MA 125 - CT, CALCULUS I Aprill 22, 2010

TEST IV

No calculators are allowed!

PART I

Part I consists of 10 questions. Clearly write your answer in the space provided after each question. Show your work as much as possible and simplify your answer when possible

Each question is worth 5 points.

<u>Question 1</u>

Differentiate the function $y = f(x) = \ln(x^3 + 2)$.

Answer:

<u>Question 2</u>

Differentiate the function $y = f(x) = e^{x^2+3}$.

Answer:

<u>Question 3</u>

Differentiate the function $y = f(x) = x^2 \arcsin(x)$.

Answer:

<u>Question 4</u>

Differentiate the function $y = f(x) = \arctan(x^2)$.

Answer:

<u>Question 5</u>

Differentiate the function $y = f(x) = \ln(\cos(x))$

Answer:

<u>Question 6</u>

Evaluate $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\ln(x)}{x}$.

<u>Question 7</u>

Answer:

Evaluate $\lim_{x \to \pi} \frac{\cos(x)}{x^2 + 1}$.

Answer:

<u>Question 8</u>

<u>Question 9</u>

Simplify $\sin(\arctan(x))$.

Answer:

Find the linearization of $f(x) = \sin(x)$ at $a = \pi$.

<u>Question 10</u>

Answer:

Use Newton's method two find the second approximate solution x_2 to the equation $\sqrt[3]{x}-2=0$ if $x_1=1$

Answer:

PART II

Part II consists of 4 problems. You must show your work on this part of the test to get full credit. Displaying only the final answer (even if correct) without the relevant steps will not get full credit. Simplify when possible.

Problem 1; 13 points

Use logarithmic differentiation to find the derivative of $y = \frac{\sqrt{x}(x^3+1)^5}{\sqrt[5]{2x-1}}$. You do not need to simplify but you must express your answer in x (and not in y).

Problem 2; 14 points

2a; 6 points Find y' if $y = f(x) = x^x$.

2b; 6 points Find $\lim_{x \to 0^+} x^x$

Problem 3; 11 points

If $y = f(x) = \ln(\frac{e^x + 1}{e^x - 1})$, find y'. You must simplify your answer!

Problem 4; 12 points

The volume of a sphere of radius r is given by $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$. Suppose that r = 3 m with an error less than $\frac{1}{10}m$. (a) Use differentials to approximate the error in the volume.

(b) Use (a) to find the relative error of the volume.

(c) Use (b) to find the percentage error of the volume.