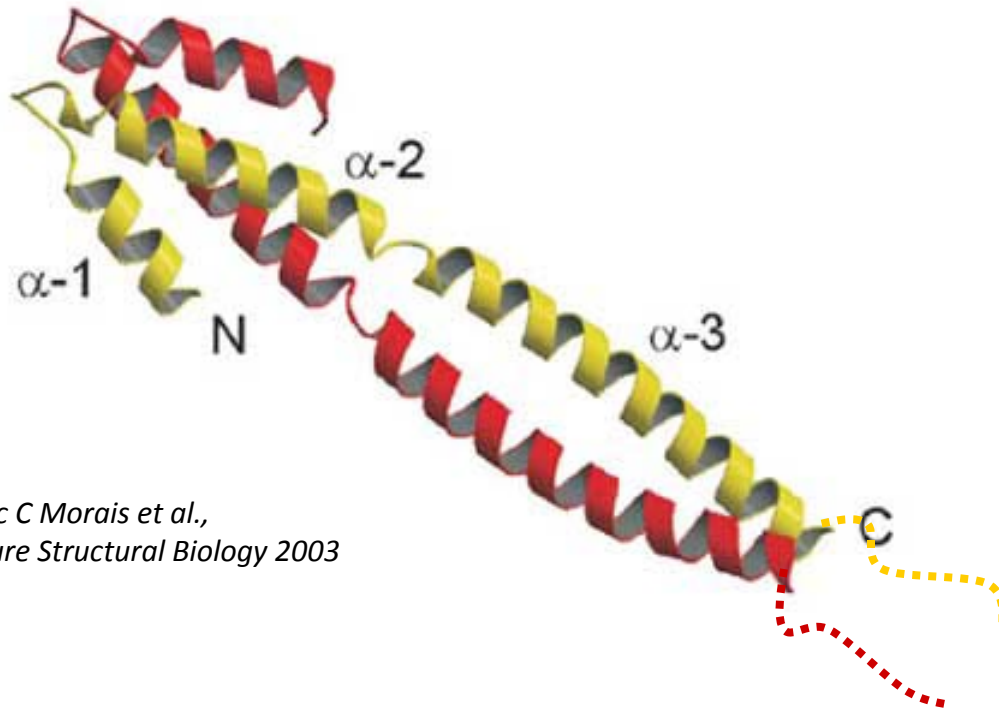
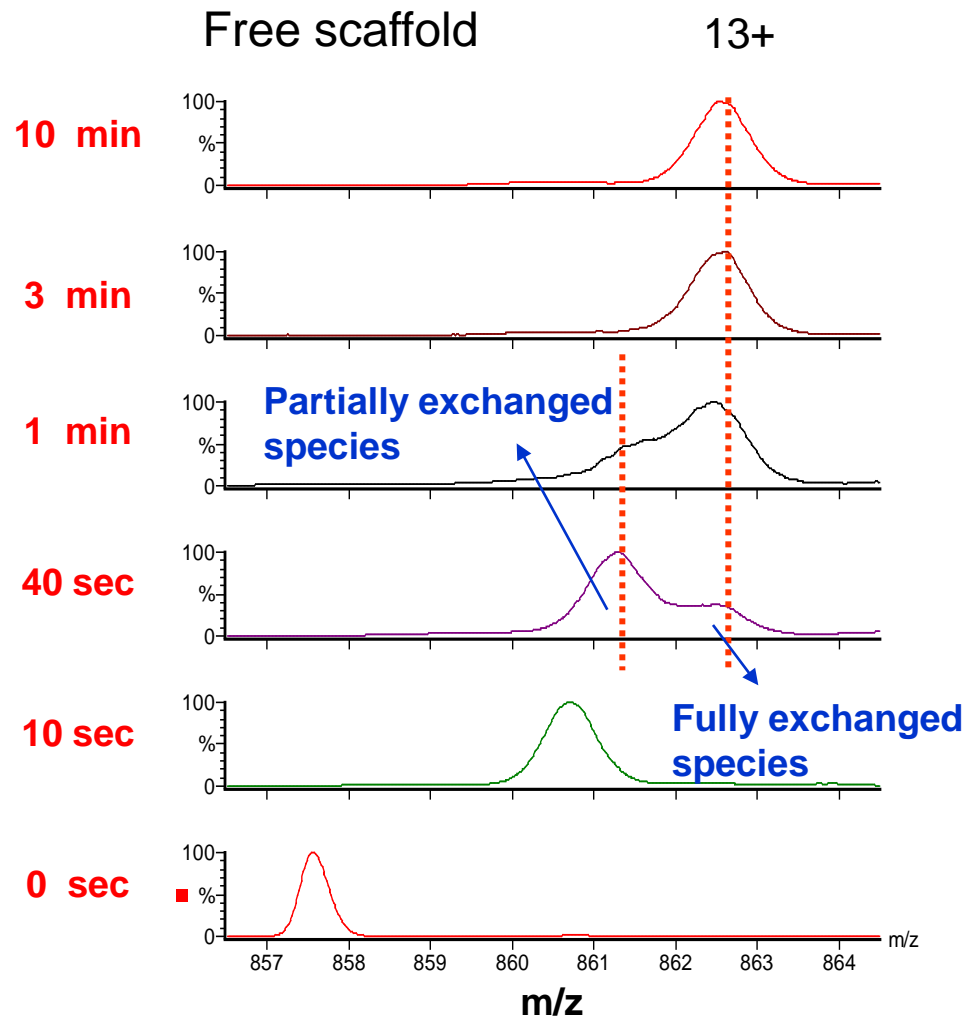


Phi29 Scaffold Has a Helix-Loop-Helix Motif and a Disordered Tail



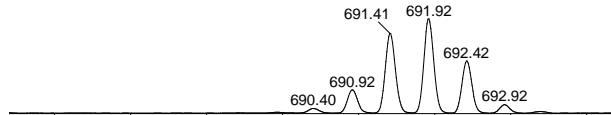
Marc C Morais et al.,
Nature Structural Biology 2003



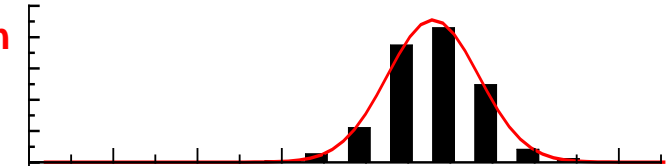
The Bimodality Maps to N-terminal Helix-Loop-Helix

R 20-31

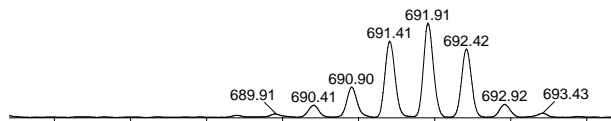
45 min



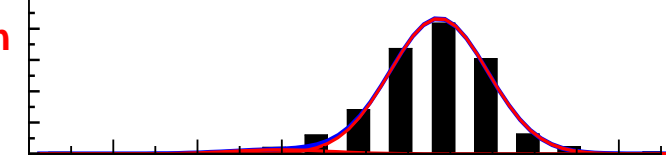
45 min



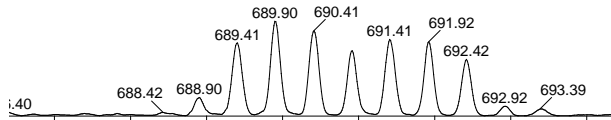
3.2min



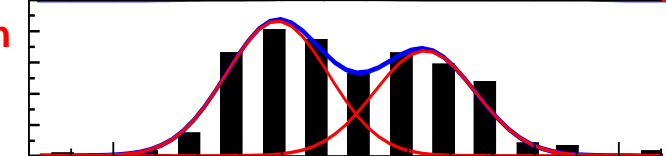
3.2min



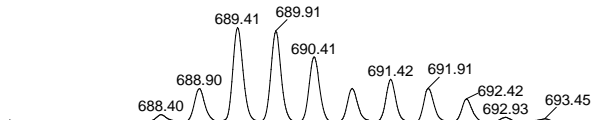
1.2min



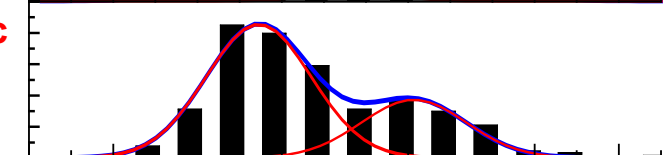
1.2min



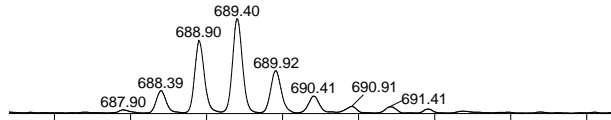
40 sec



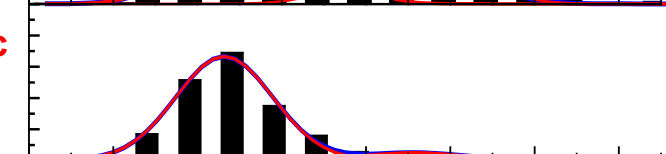
40 sec



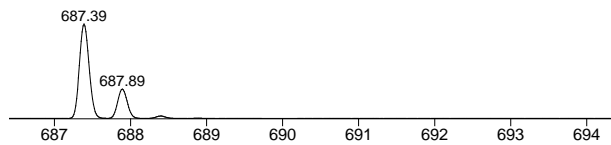
20 sec



20 sec



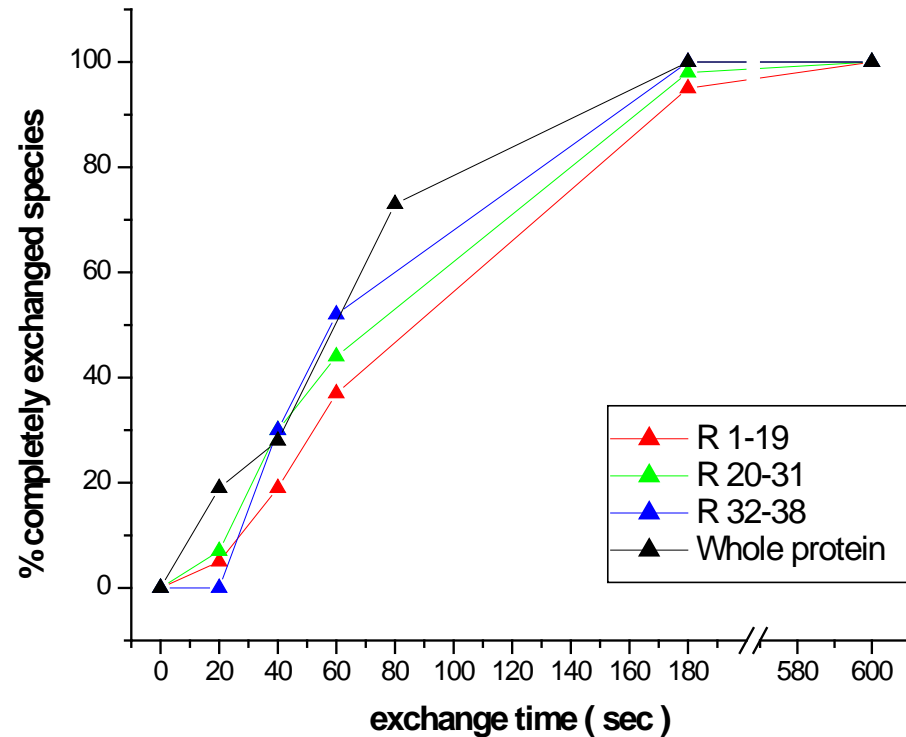
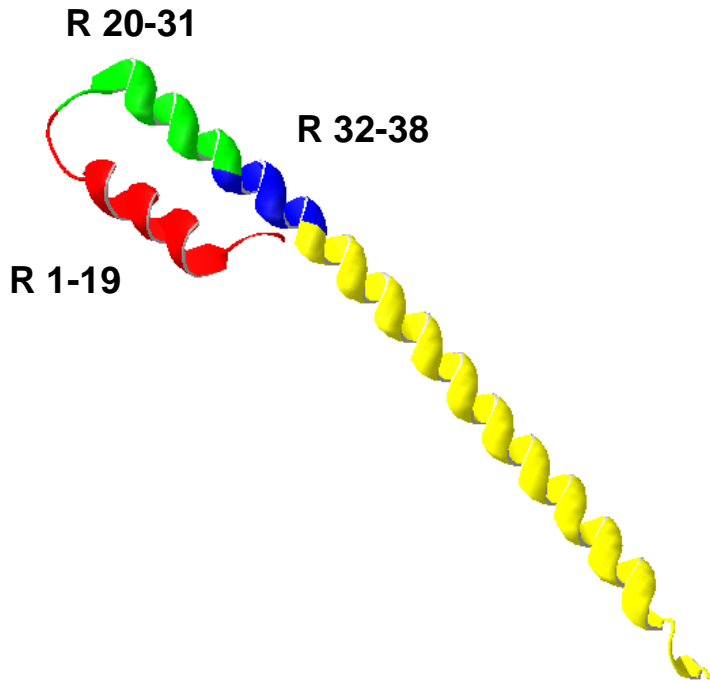
0 sec



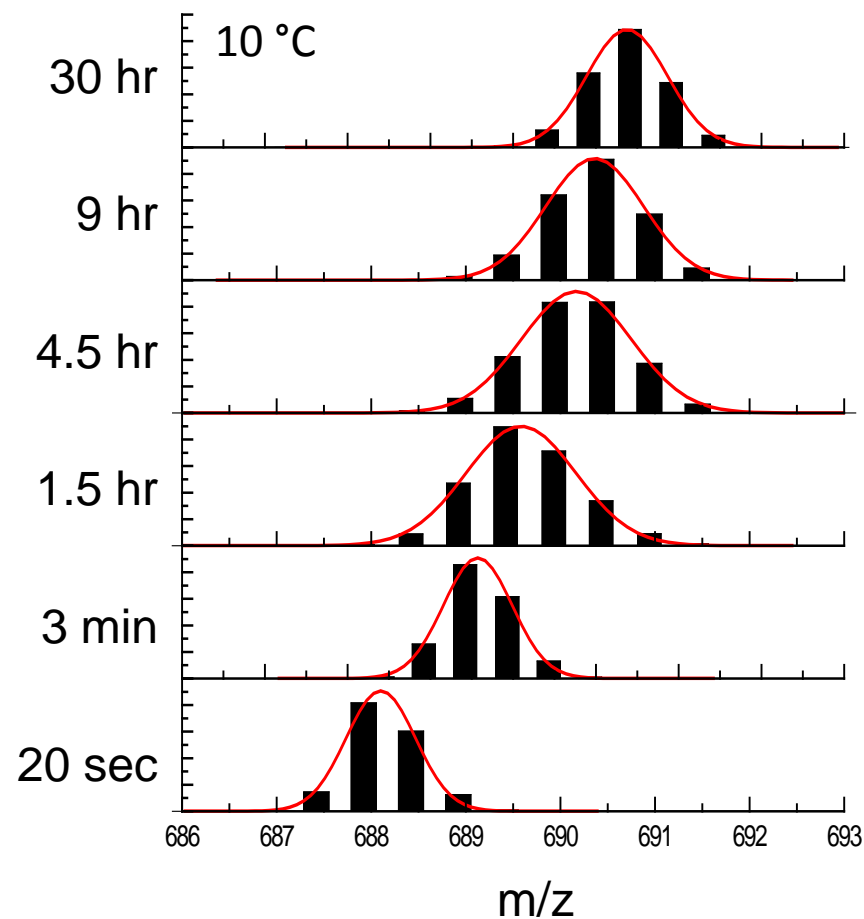
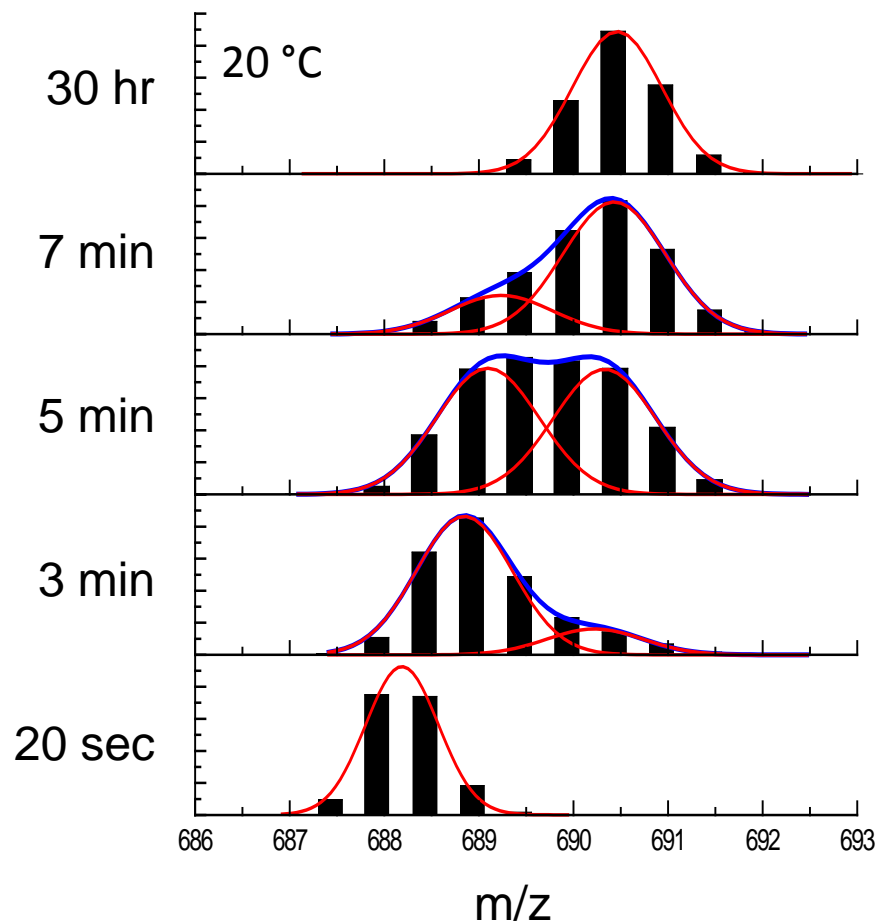
m/z

m/z

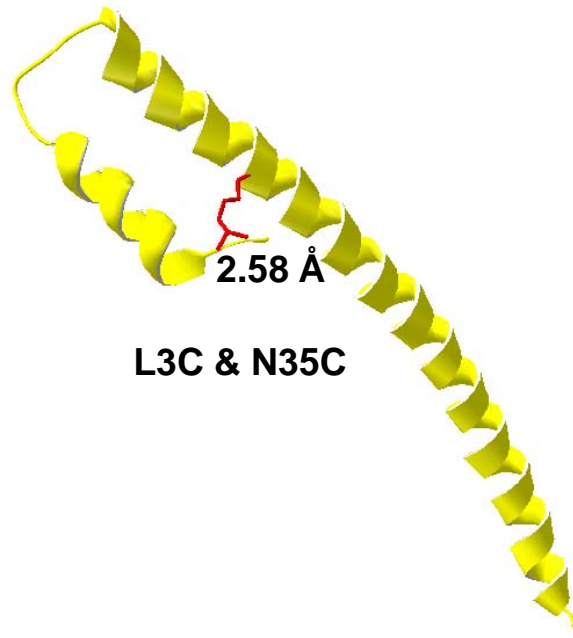
Peptides Derived from H-L-H Region Have Similar Opening Kinetics



The Cooperative Motions can Be “Frozen” by Lowering the Temperature



Does Bimodality Originate from Opening of the Interface between Helices 1 & 2 ?

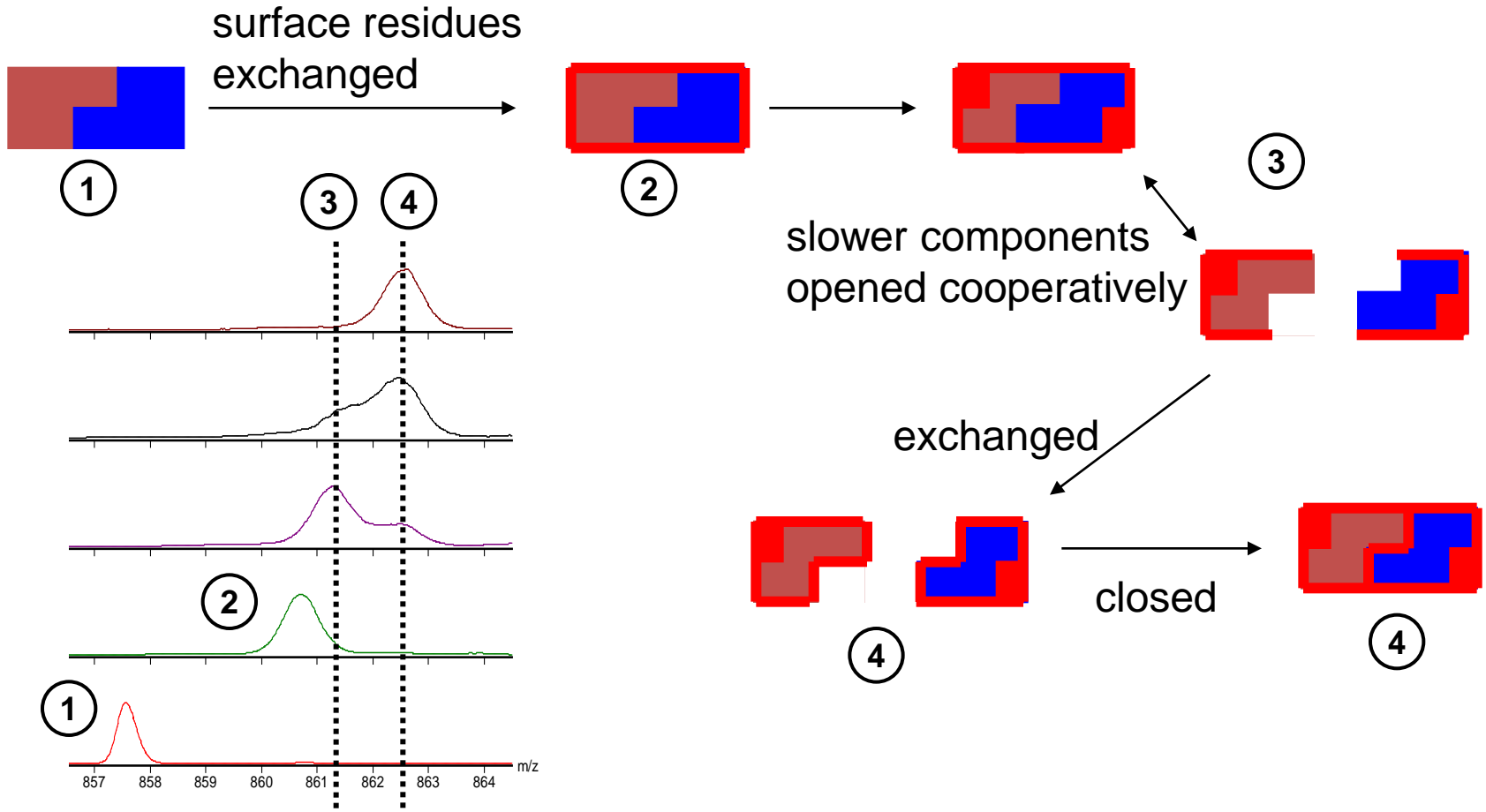


L3C & N35C

Tethered Form

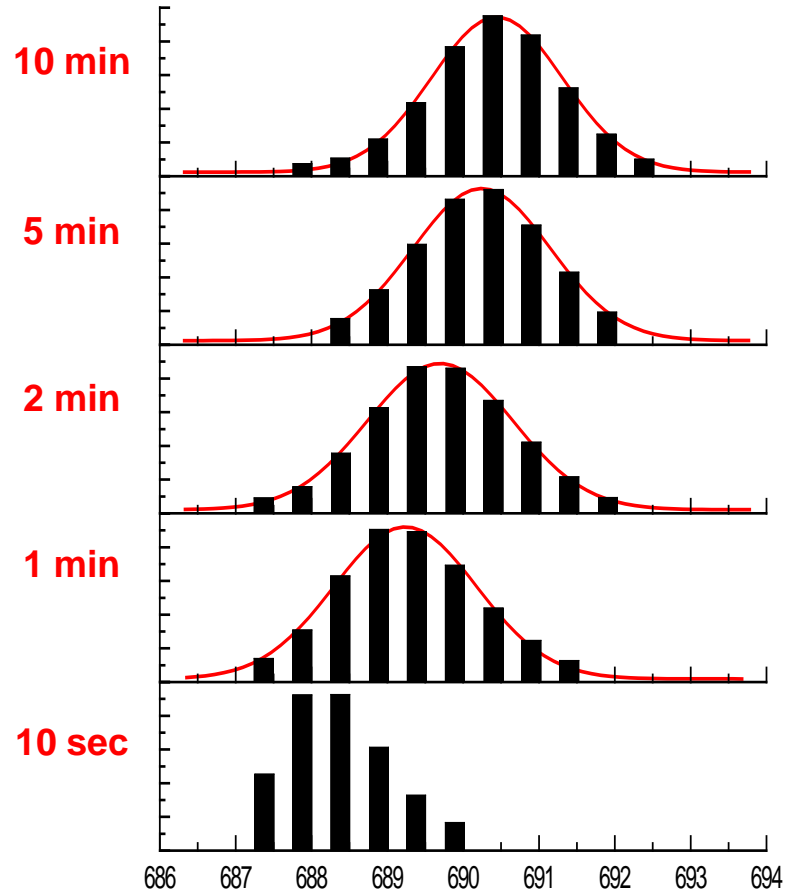
What does Bimodality Indicate?

A group of residues open cooperatively & completely exchange before close again.

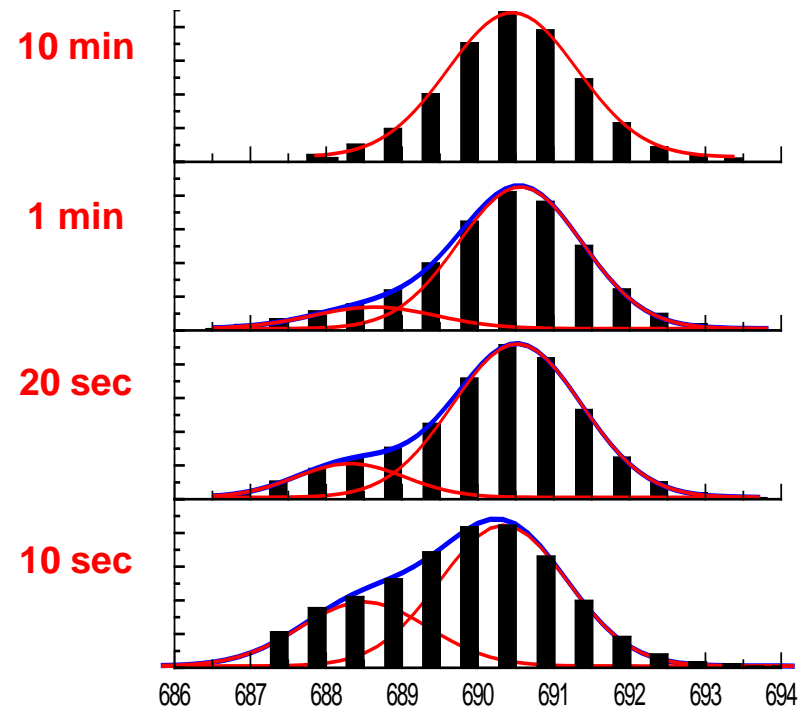


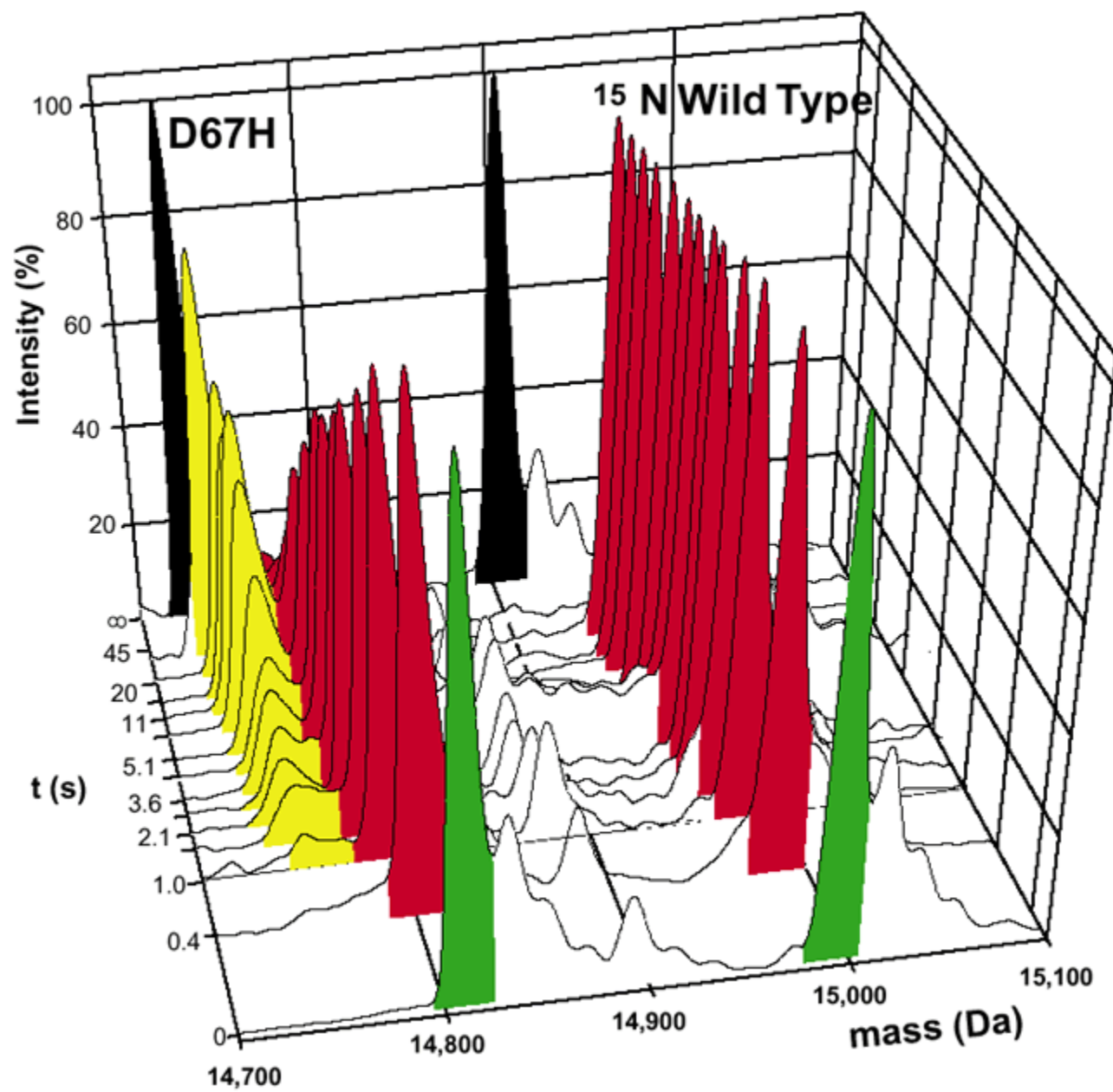
The Tethered Form Cannot Open Cooperatively

Oxidized Form (Tethered)



Reduced form





Non-covalent or Native Mass Spectrometry

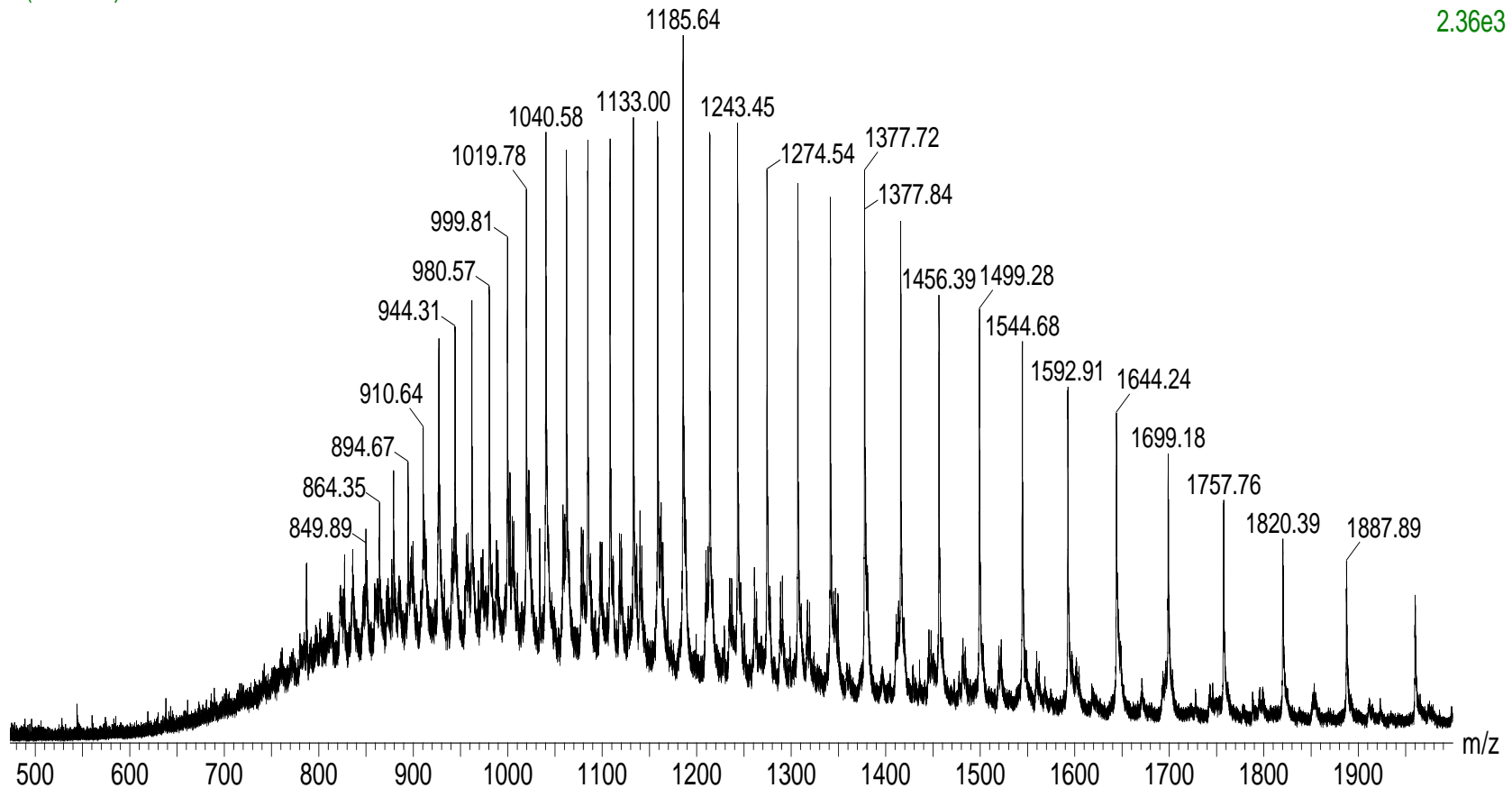
We can ionize intact protein complexes using ESI !!

How Do We Determine Charge State?

n, trap

1 (542:627)

TOF MS ES+
2.36e3



For any peak:

$$m/z = (MW + nH^+)/n$$

and MW is constant so:

$$1185.6 = (MW + nH^+)/n$$

$$1133.0 = (MW + (n+1)H^+) / (n+1)$$

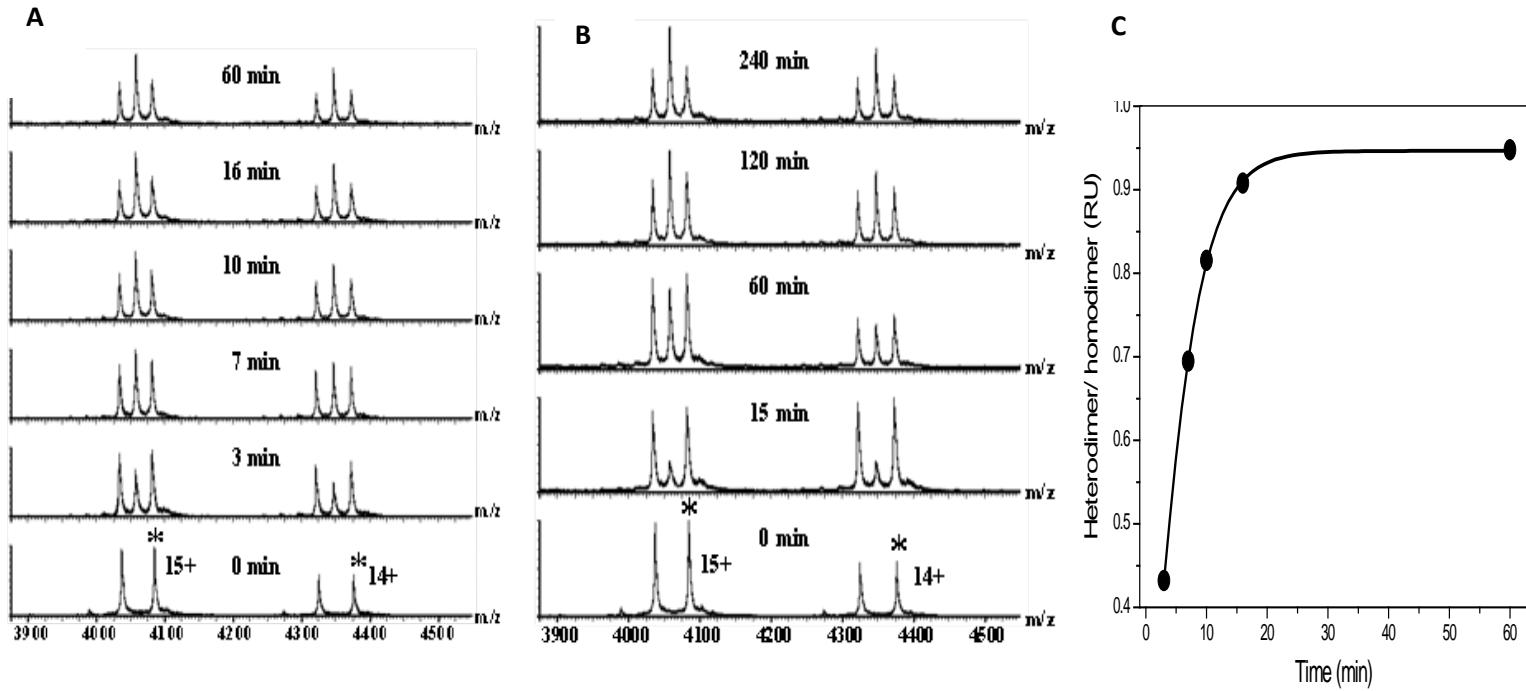
$$n(1185.6) - nH^+ = (n+1)1133.0 - (n+1)H^+$$

$$n = (1133.0 - H^+) / (1185.6 - 1133.0)$$

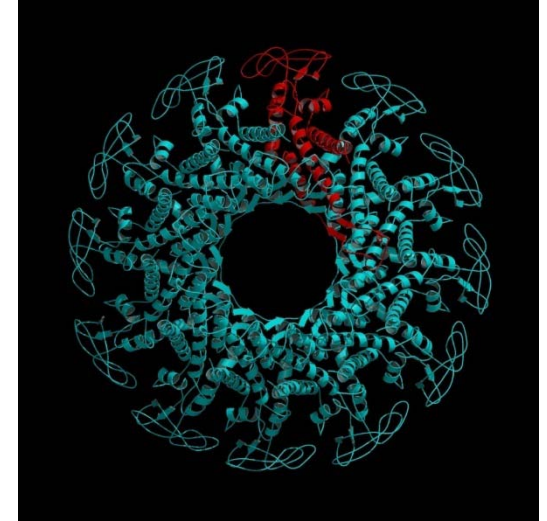
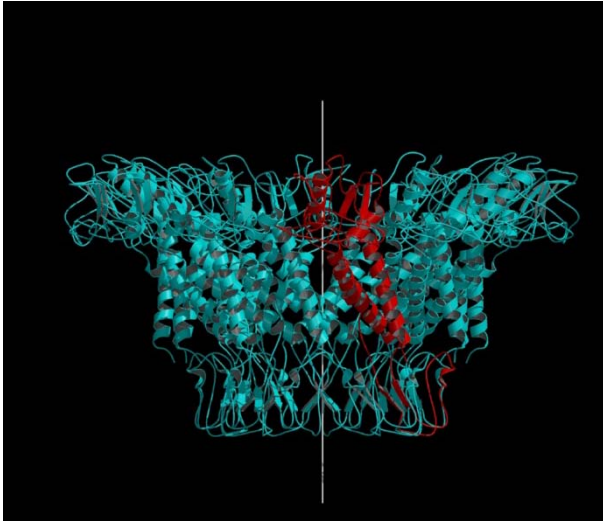
$$n = 21$$

$$\text{mass} = 21 * (1185.6 - 21) = 24,444$$

Subunit Exchange in NAD Synthetase



Portal Motor Packages DNA Into Phage Head



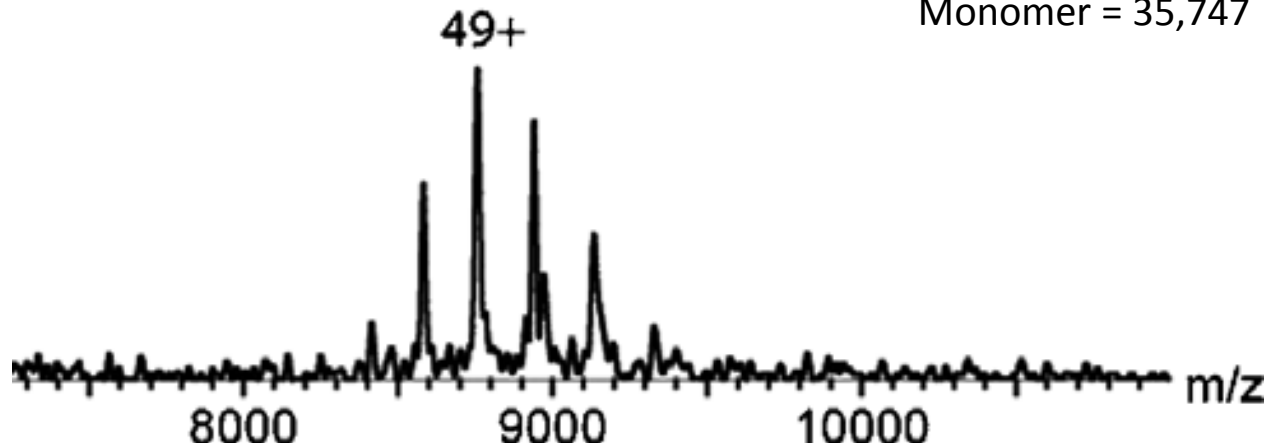
Native Mass Spectrometry Can Determine the Stoichiometry of Macromolecular Complexes

Phi-29 Portal Complex

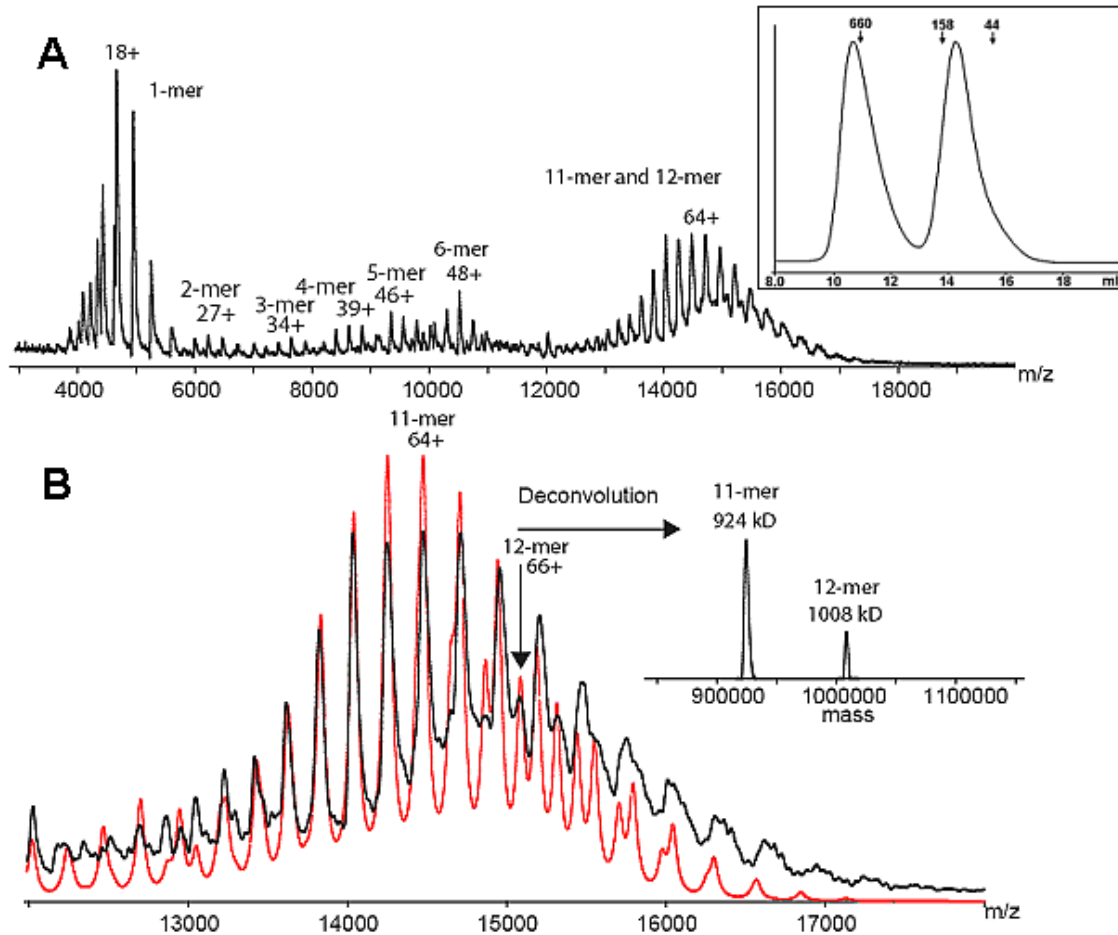
$m/z = 8938$
 $m/(z+1) = 8756$
 $m/(z+2) = 8581$

$m = 429,052$

$m/12 = 35,754$
Monomer = 35,747

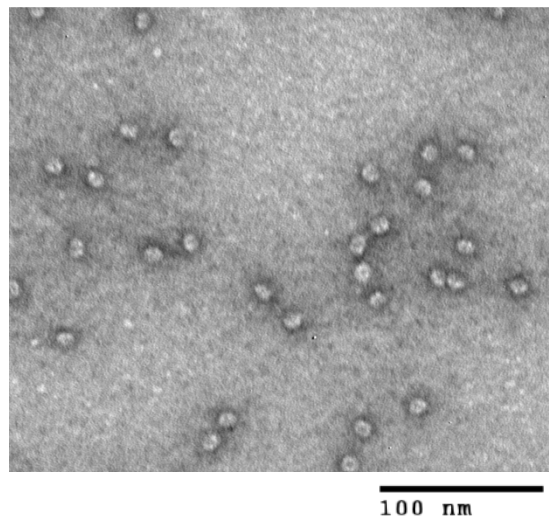


Detection of Intermediates and Sub-populations

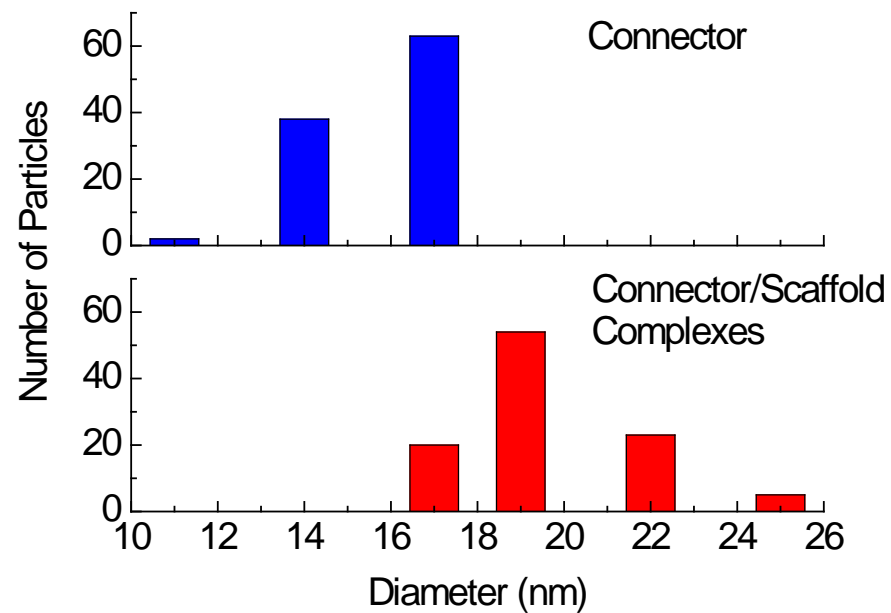
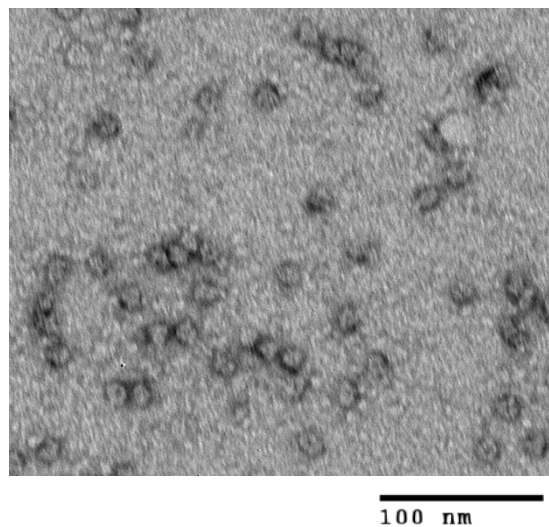


Complexes Formed *in Vitro* Larger Diameters

Connector
Dodecamers



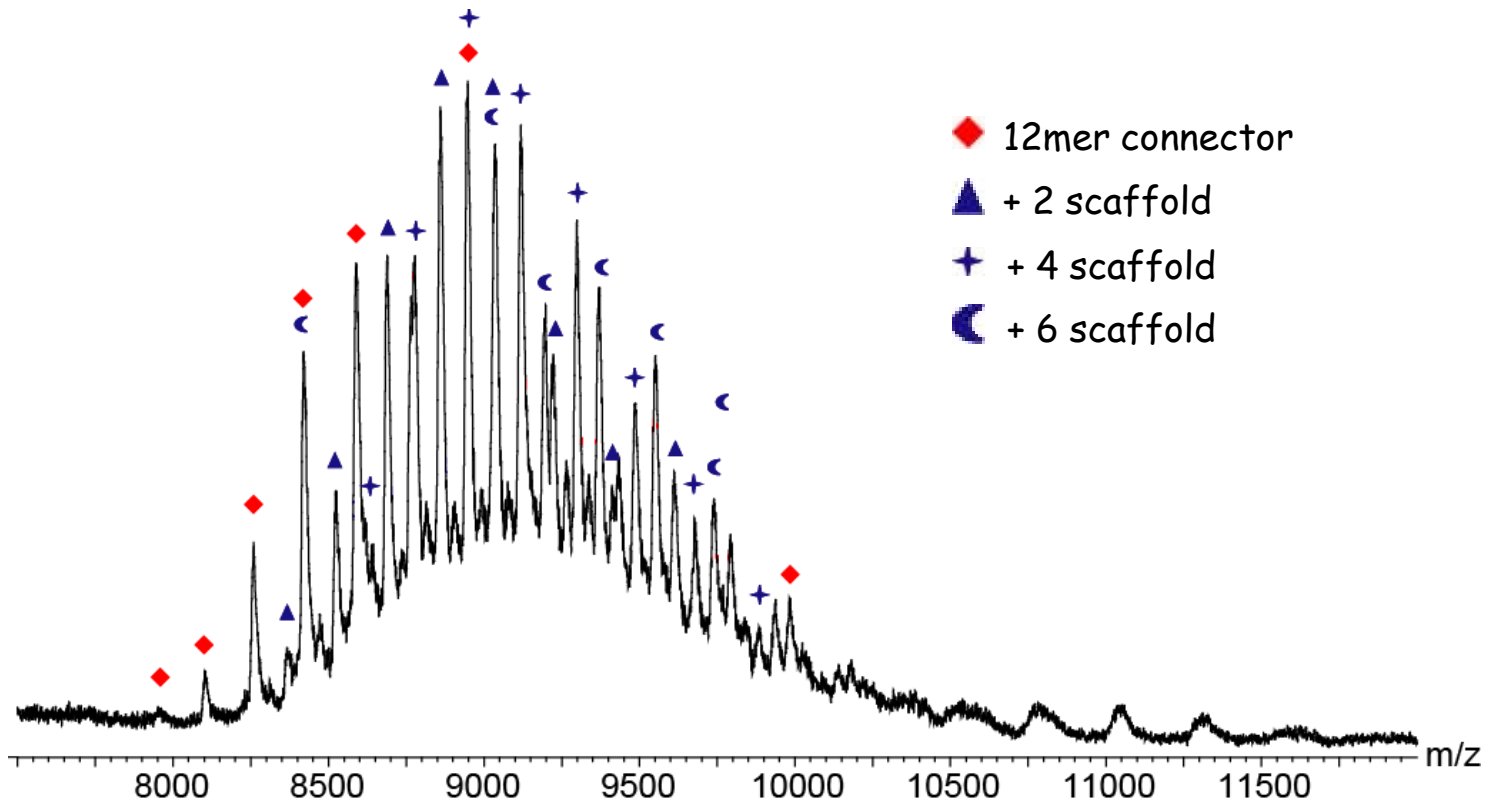
Complexes



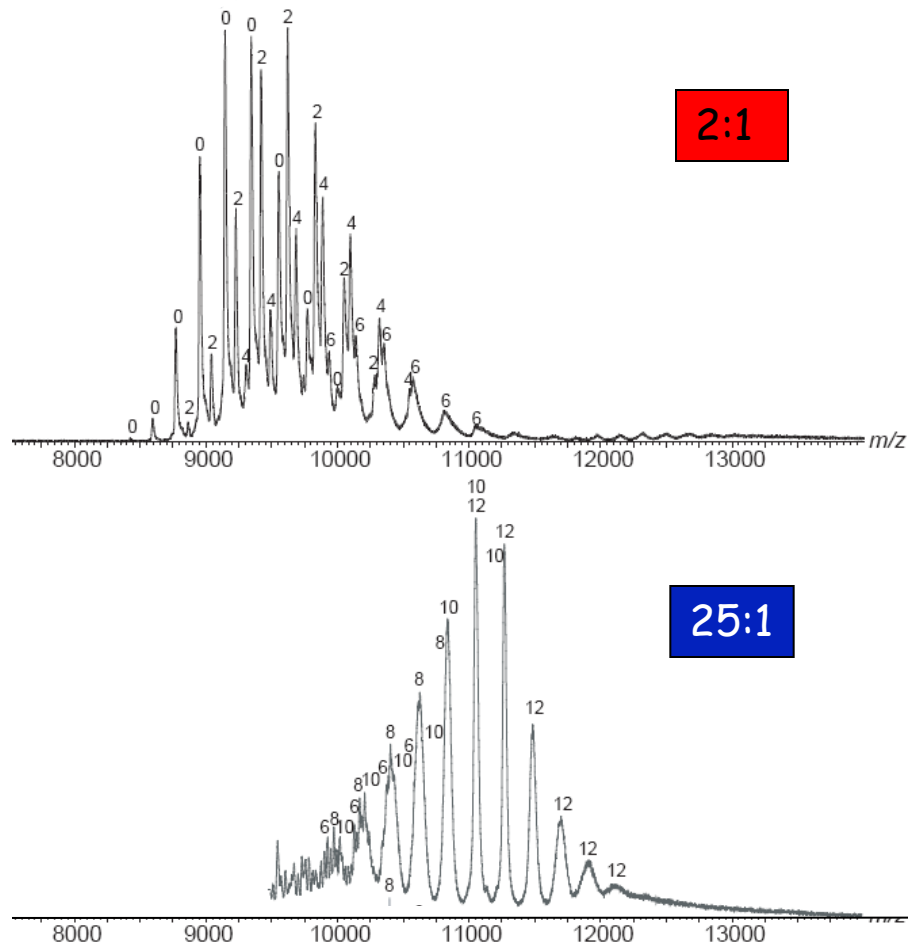
Negative-stained EM

Native Mass Spectrometry Demonstrates Scaffold Binds as a Dimer

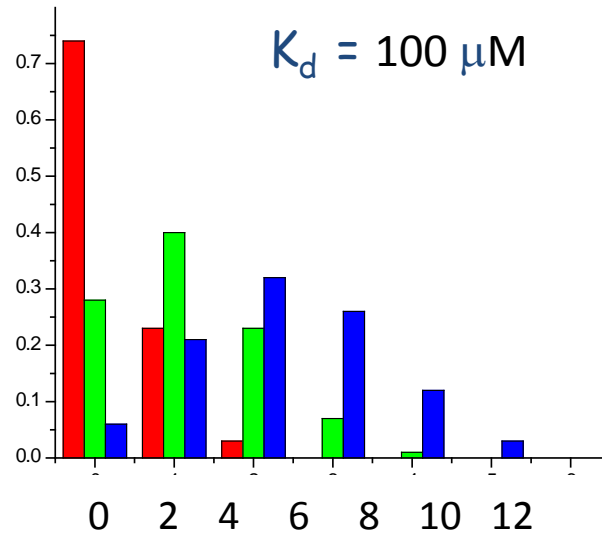
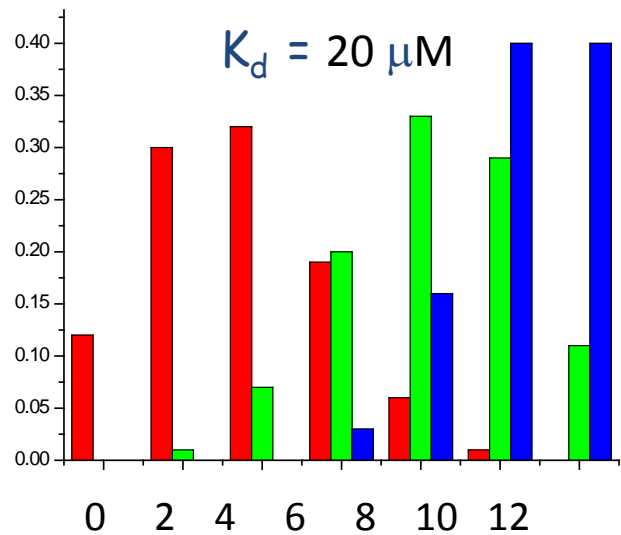
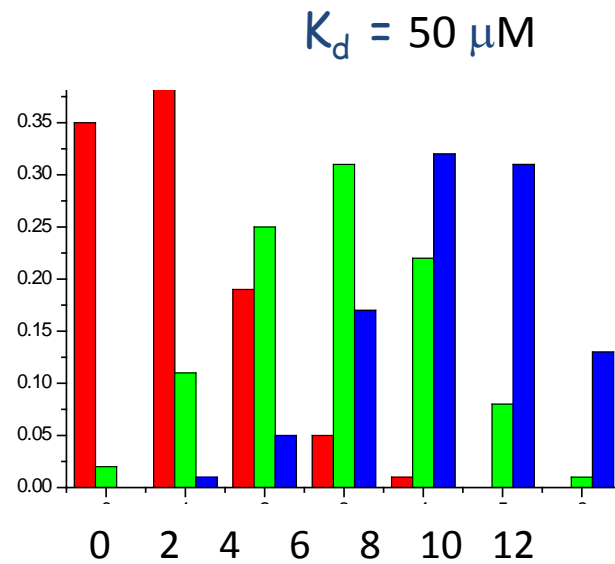
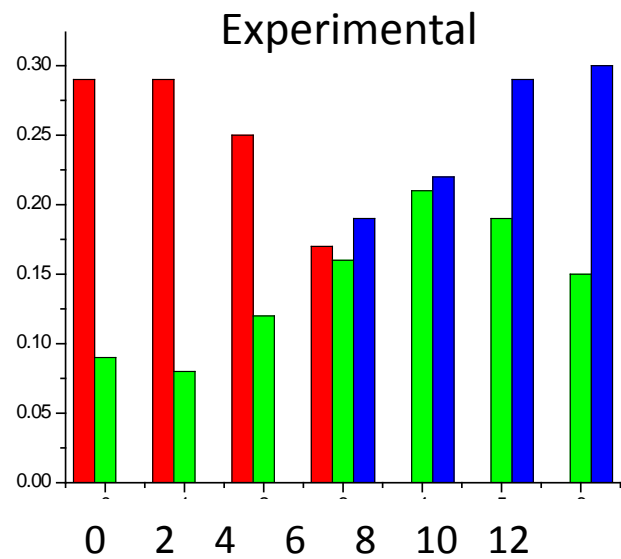
Scaffolding :Connector at 2:1 Input Ratio



Increasing the Scaffolding to Connector Ratio Increases the Scaffolding Saturation



Scaffolding Binds Non-cooperatively with a K_d of $\sim 20 \mu\text{M}$



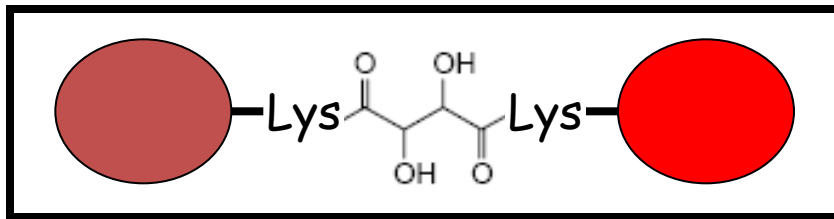
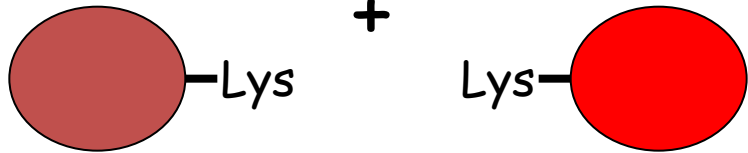
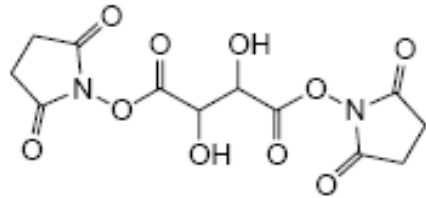
2:1
10:1
25:1

Identification of the Connector/Scaffolding Interface by Chemical Cross-Linking

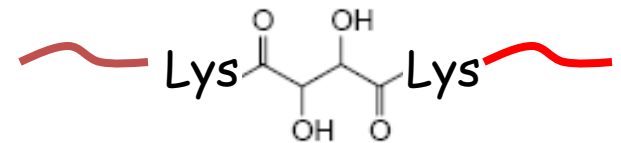
To Locate the Interface on Connector Protein
To Obtain Distance Constraint of Interactions

Lysine Reactive DST Cross-Linker

DST: Spacer Arm 6.4 Å



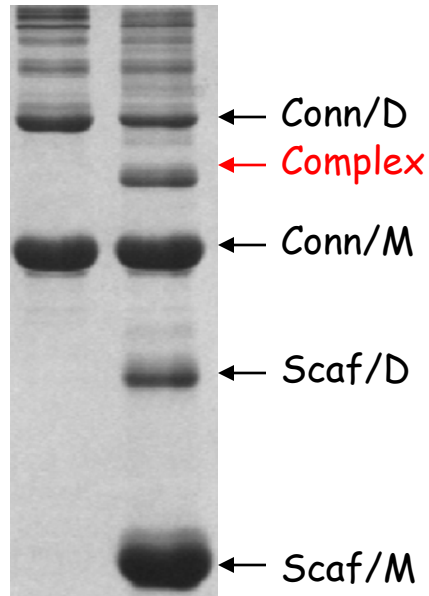
Trypsin Digestion



Mass: A+B+114 Da

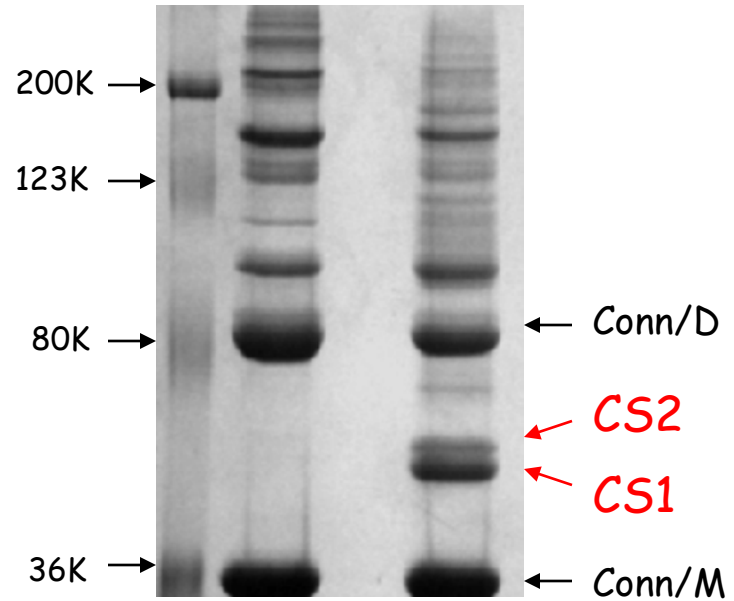
DST Cross-Linking Profiles

Conn Complex



15 % SDS-PAGE

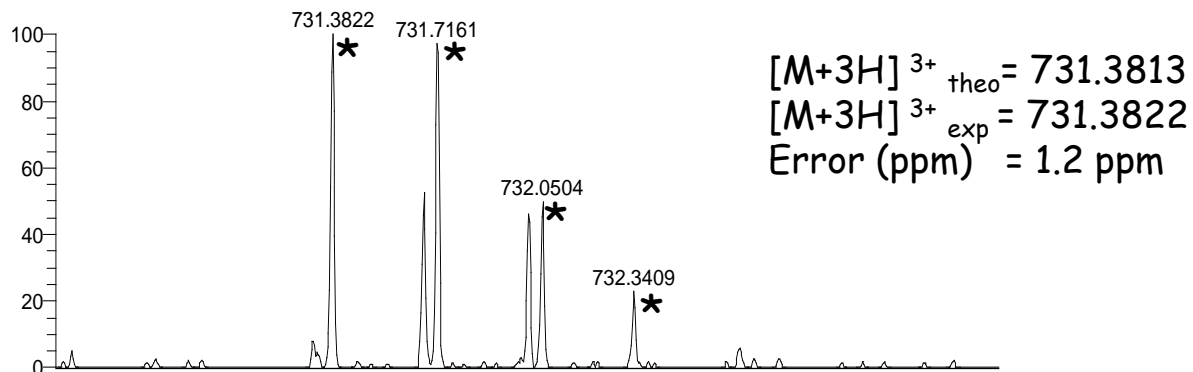
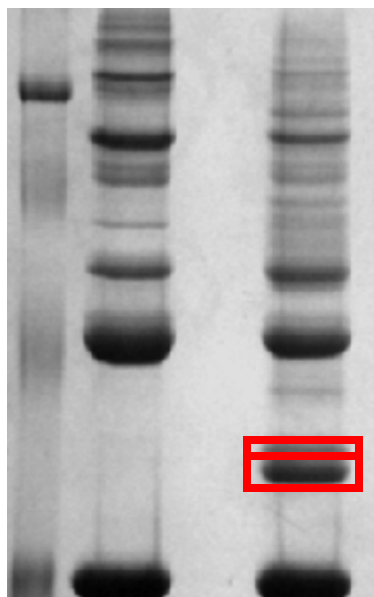
Conn Complex



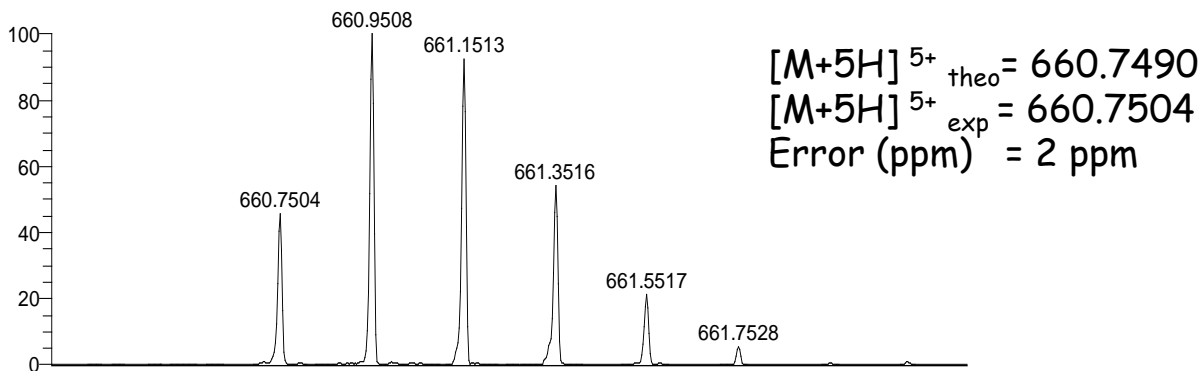
7.5 % SDS-PAGE

Identification of Scaffolding/Connector Interfaces by Chemical Cross-linking

Scaffolding 83-98 Cross-Linked to Connector 4-5/19-20



Scaffolding 53-68 Cross-Linked to Connector 94-105



Peptides were sequenced by MS/MS.

Docking Model of Connector/Scaffolding Complexes

1st step: ZDOCK

(optimize shape complementarity, desolvation electrostatics)

Use entire scaffolding dimer

Use connector dimer

Block interior surface of connector

Generate #2000 models

2nd step: filter with

SF66-Conn102 cross-link distance constraint

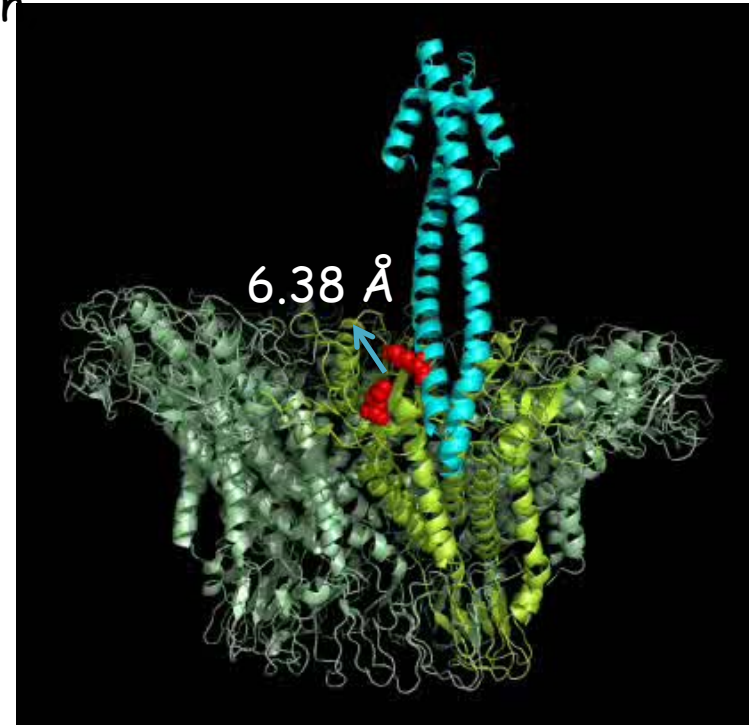
Use 8 Å constraint, 26 models

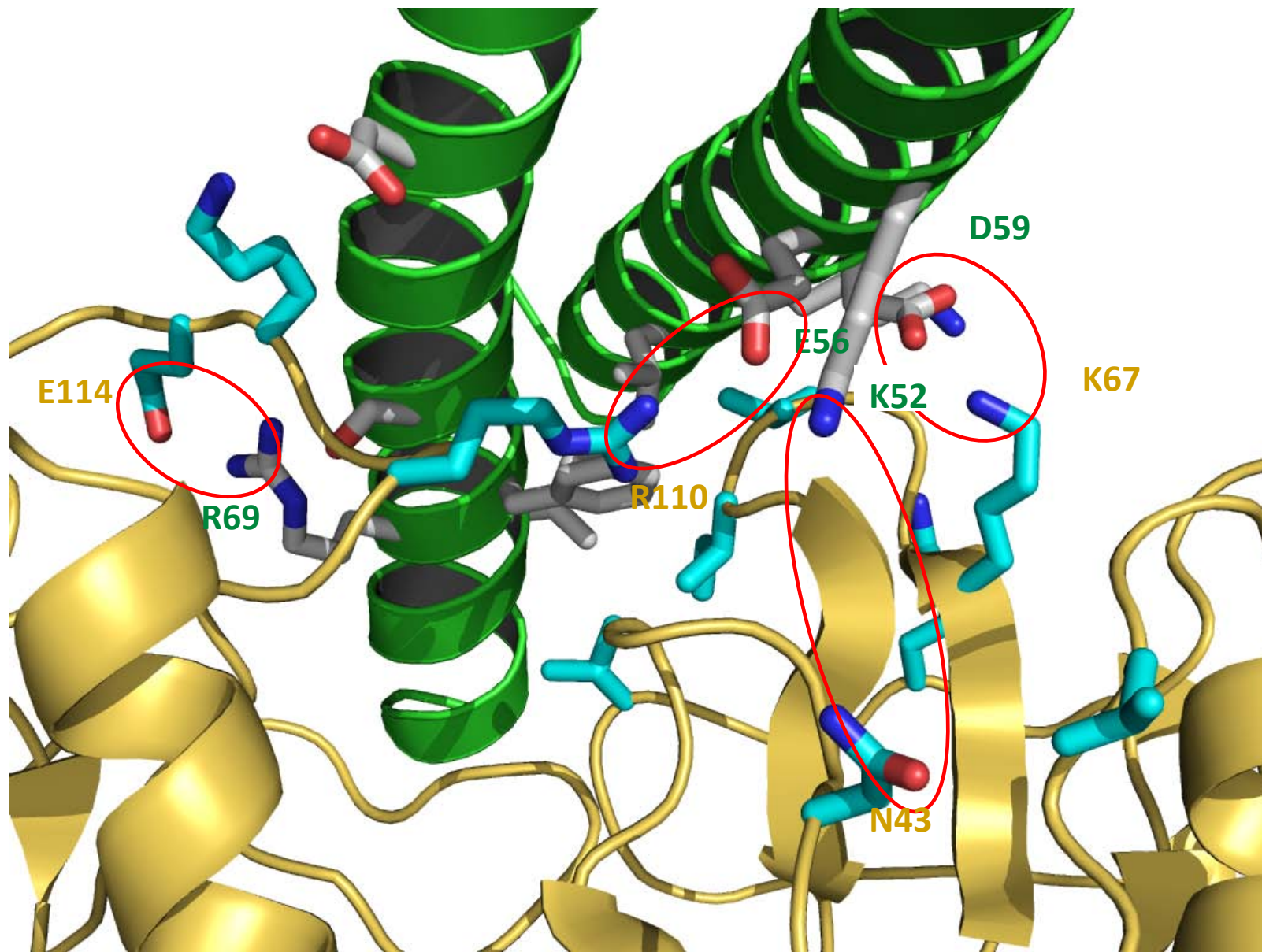
Scaffolding orientation

Defined by SF83 Conn4/19 cross-link

Select model #25

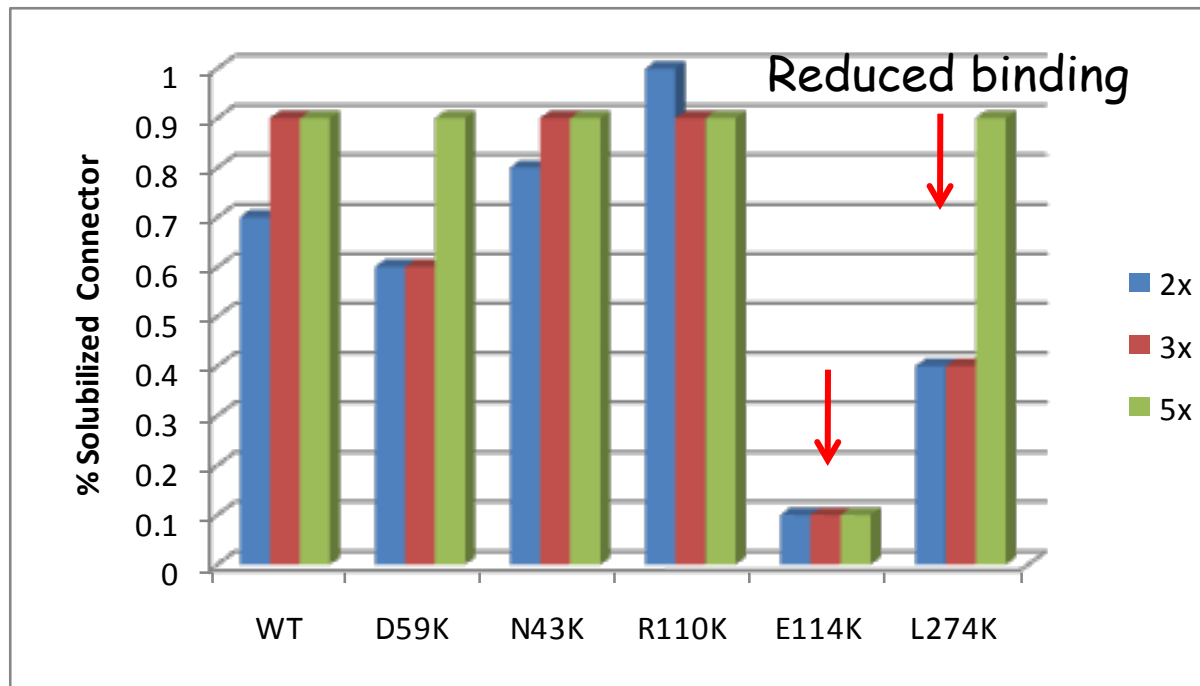
3rd step: model verification by mutagenesis



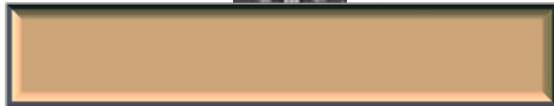
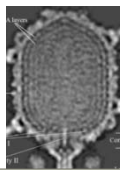


Based on the Model Pairs of Lysines Were Introduced to Alter Complex Stability and Enable Cross-linking

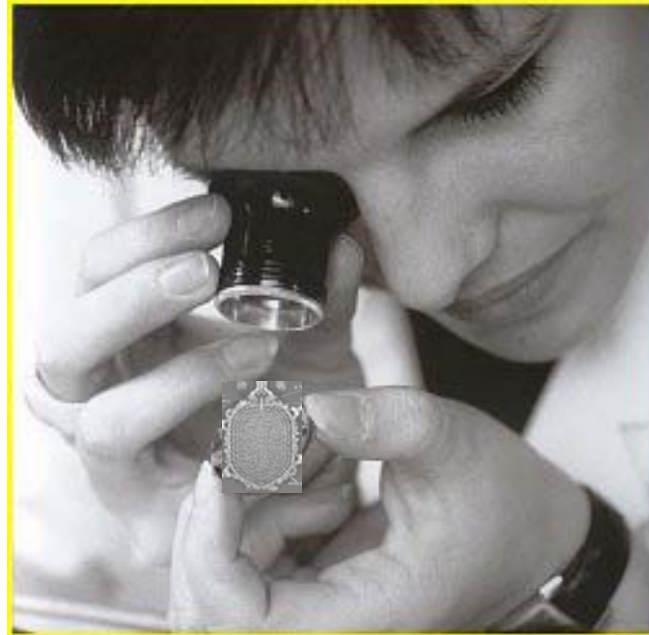
Connector	Scaffolding	Distance
K67	D59	2.98 Å
N43	K52	6.88 Å
R110	E56	4.05 Å
E114	R69	3.86 Å
L274	K52	9.81 Å

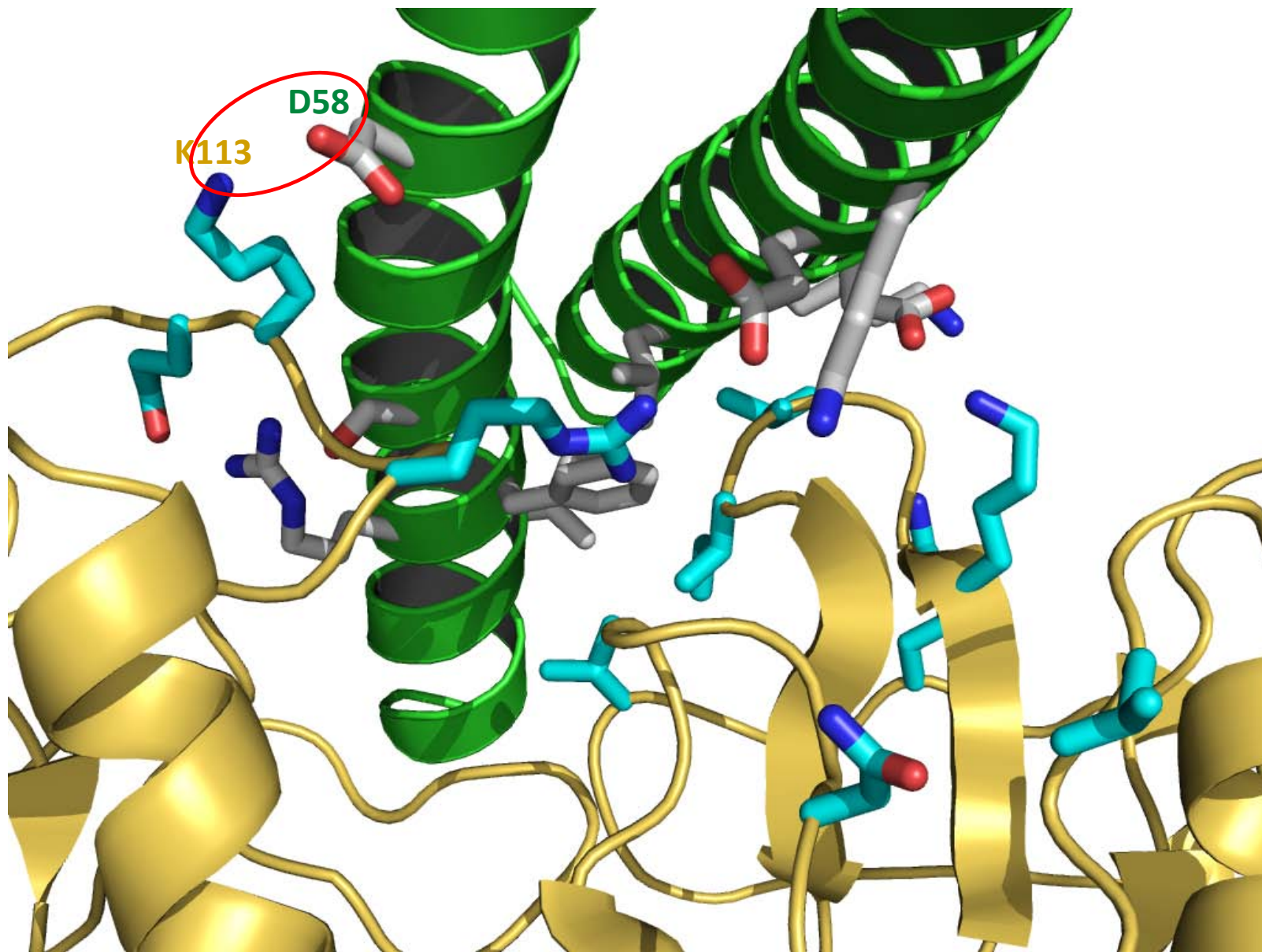


Loss of Function
is Easy!



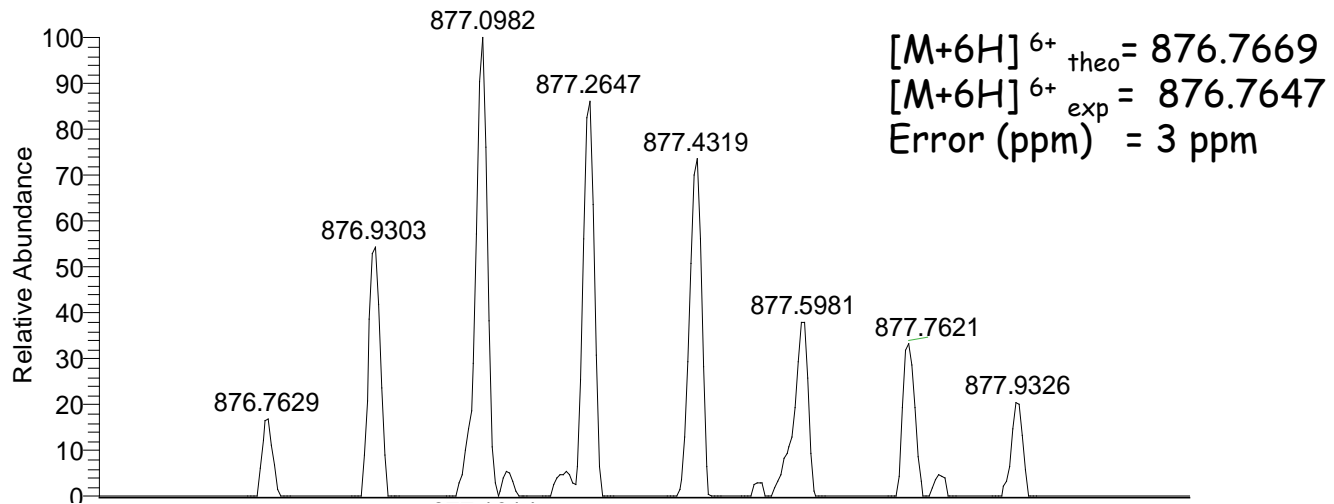
Gain of Function





Scaffolding D58K Cross-links to Connector K113 within the Distance Range Predicted by the Model

D58K Scaffolding 48-65 Cross-Linked to Wt Connector 112-139 using DST (6.4 Å)



Peptide was sequenced by MS/MS.
Predicted distance D58 to K113 ~3.8 Å.

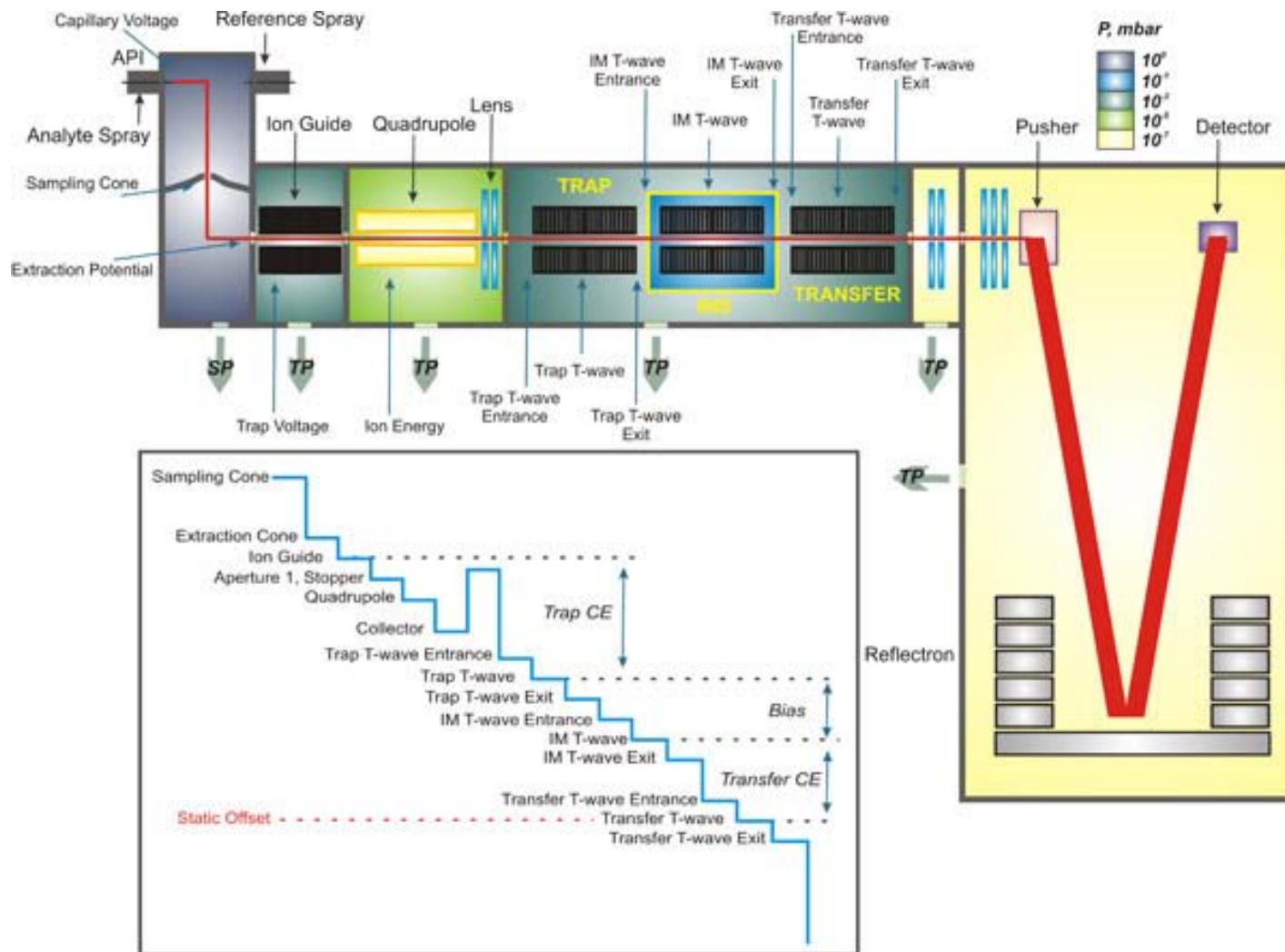
Obtaining Shape Information

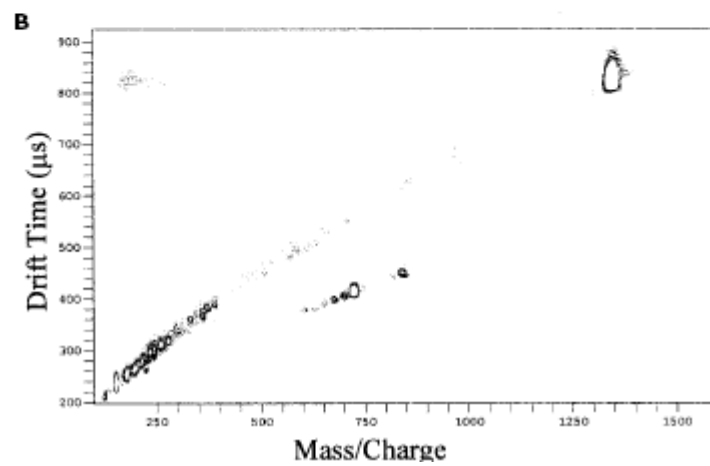
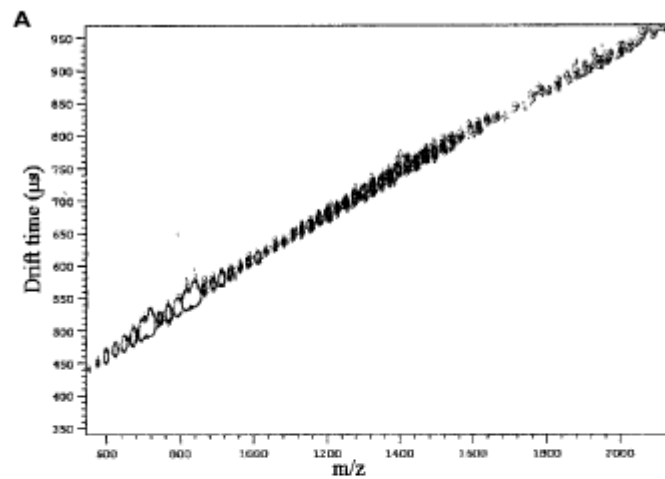
Put a device that separates ions by shape in front of MS

One such device is a “drift tube”

This is a “tube” filled with gas. The progress of the molecules is retarded as they are buffeted by gas.

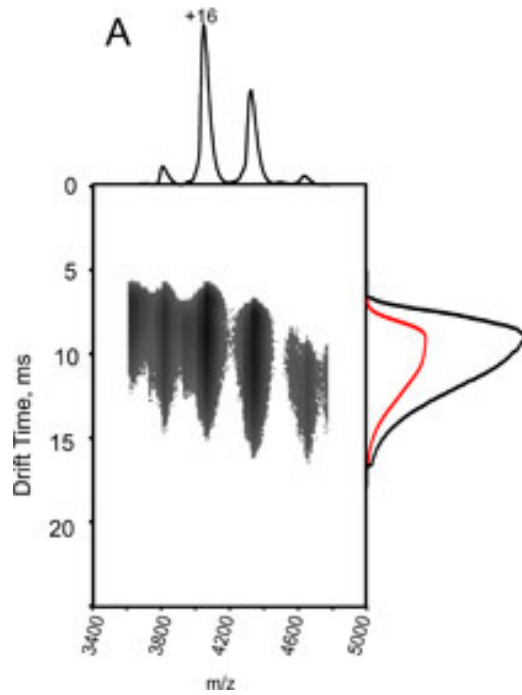
Block Diagram of Waters Synapt IMS-ToF



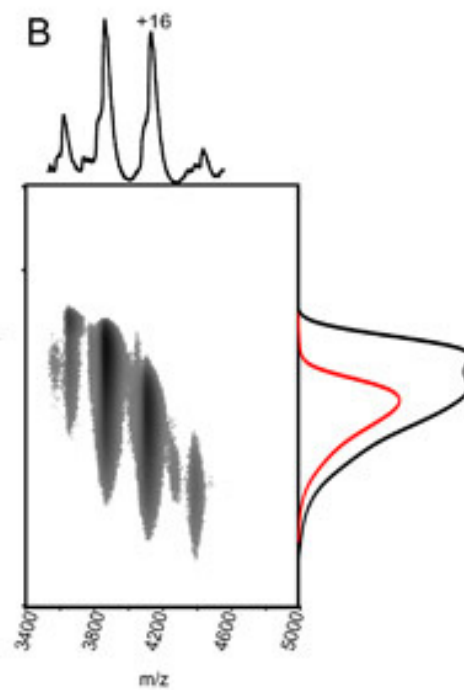


Hemoglobin Tetramer Denaturation

native



partially
denatured



partially
denatured

