## Calculus II, Exam III, Spring 2011

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Show all your work and give reasons for your answers. Good luck! Part  $\, {\rm I} \,$ 

Each problem in part I is worth 6 points; Show your work!!

Evaluate the following integrals

(1) Find the area bounded by the graphs of the functions  $y = x^3 + 5$  and  $y = \sin(x)$  between x = 0 and  $x = \pi/2$ .

(2) **Set up** an integral for the solid of revolution obtained by rotating the area described in problem 1 around the **x**-axis.

(3) **Set up** an integral for the solid of revolution obtained by rotating the area described in problem 1 around the **y**-axis.

(4) Determine if the improper integral  $\int_1^\infty \frac{1}{x^3} dx$  is convergent or divergent. If it is convergent, evaluate the integral.

(5) Find the arc length of the curve  $\vec{r}(t) = \cos(t)$ ,  $\sin(t) > \text{for } 0 \le t \le \pi/2$ .

(6) **Set up** an integral for the arc length of the graph of the function  $y = f(x) = \sin(x)$  for  $0 \le x \le \pi$ .

(7) Find the work done in stretching a spring 1 m from its rest position if it takes a force of 500 N to stretch it 2m from its rest position.

(8) Find the work done in moving a mass of 5 kg a distance of 1m horizontally and 1 m vertically upward.

## Part II

Each problem in part II is worth 13 points.

Justify all your work for full credit!!

In the next two problems **set up** integrals for the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the area bounded by  $y = f(x) = x^2 + 2$ ,  $y = g(x) = \sin(x)$ , x = 0 and  $x = \pi/2$  about the indicated axis.

1. Rotate about the line x = -3.

2. Rotate about the line y = -3.

3. Find the volume of the solid whose cross sections perpendicular to the x-axis are round disks with their diameter stretching from the graph of  $y = f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  to the graph of  $y = g(x) = x^2$  for  $0 \le x \le 1$ .

4. Find the work done in pumping all the water out of a half full conical tank (with vertex down) of height  $h=5\,m$ , radius  $r=4\,m$  (i.e., the water in the tank is up to level  $2\,m$  from the bottom). Use  $g\approx 10\,m/sec^2$  and density of water  $\rho=1,000\,kg/m^3$ .