Name:

Student Number:

## Show all your work and give reasons for your answers. Good luck! $$\operatorname{Part}\ I$$

In part I essentially no partial credit is awarded. Hence work these problems carefully. Each problem in part I is 8 points. In 1-4, evaluate the integrals:

(1)  $\int x^2 \sqrt[5]{5x^3 + 4} \, dx$ 

(2) 
$$\int \frac{x^3 + \sqrt{x}}{x^9} dx$$

(3)  $\int \arctan(x) dx$ 

(4)  $\int \frac{1}{x^2 - x - 2} dx$ 

(5) Use a Riemann sum with n = 4 terms to estimate  $\int_0^1 e^{x^2} dx$ . How many terms would be needed if we want an error of less than 1/100? You can use that  $e^1 = e \leq 3$ .

(6) Set up an integral for the volume of the solid of revolution obtained by rotating the area bounded by  $y = x^9 + 3x^2 + x + 5$ , y = -1, x = 0 and x = 1, about the line x = -4.

3

(7) Let

$$F(x) = \int_{x^2}^{\sqrt[3]{x}} \ln(t^2) dt.$$

Find F'(x)

(8) Set up an integral for the arc length of the parametric curve

$$\begin{cases} x = te^t \\ y = \arctan(t) \end{cases}$$

with  $0 \le t \le 1$ .

(9) Find the volume of the solid in three-space whose intersection, by planes perpendicular to the x-axis, is a square one side of which stretches from the graph of  $y = x^2$ to the graph of  $y = x^3$ , where  $0 \le x \le 1$ .

(10) Find the work done in pumping the water out of an inverted round cone of height h = 5 m. and radius r = 7 m. You may use that the density of water if  $1000 kg/m^3$ .

(11) Evaluate  $\int \frac{x^2+5}{x^3+x} dx$ 

Name:

Student Number:

Show all your work and give reasons for your answers. Good luck!  $$\operatorname{Part}\ I$$ 

In part I essentially no partial credit is awarded. Hence work these problems carefully. Each problem in part I is 8 points. In 1-4, evaluate the integrals:

(1)  $\int x \sin(5x^2 + 4) \, dx$ 

(2)  $\int \frac{x+\sqrt{x}}{x^3} dx$ 

(3)  $\int \ln(x) dx$ 

(4)  $\int \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} dx$ 

(5) Use a Riemann sum with n = 5 terms to estimate  $\int_0^1 \cos(x^2) dx$ . How many terms would be needed if we want an error of less than 1/100?

(6) Set up an integral for the volume of the solid of revolution obtained by rotating the area bounded by  $y = x^7 + 3x^2 + x + 5$ , y = 1, x = 0 and x = 1, about the line x = -3.

(7) Let

$$F(x) = \int_{\sqrt{x}}^{x^2} \ln(t^2) dt.$$

Find F'(x)

(8) Set up an integral for the arc length of the parametric curve

$$\begin{cases} x = t\sin(t) \\ y = \arctan(t) \end{cases}$$

with  $0 \le t \le 1$ .

## Part II

In part II you can receive partial credit. Each problem in part II is 13 points.

(9) Find the volume of the solid in three-space whose intersection, by planes perpendicular to the x-axis, is a square one side of which stretches from the graph of  $y = x^2$  to the graph of  $y = \sqrt{x}$ , where  $0 \le x \le 1$ .

(10) Find the work done in pumping the water out of an inverted round cone of height h = 8 m. and radius r = 5 m. You may use that the density of water if  $1000 kg/m^3$ .

(11) Evaluate  $\int \frac{3x+1}{x^3+x} dx$