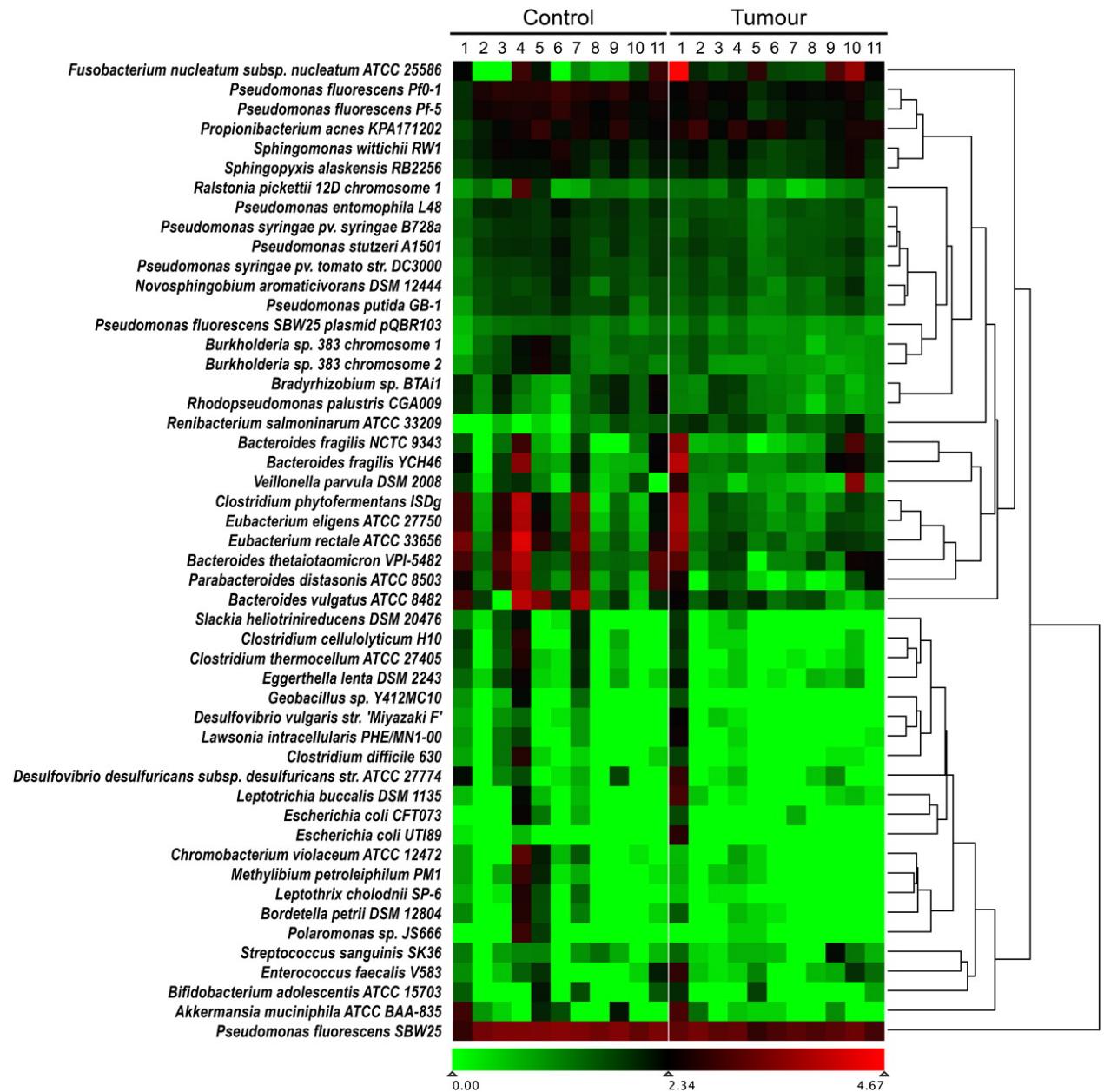
Kostic AD et. al., *Genome Res.* 2012, 2:292-8.

Whole-genome analysis of the colorectal cancer microbiome

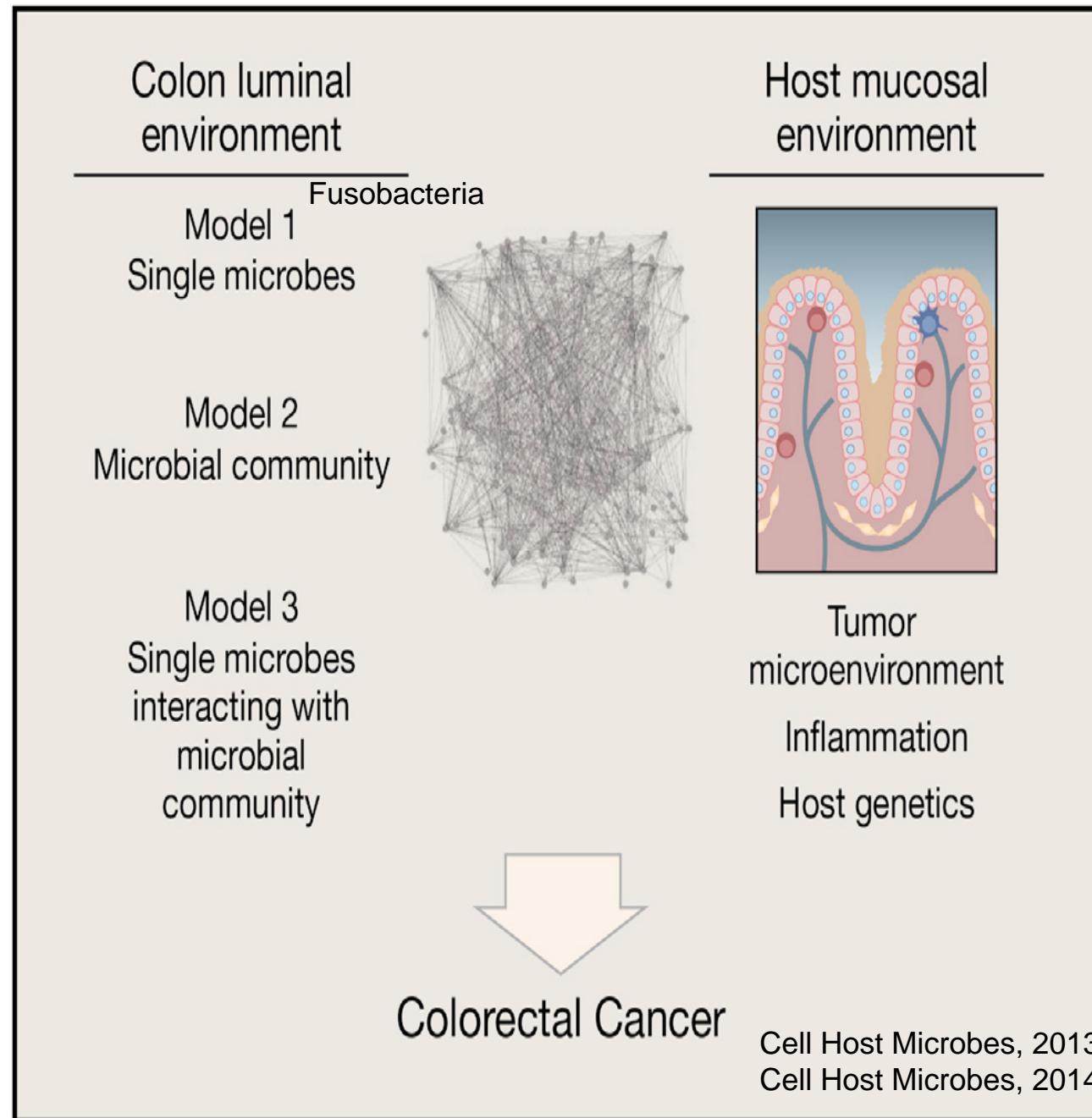


Bacterial abundance in colon cancer

Fusobacterium nucleatum

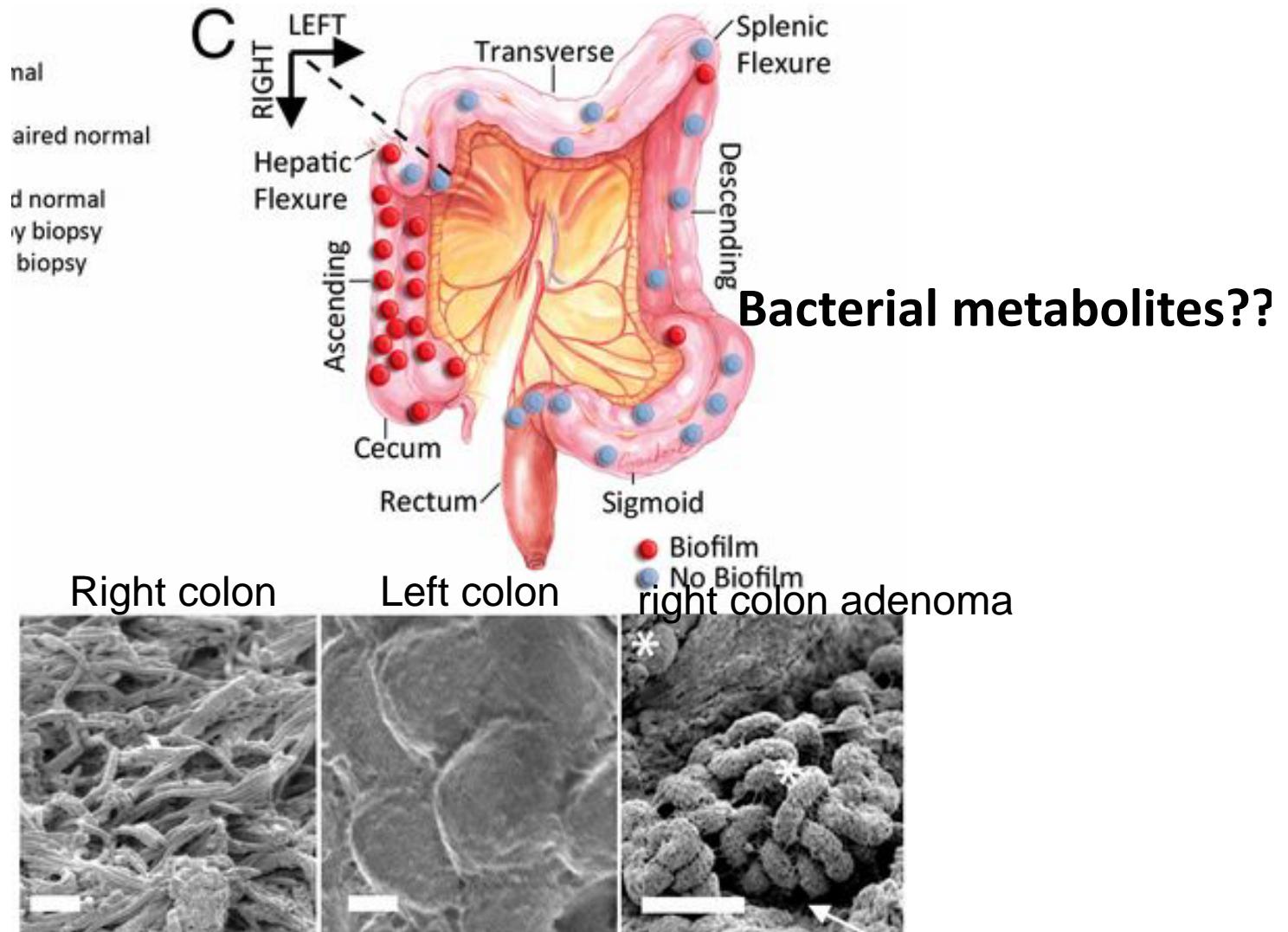


Bacteria and Colorectal Cancer

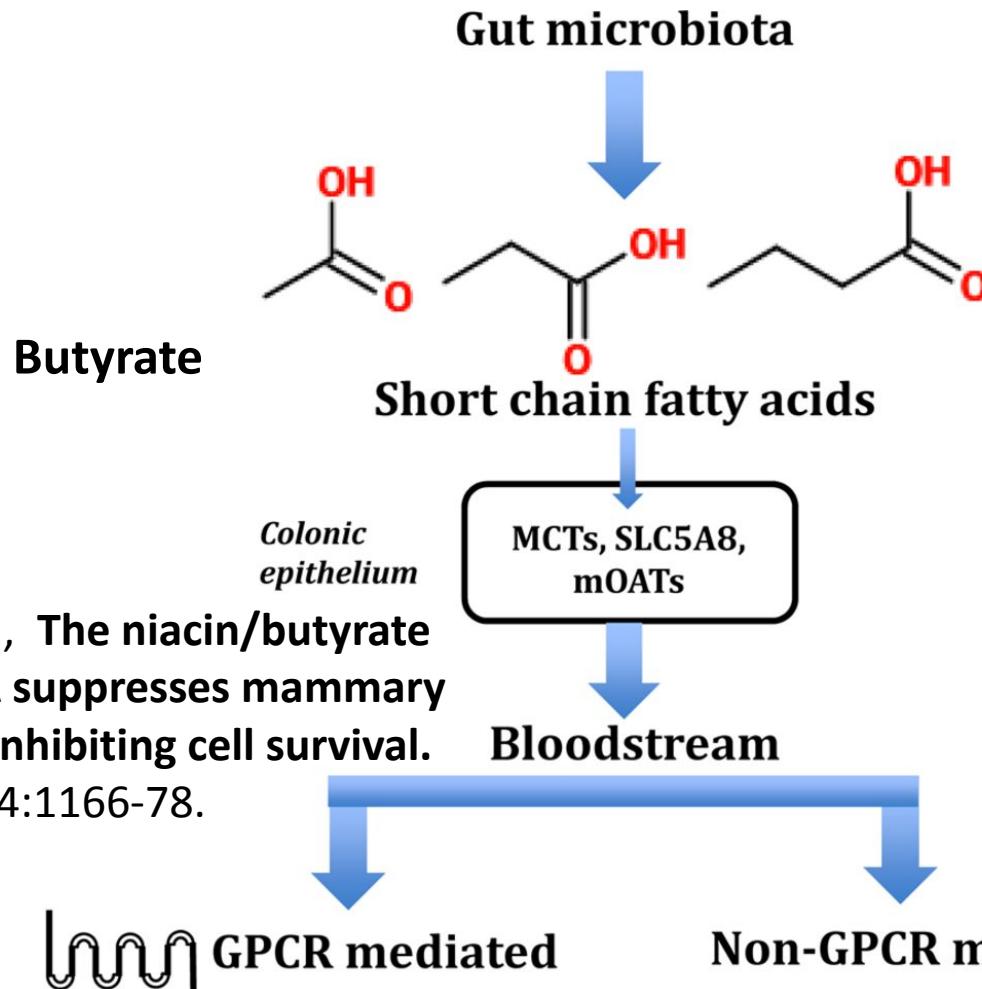


New Findings

Bacterial biofilms and cancer connection



microbial structural organization contributes to disease progression?
Dejea, CM, et. al., Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2014, 111(51):18321-6.



Elangovan S et. al., **The niacin/butyrate receptor GPR109A suppresses mammary tumorigenesis by inhibiting cell survival.**

Cancer Res. 2014, 74:1166-78.

GPCR mediated

Gpr41 → Adiposity
Blood pressure

Gpr43 → Immunity

Olf78 → Blood pressure

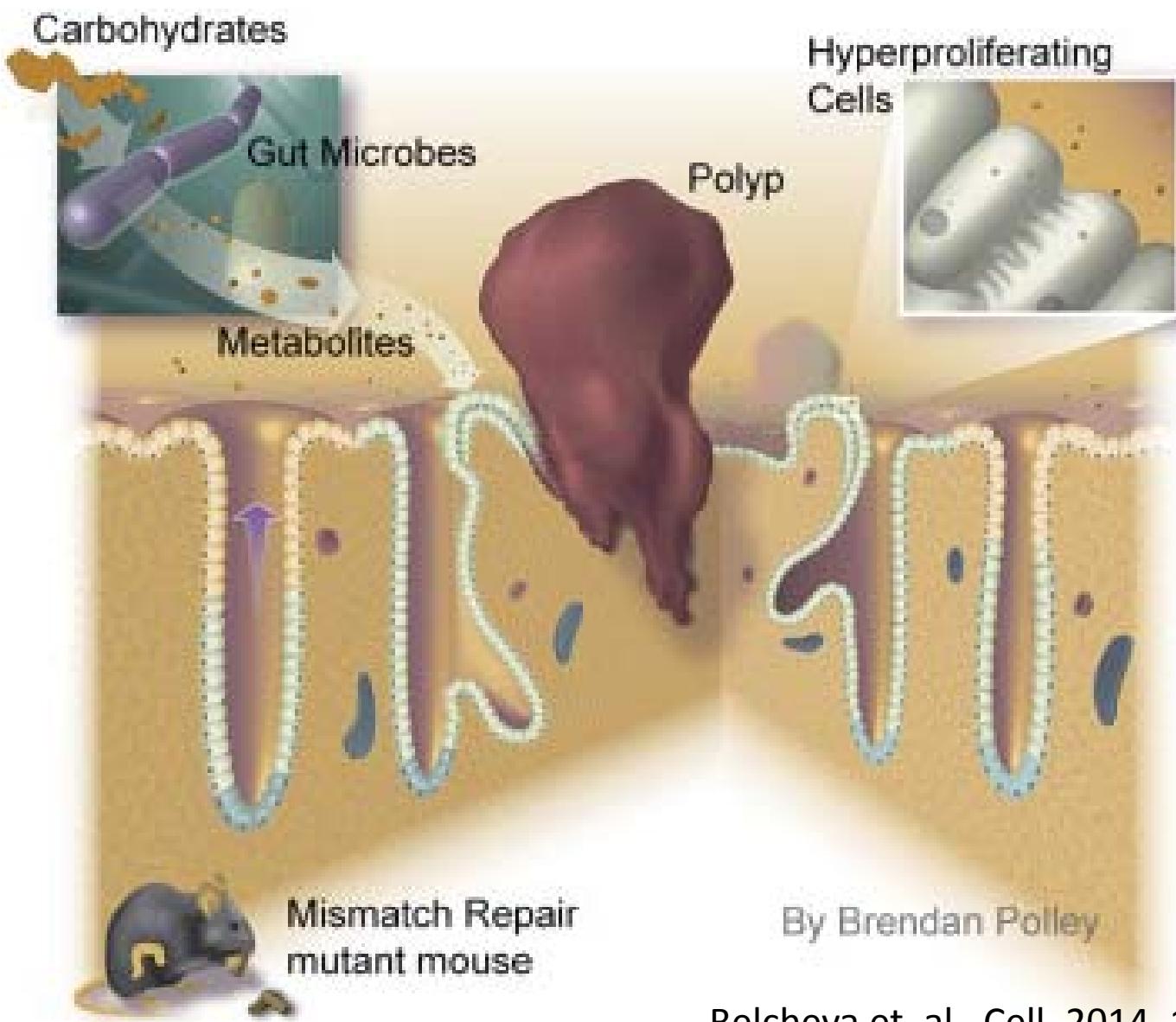
Gpr109a → Cell cycle
Oncogenesis

Non-GPCR mediated

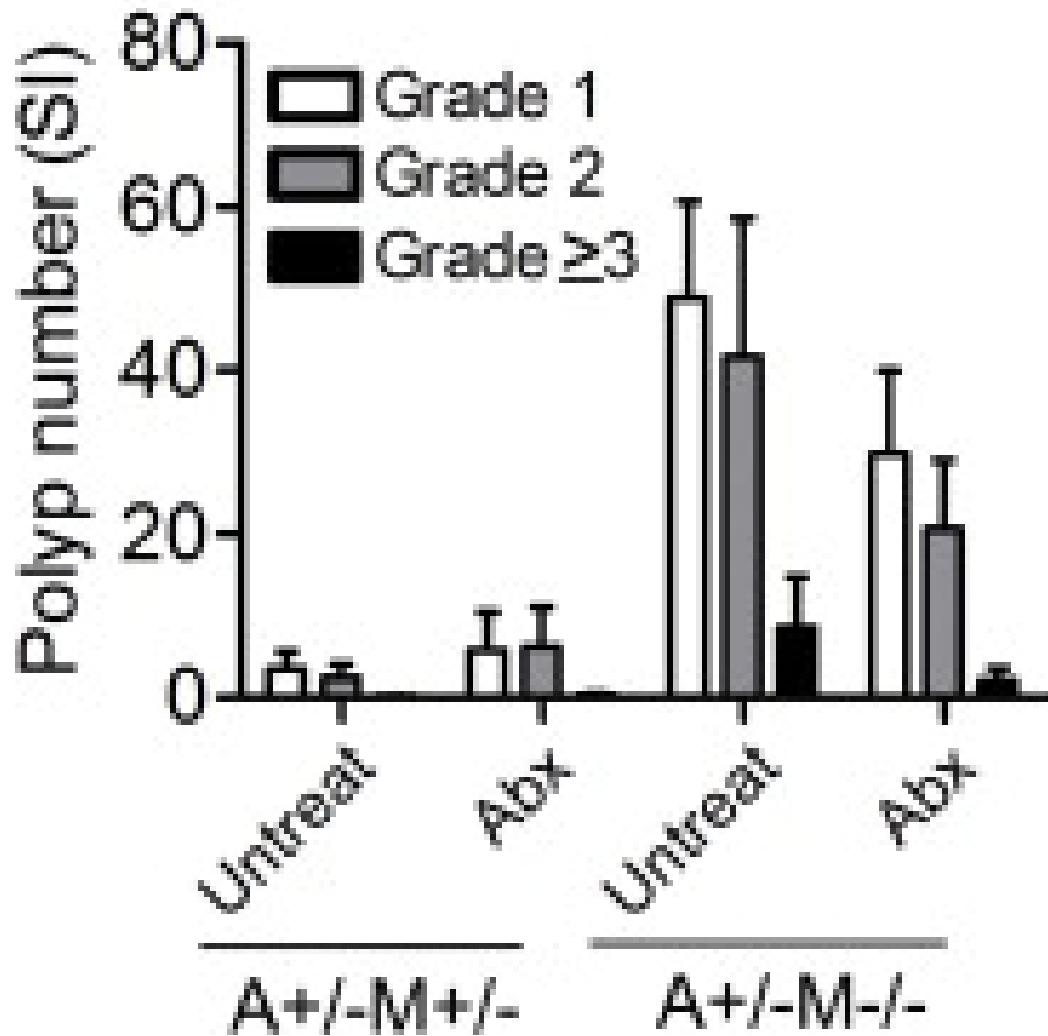
- HDAC inhibition
- Cell proliferation
- Apoptosis

Singh N et.al. **Activation of Gpr109a by the commensal metabolite butyrate, suppresses colonic inflammation and carcinogenesis.**
Immunity. 2014 , 40(1):128-39.

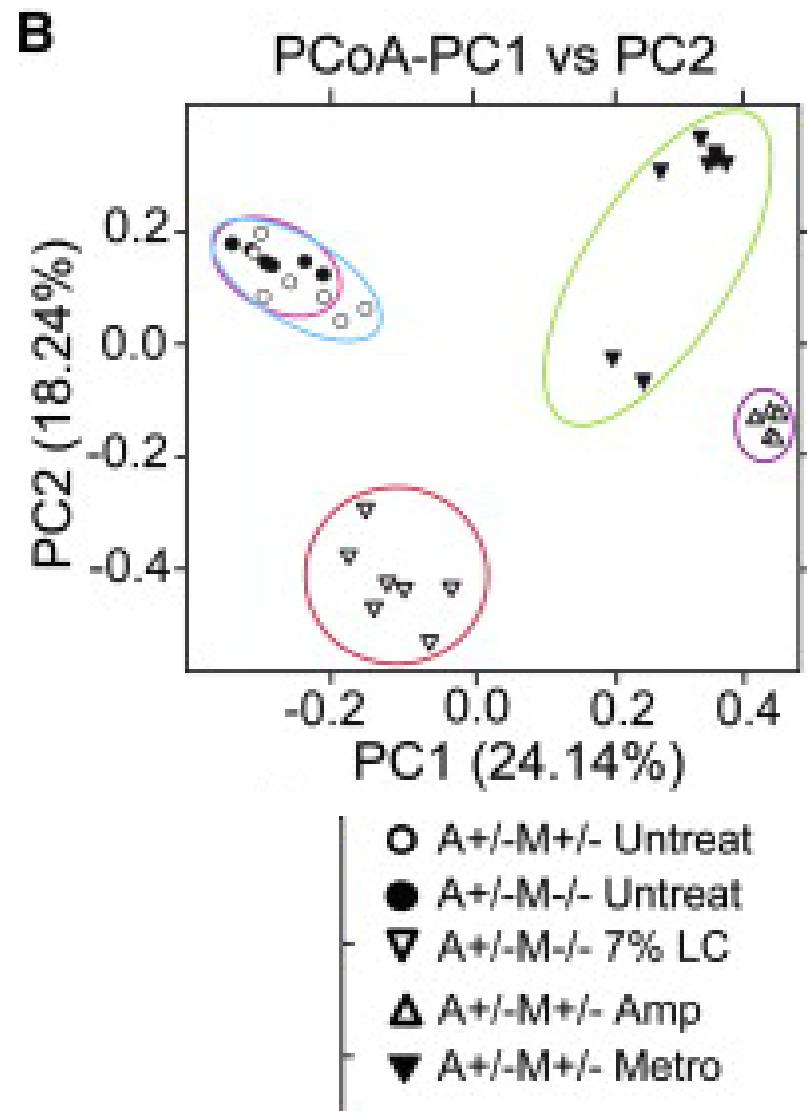
Microbial Metabolism Drives Transformation of Colon Epithelial Cells(Msh2-deficient)



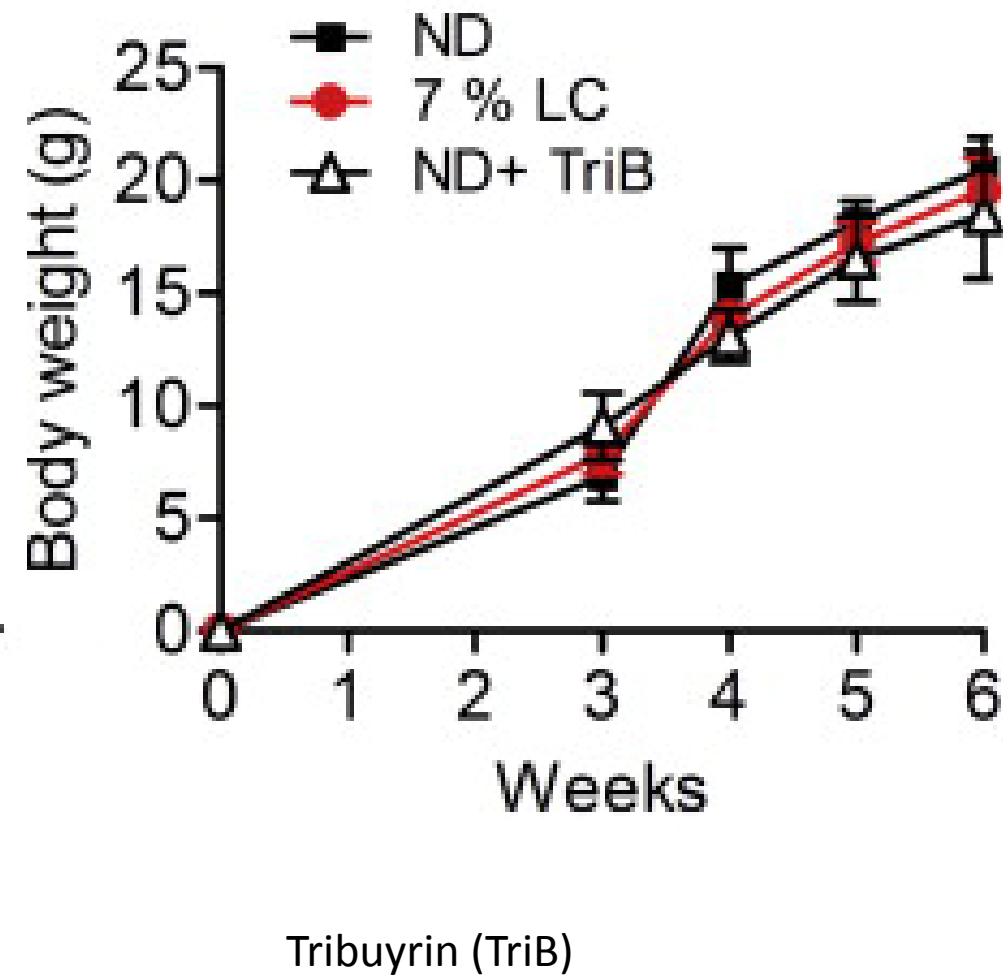
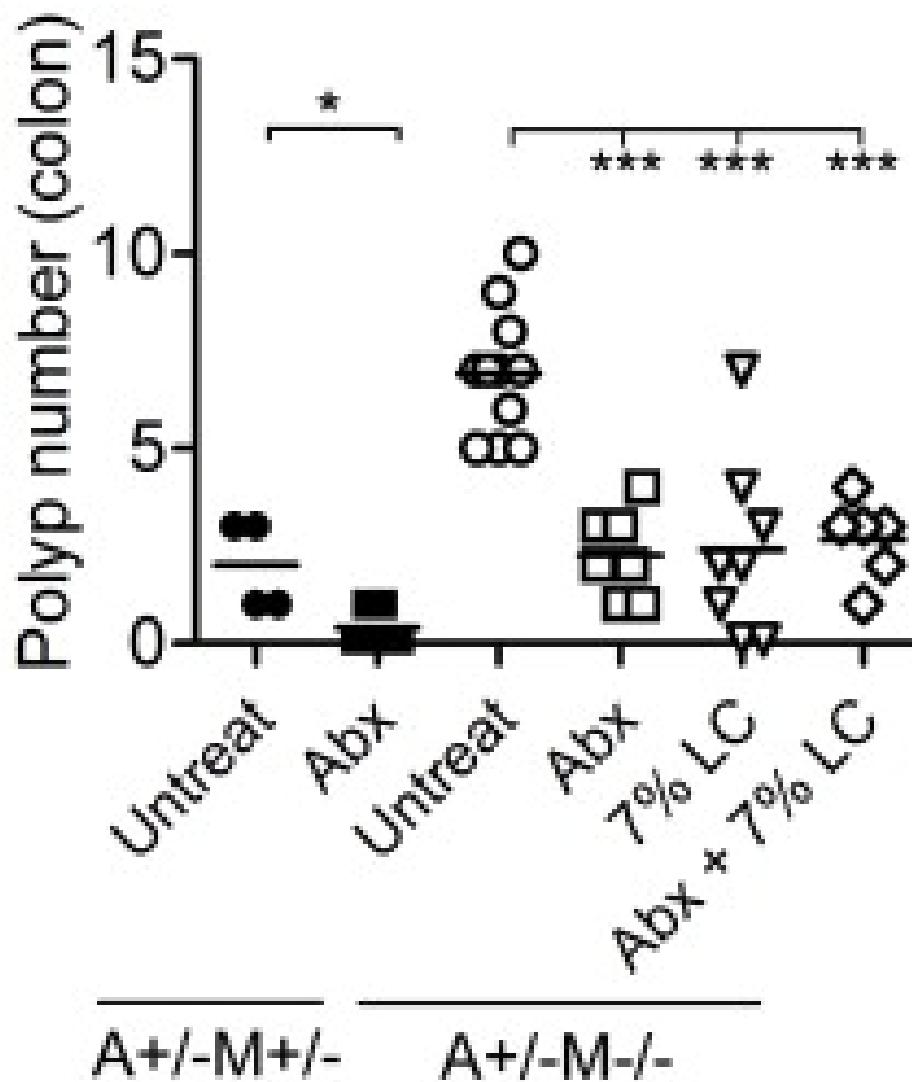
Gut microbiota induce colon cancer in MSH2-deficient mice



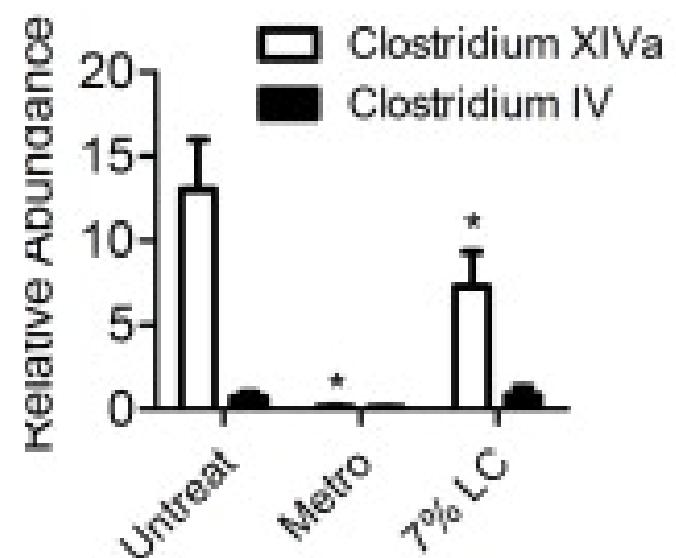
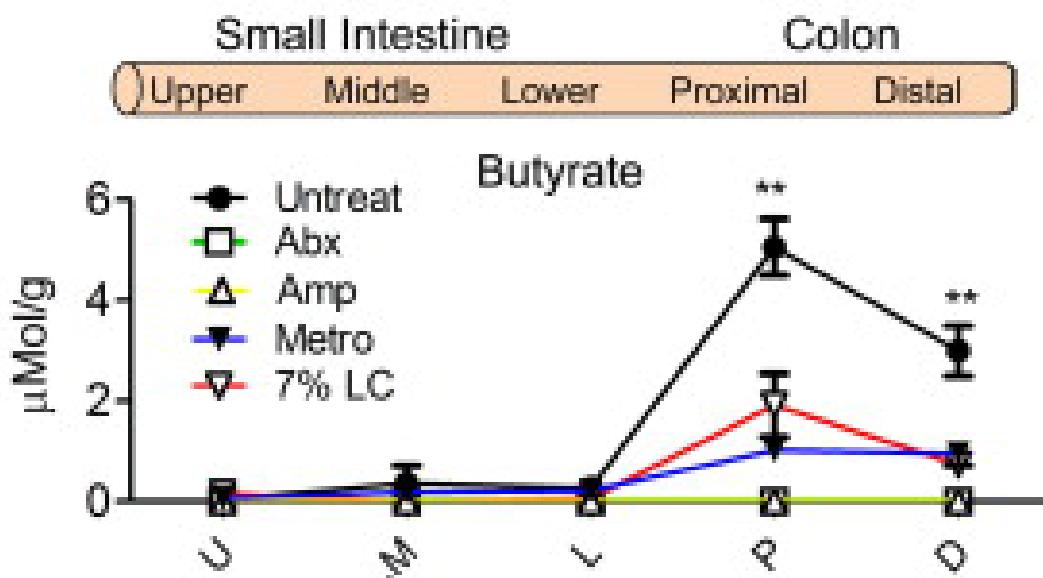
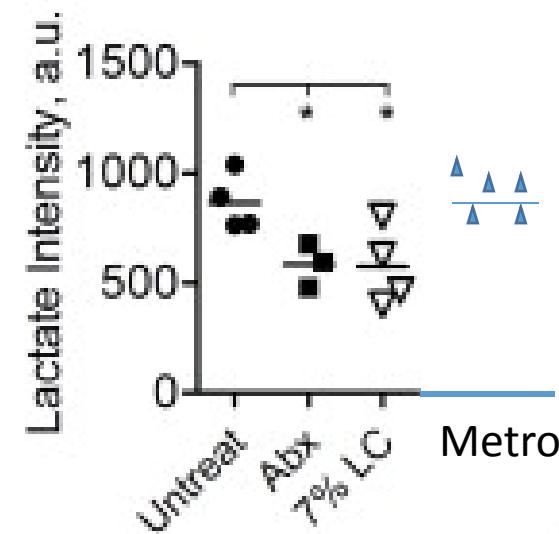
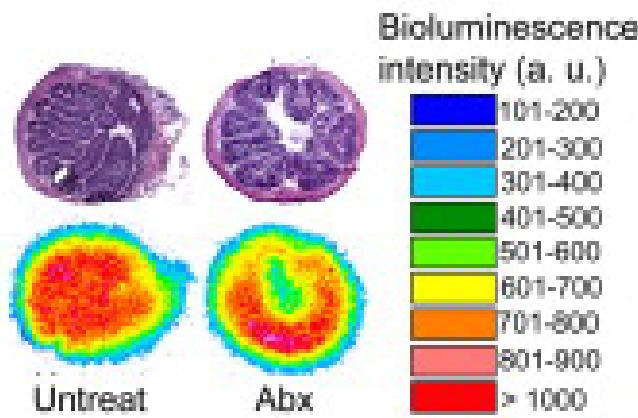
A/Adenomatous polyposis coli (APC); M/MutS homolog2 (MSH2)



Reduced dietary carbohydrates decreases polyp frequency in $APC^{Min/+}MSH2^{-/-}$ mice

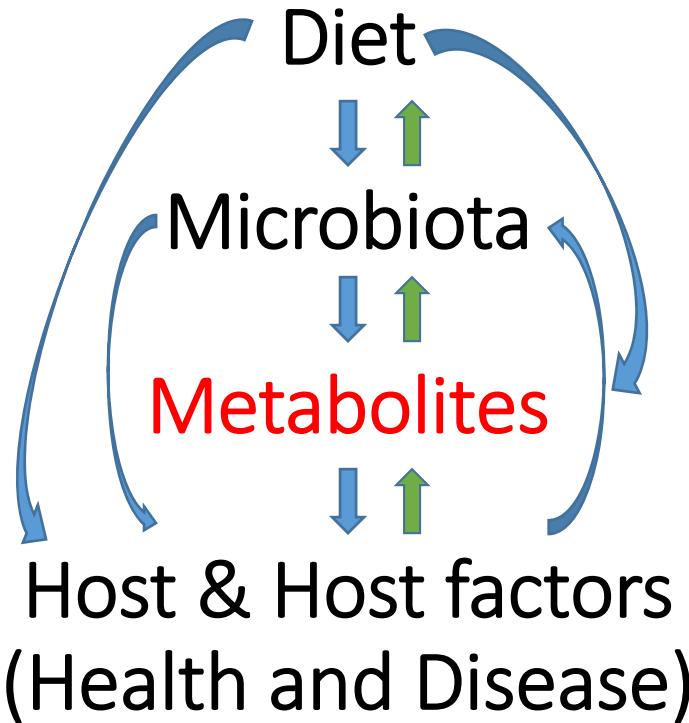


Butyrate & colon cancer in APC^{Min/+}MSH2^{-/-} mice



Complex Interactions

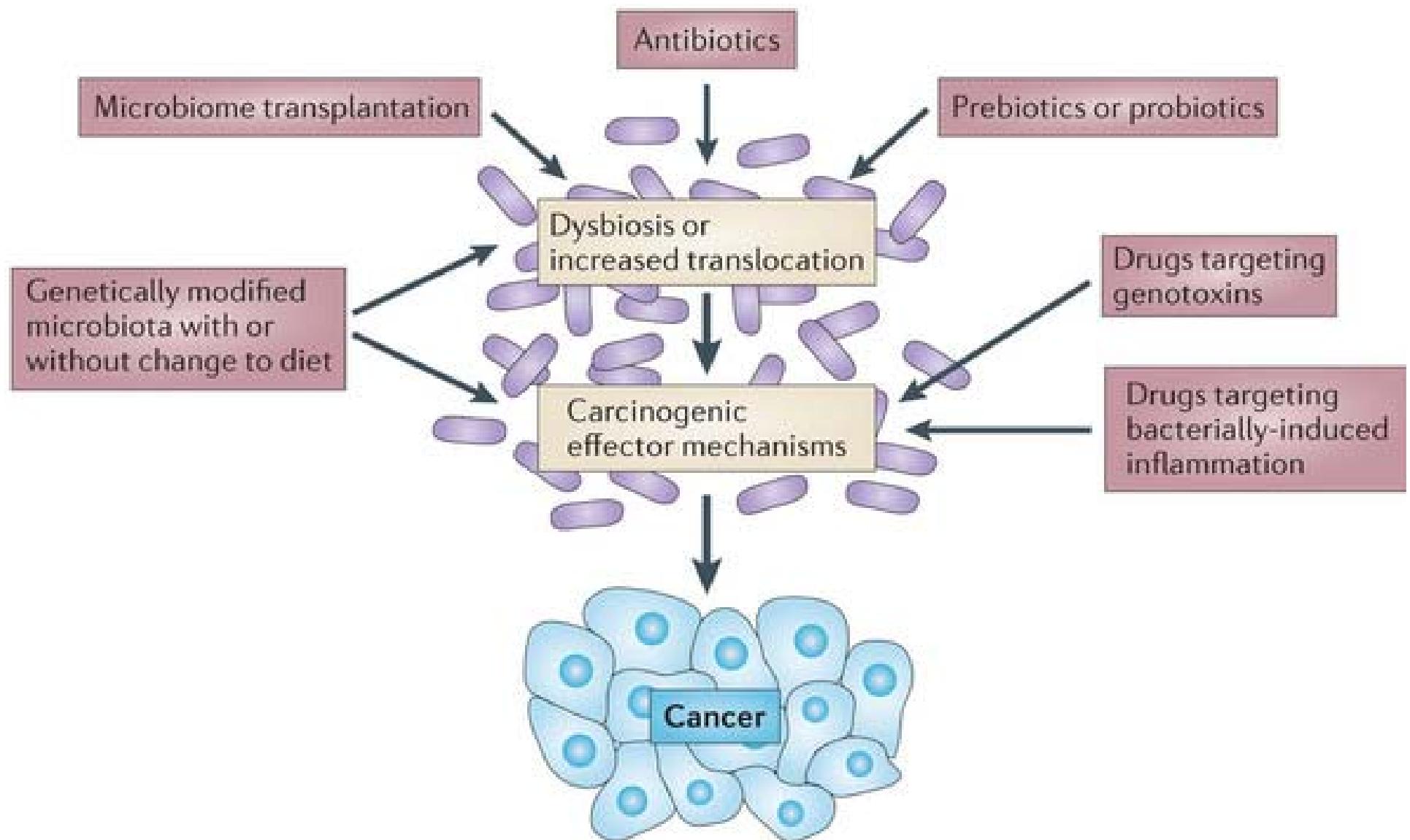
Genetic background matters!



What's next?

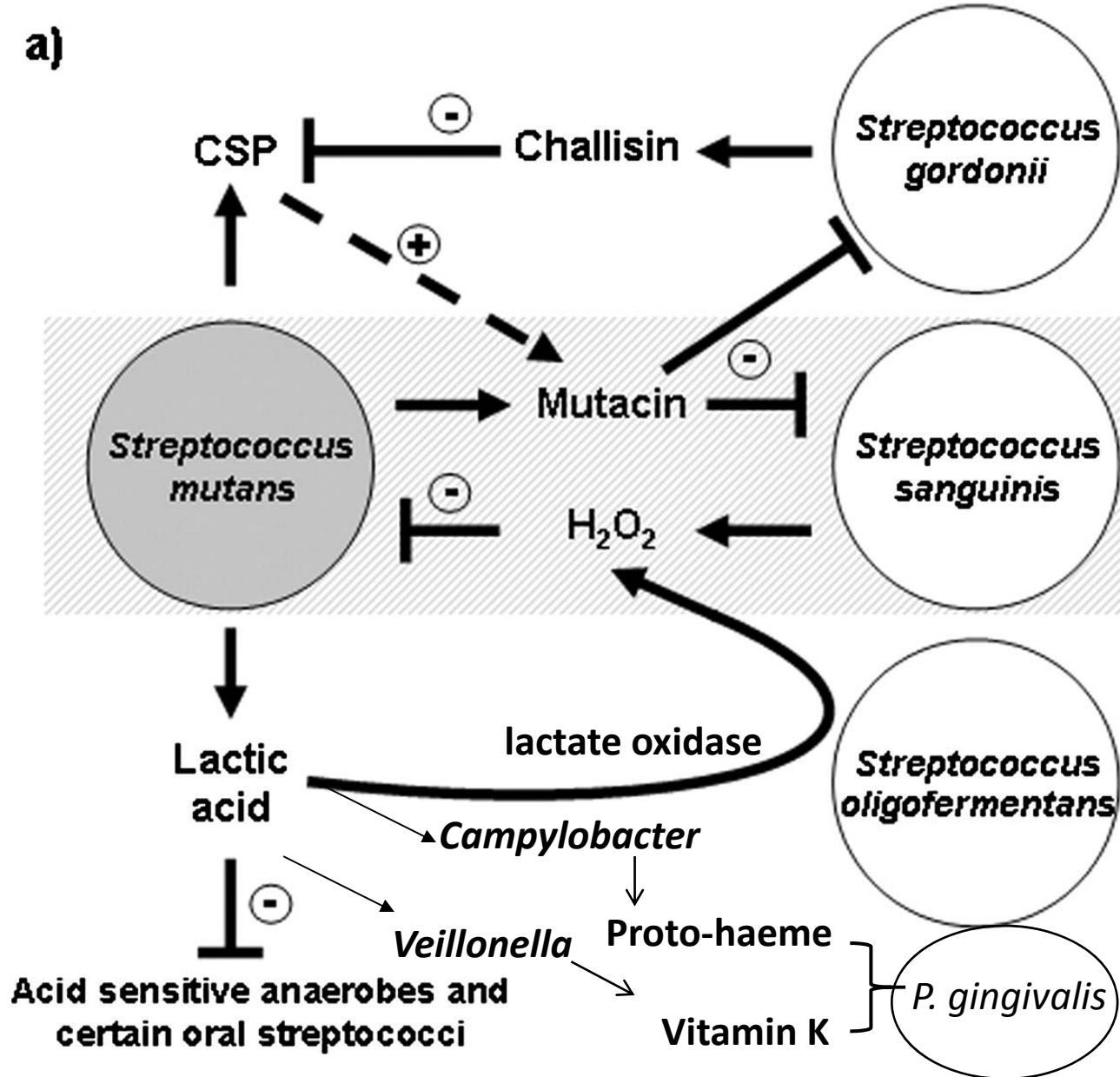
- Presence in the tumor environment
- Progression of tumor and bacterial infection
- Role in tumorigenesis via inflammation mechanisms
- Tumor diagnostics
 - Fusobacterium or other biomarkers
- Bacterial cancer therapy

Microbiome- and metabolites-targeted Therapies



Metabolites-mediated Interspecies interactions within the oral biofilm community

a)

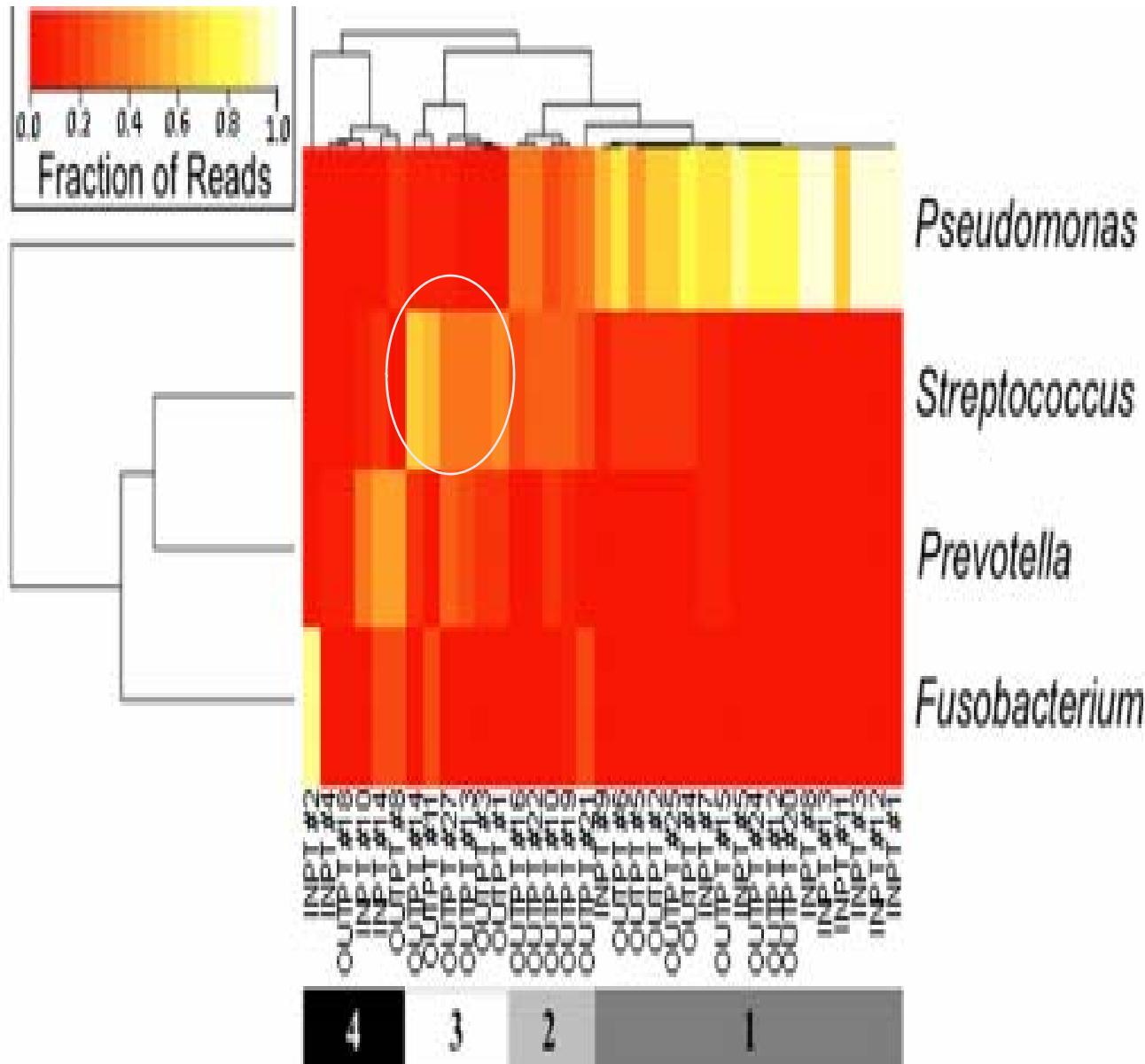


Bacteria & Cystic Fibrosis

- *Human genetic disease with a defect in chloride channel CFTR*
- Chronic Lung Infections in Cystic Fibrosis Patients
- *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*
 - Pathogen of multiple hosts (humans, plants, fungi, nematodes, and insects)
 - Leading gram-negative nosocomial pathogen (burn, wound, UTI, acute respiratory infections)
 - Genome contains over 6,000 genes that are involved in virulence, antibiotic resistance, nutrient acquisition, stress tolerance.



Oral Streptococci & Improved Lung Function



What is the mechanism that oral streptococci use to improve lung function?

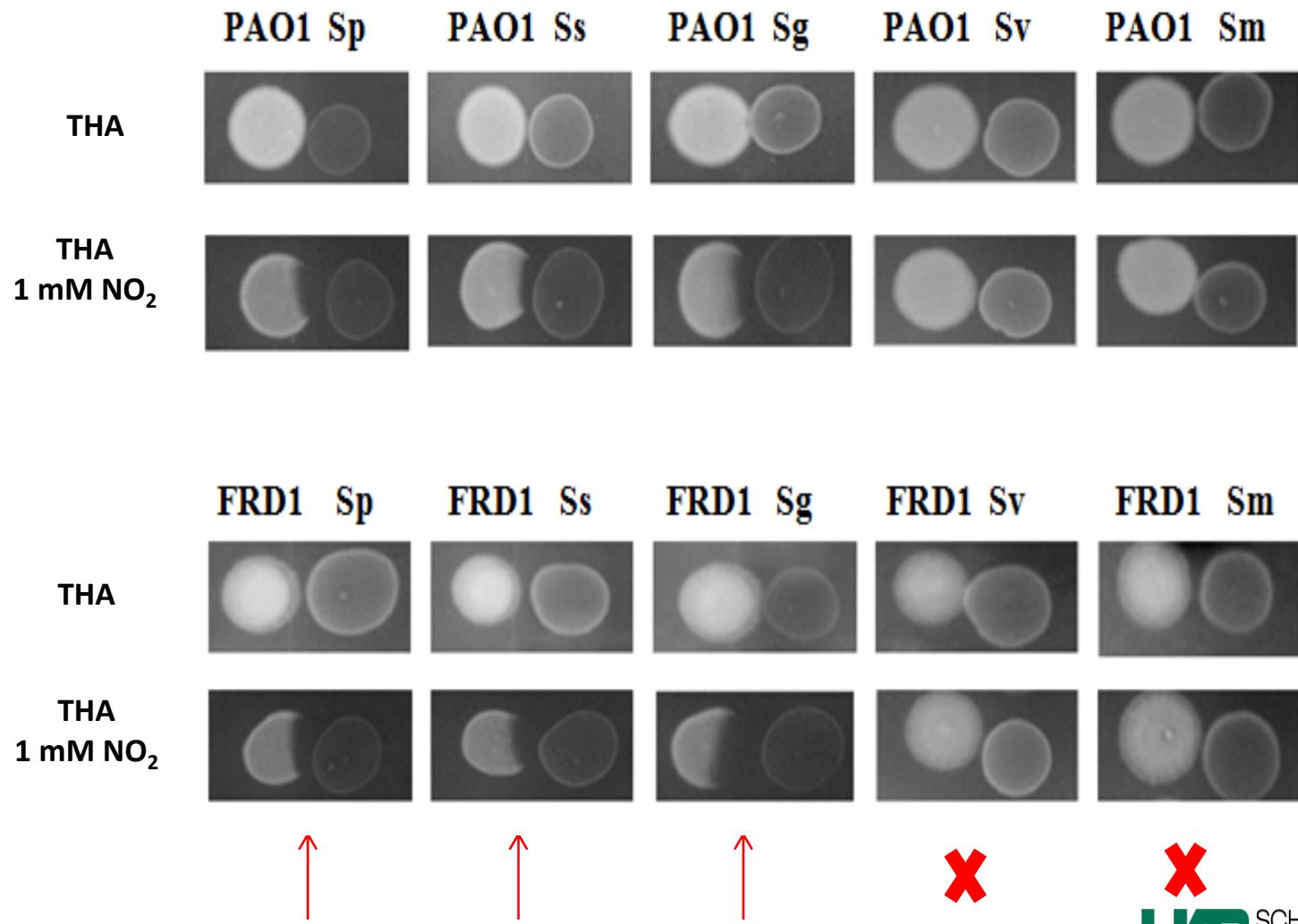
Do oral streptococci inhibit *P. aeruginosa*?

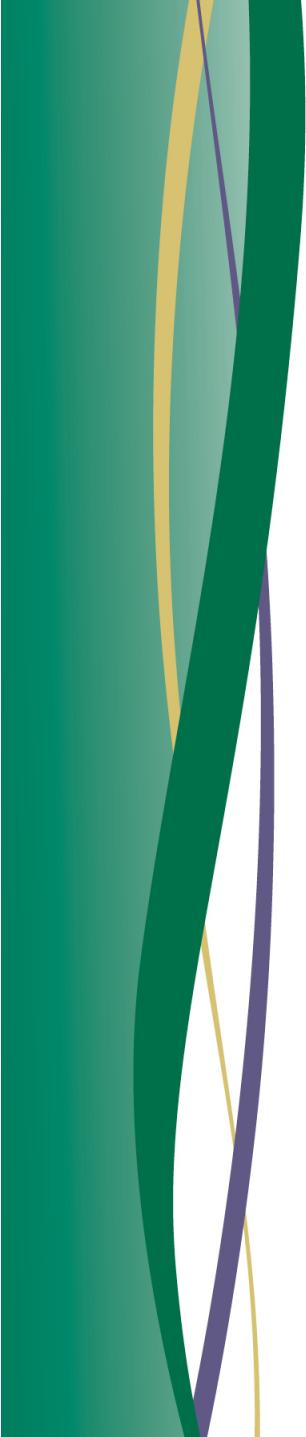
Approach

- Assess commensal and pathogenic oral streptococci for their ability to inhibit *P. aeruginosa*
- Commensal Streptococci: *S. parasanguinis* FW213, *S. sanguinis*, *S. gordonii*, and *S. salivarius*
- Pathogenic Streptococcus: *S. mutans*
- ***P. aeruginosa***: PAO1 (acute) and FRD1 (chronic CF strain)



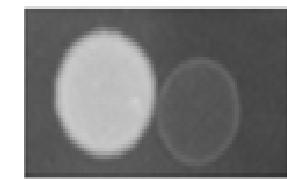
Streptococci Inhibit *P. aeruginosa*



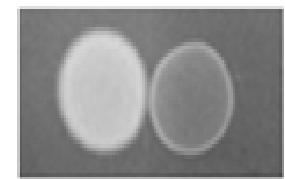


What's in common among inhibitory streptococci ?

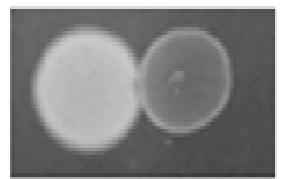
PAO1 Sp



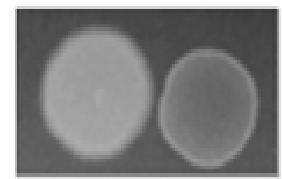
PAO1 Ss



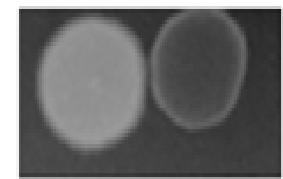
PAO1 Sg



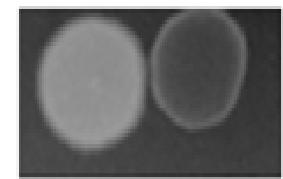
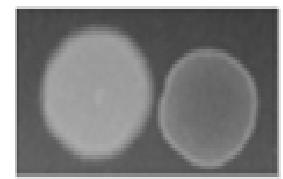
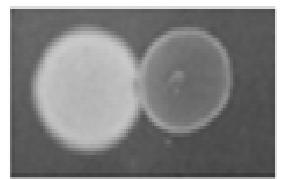
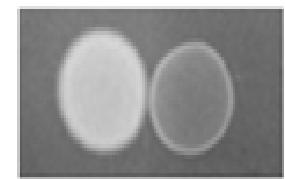
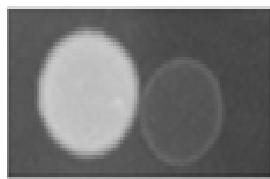
PAO1 Sv



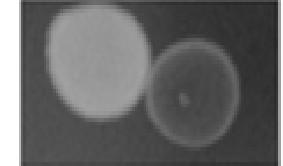
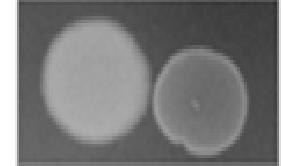
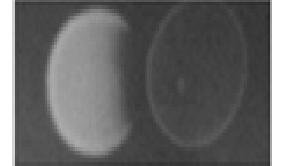
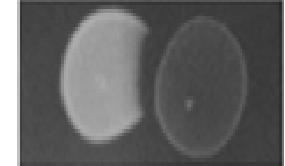
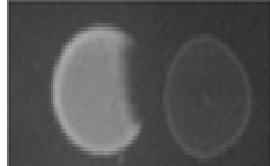
PAO1 Sm



THA



THA
1 mM
NO₂



S. parasanguinis

S. gordonii

S. salivarius

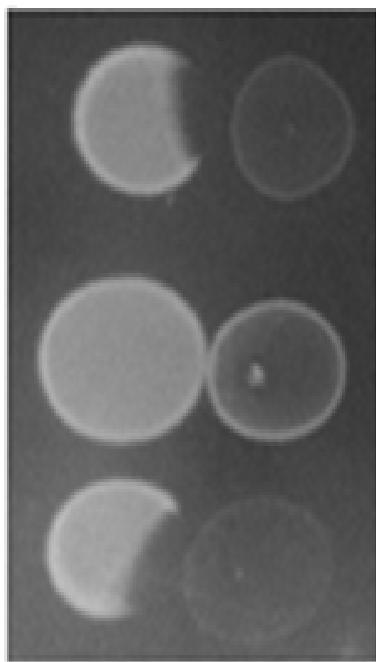
S. mutans

+H₂O₂

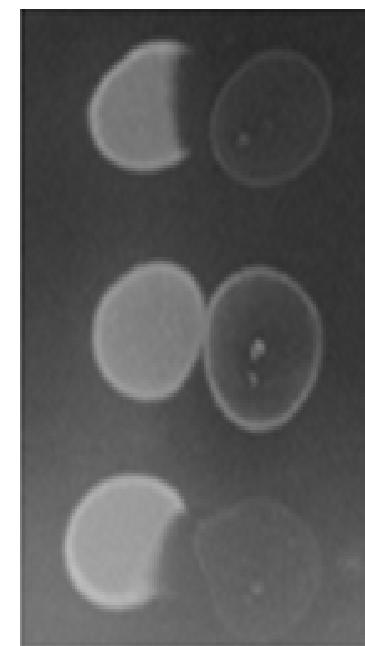
-H₂O₂

Hydrogen Peroxide is Required for Killing

PAO1 Sp



FRD1 Sp



Sp

Sp Δ poxL

Sp Δ poxLC

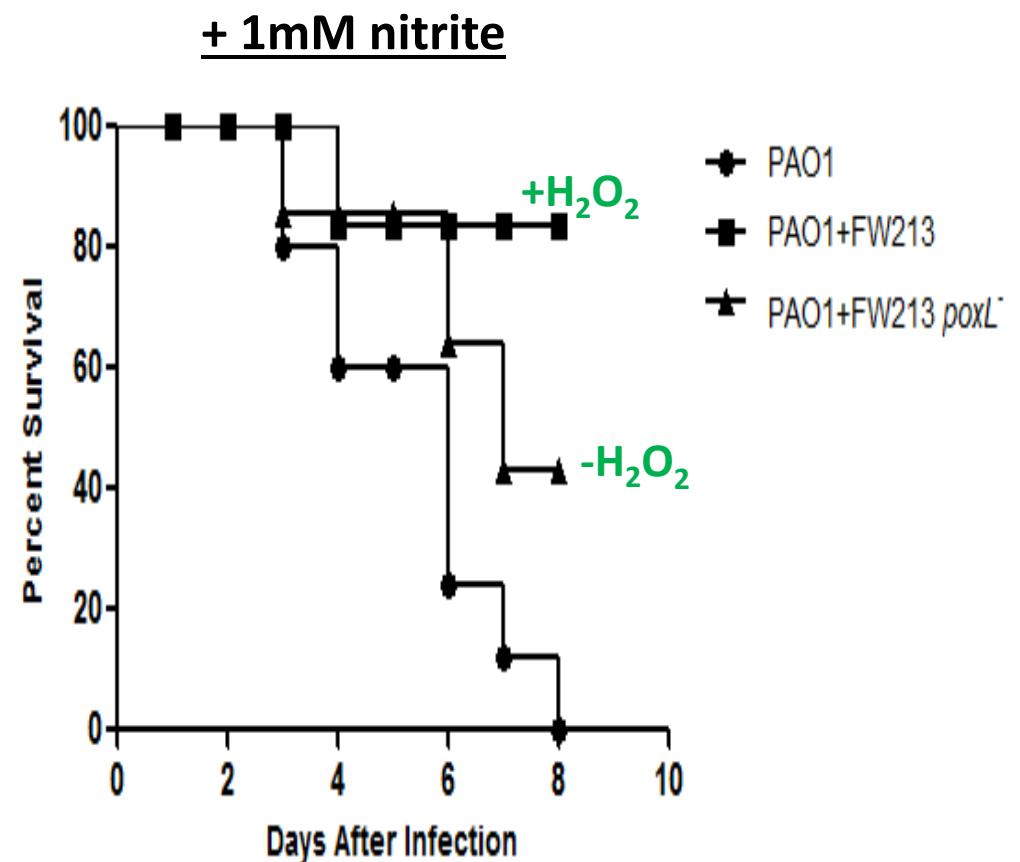
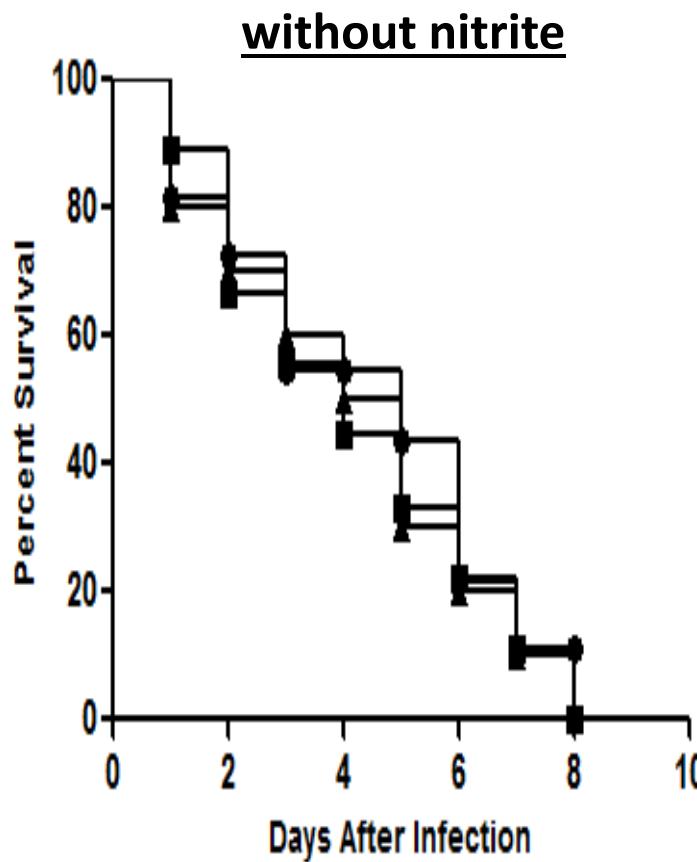
Sp

Sp Δ poxL

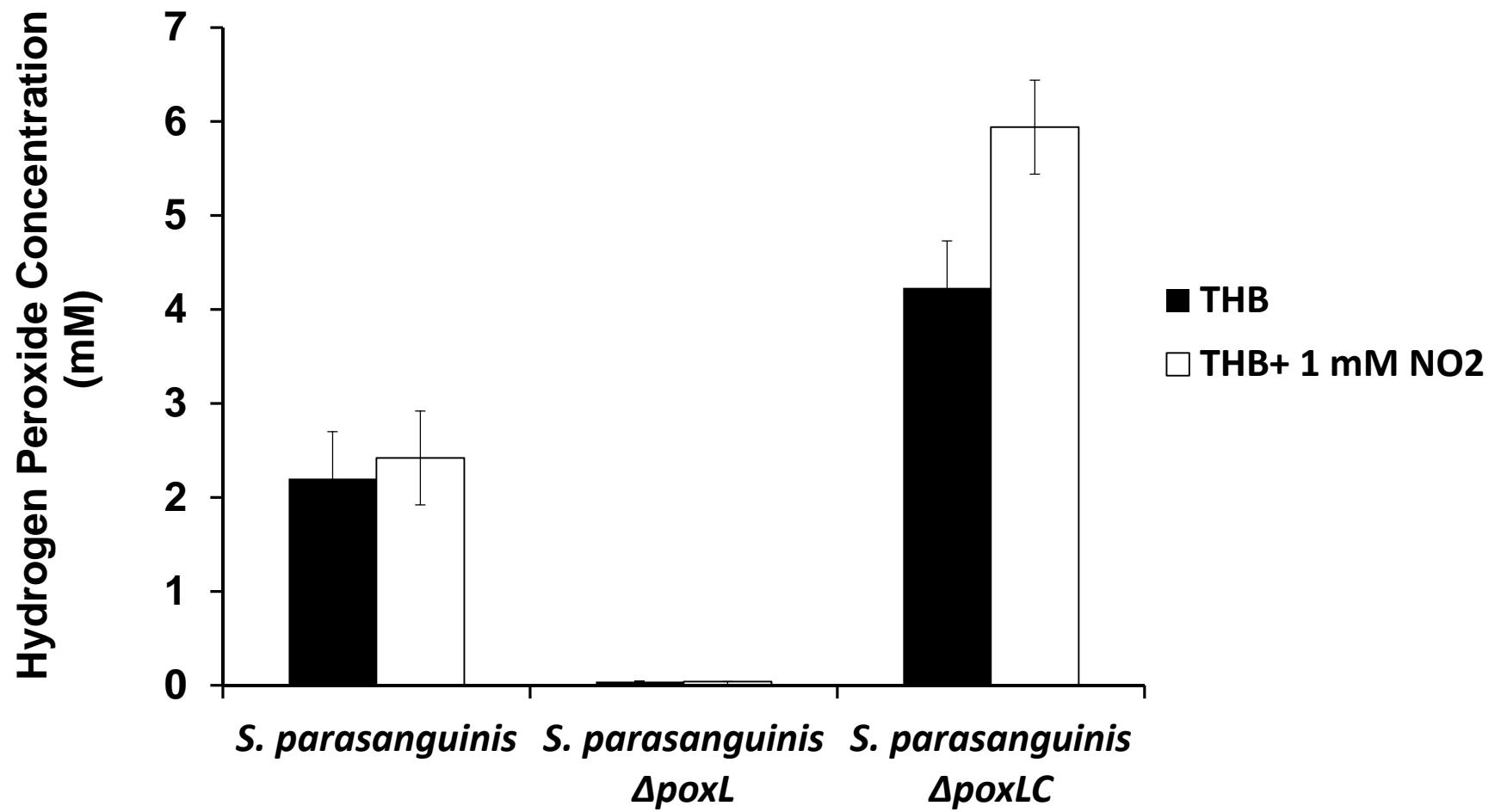
Sp Δ poxLC

POXL Pyruvate oxidase responsible for production of H₂O₂

S. paransanguinis Protects Flies from Killing by *P. aeruginosa*

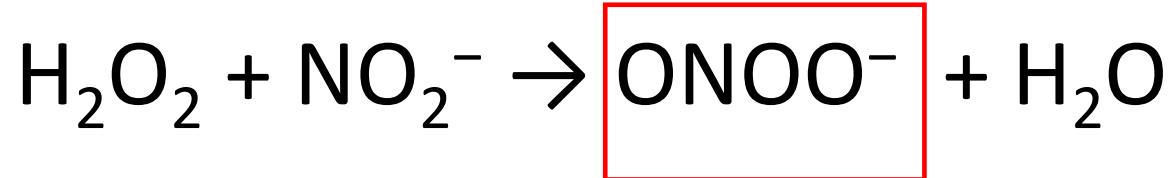


Nitrite does not Enhance Production of H₂O₂



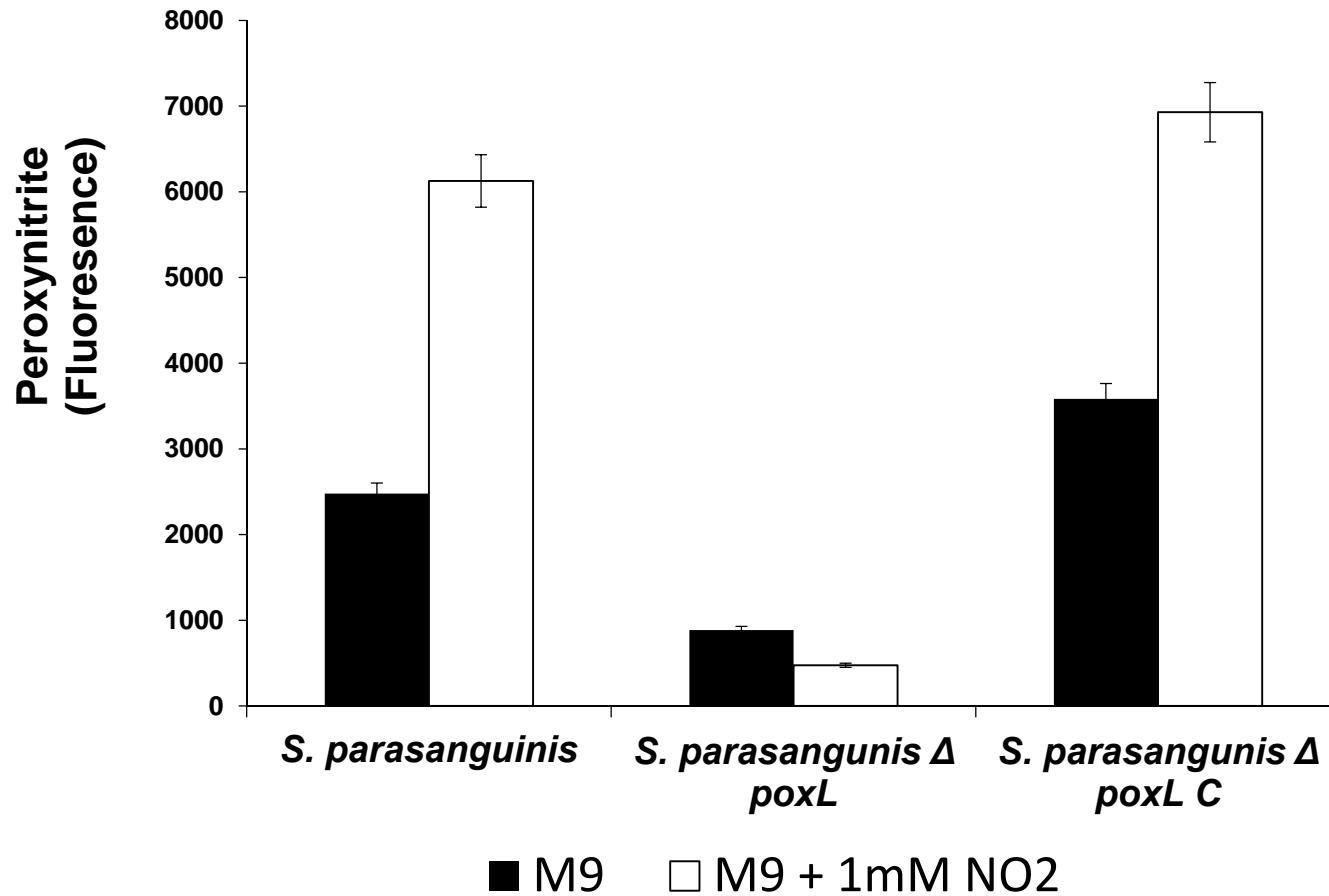


Mechanism of Inhibition

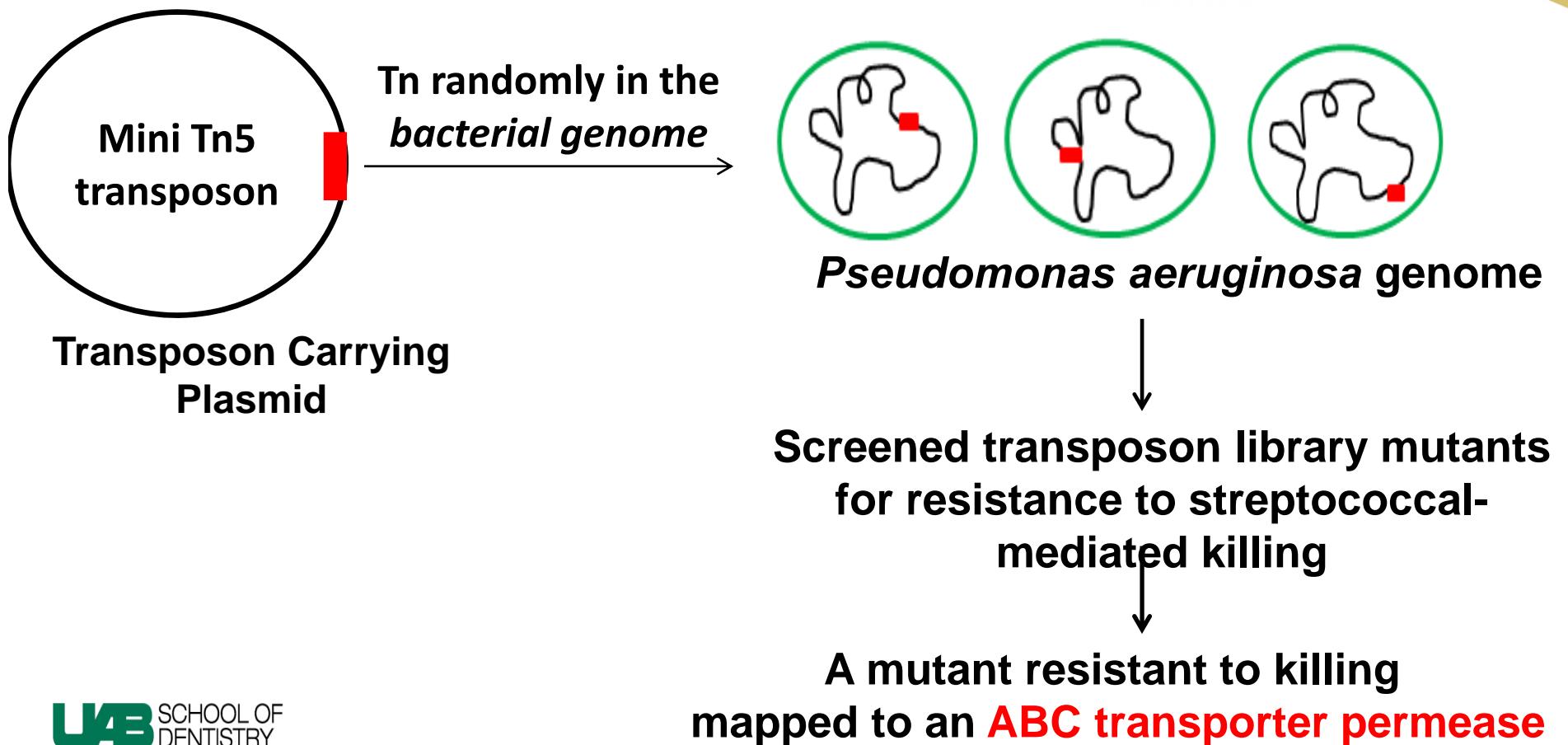


H₂O₂ and NO₂⁻ are precursors for the production of peroxynitrite

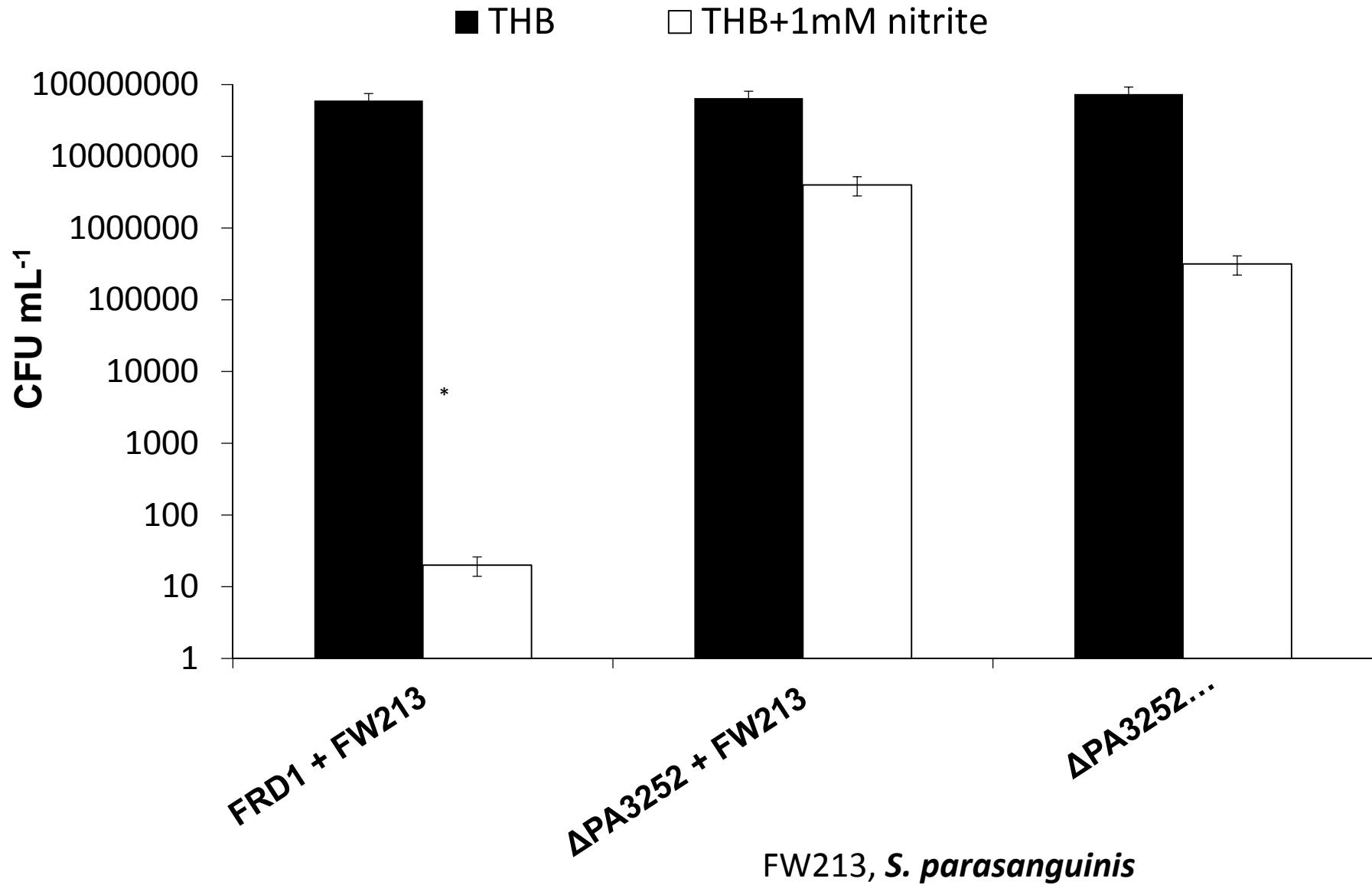
Nitrite Promotes the Generation of Peroxynitrite



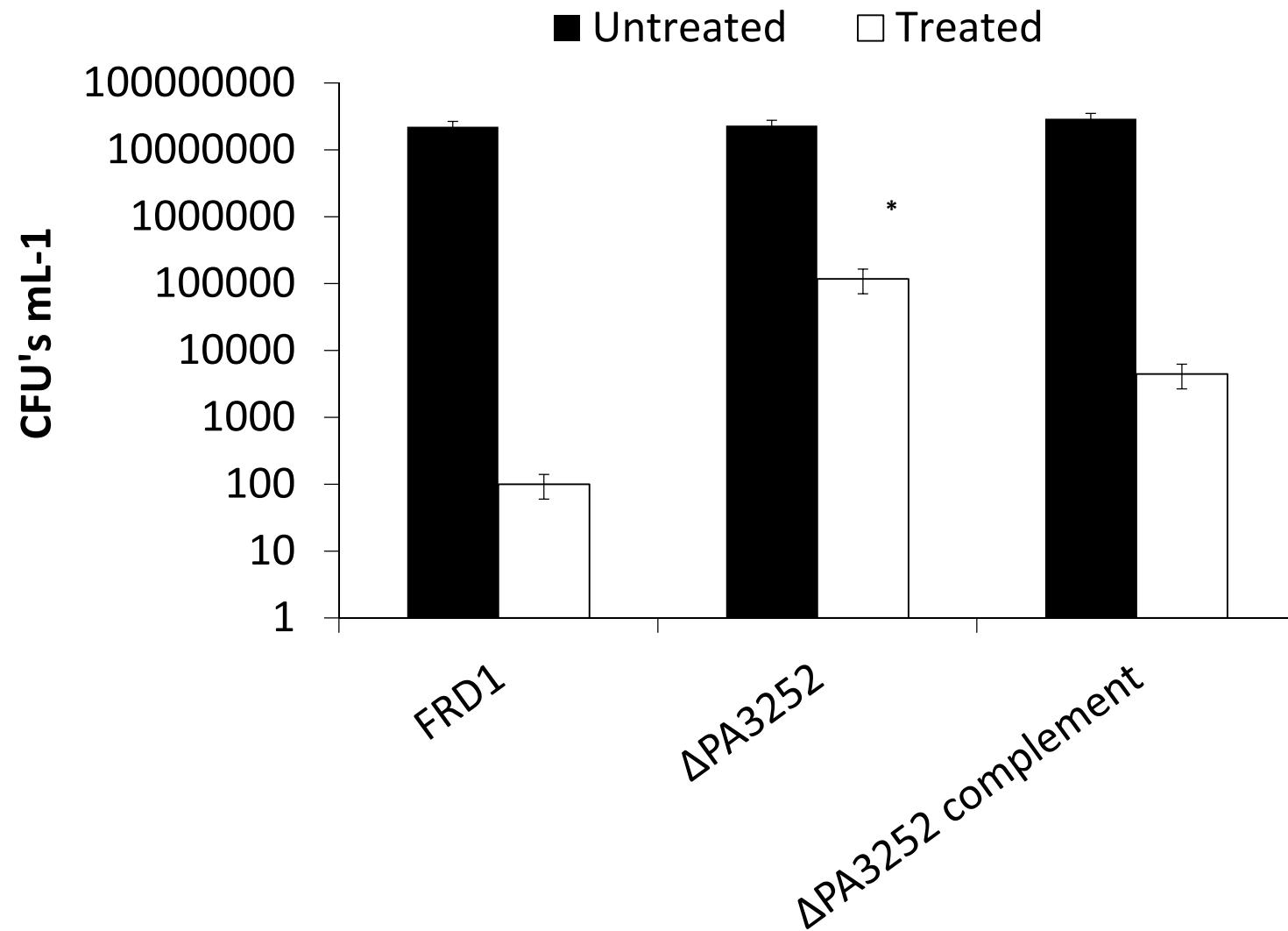
Resistance to Streptococcus-mediated Killing



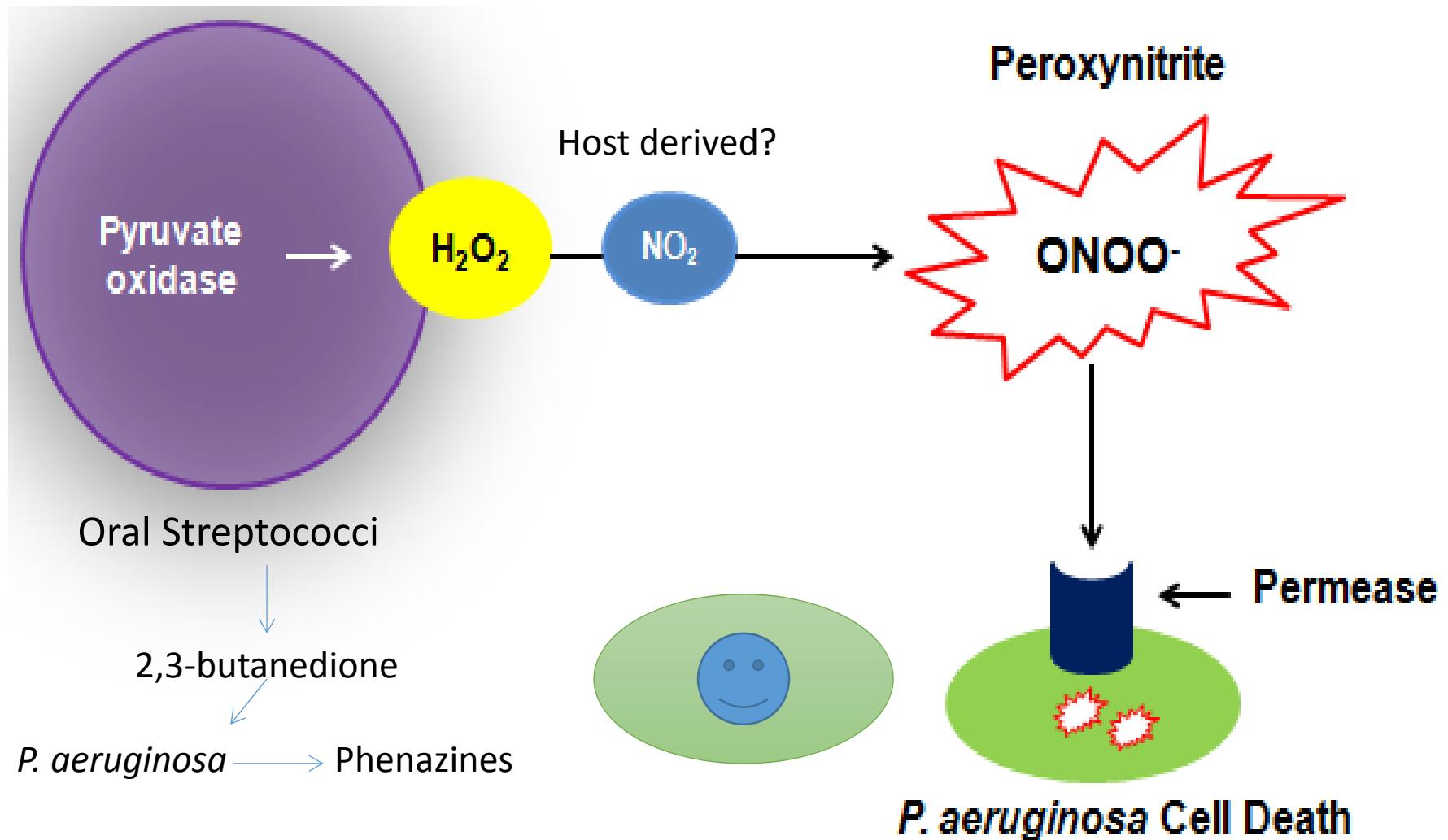
An ABC Transporter Deficiency Confers *P. aeruginosa* Resistance to killing



The ABC Transporter Mutant also Possesses Peroxynitrite Resistance



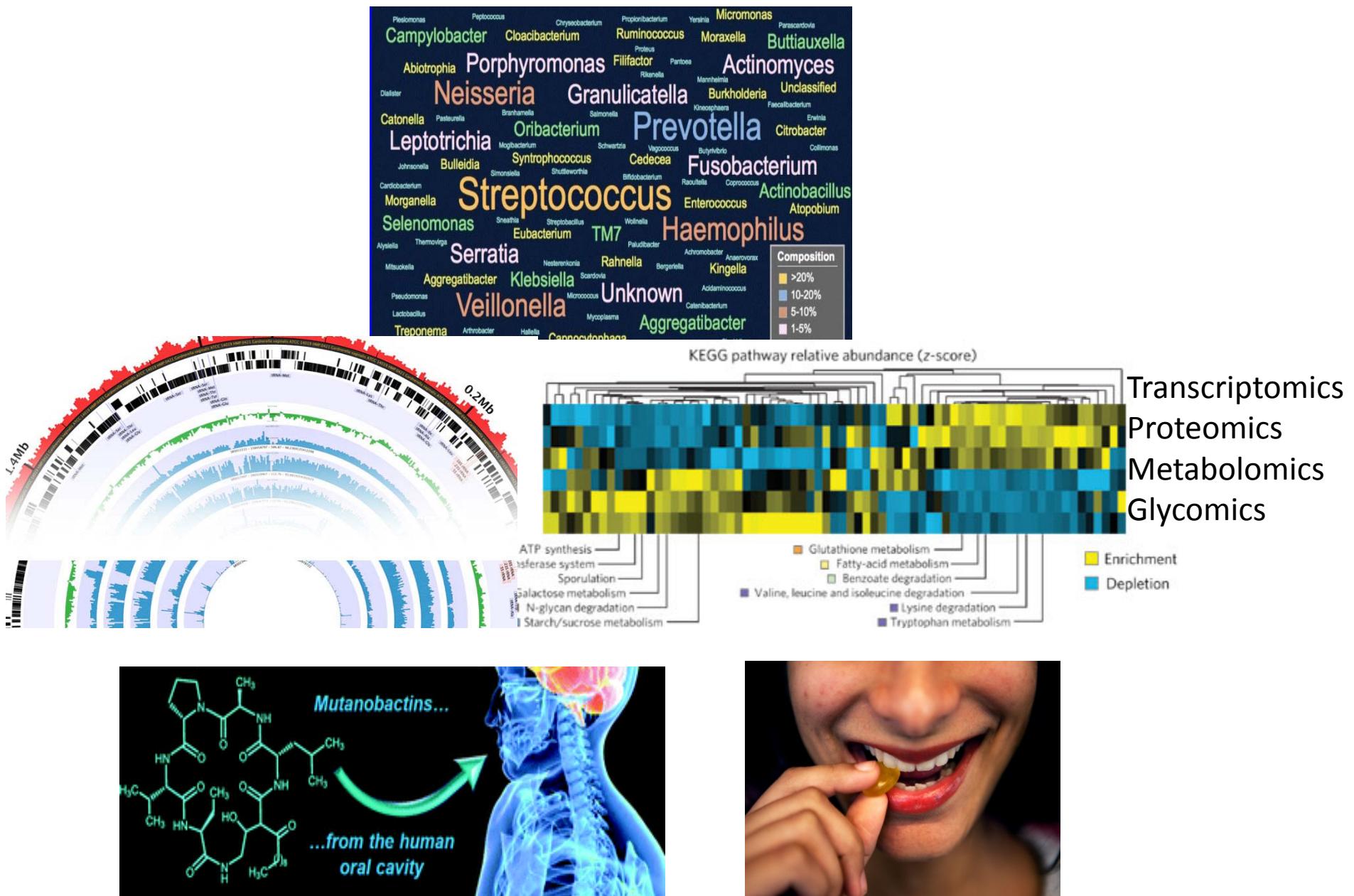
Working Model of *S. parasanguinis* mediated killing and more



Sharon et. al., Cell Metabolism, 2014, Nov.4

Jessica and Wu, Infect Immun, 2015, Jan.

Microbiome & metabolites.....



Microbes rule the world



Cocoa powder(polyphenols
and Fibers)

Smaller molecules
short fatty chain acids

2014 American Chemical Society meeting



Thank you!