## MA 125-CT, CALCULUS I Test 4, April 17, 2017

Name (Print last name first): .....

Show all your work and justify your answer!

No partial credit will be given for the answer only!

## PART I

You must simplify your answer when possible. All problems in Part I are 8 points each.

1. If  $f(x) = x^2 e^{3x}$ , find the derivative f'(x).

2. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \ln(x^2 + 2)$ .

3. Evaluate 
$$\int e^{6x+1} dx$$

4. Evaluate 
$$\int \frac{1}{x \ln(x)} dx$$

5. Solve  $e^{2x-5} = 10$ .

6. Solve  $\ln(4x+3) = 2$ .

7. Use Newton's method to approximate the solution of the equation  $\sin(x) - 0.55 = 0$  near  $\pi/6$ . Hint: choose  $x_1 = \pi/6$  and find  $x_2$ . Give only the expression for  $x_2$  and not its decimal value.

8. Given  $f(x) = x^7 + x^5 + 2$  show first that f(x) is one-to-one and then compute out  $f^{-1}(2)$ .

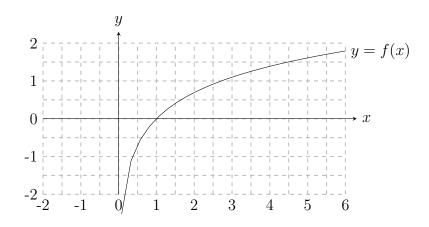
## PART II

1. **[10 points]** Evaluate  $\int_{1}^{2} \frac{\ln x}{x} dx$ . Show your work and do NOT give a decimal number as your answer (i.e., give an expression involving an appropriate function as your answer).

- 2. [12 points]Given the graph of y = f(x) below read off the graph the following: (1) the value of y = f(4)
  - (2) the value of  $x = f^{-1}(0)$

(3) Estimate the derivative f'(1). (Hint: draw the tangent line and estimate its slope).

(4) Estimate the derivative of  $(f^{-1})'$  at 0. (Hint: draw the tangent line and estimate its slope). Indicate in the graph how you found your values!



Find absolute minimum and absolute maximum of the function  $f(x) = e^x(2-x)$  on the interval [2, 3].

Scratch paper