$\begin{array}{c} {\rm MA~227:~Calculus~III} \\ {\rm Final~Test,~December,~2005} \end{array}$

Time allotted: 150 min.

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1. The solid E in space lies above the surface $z=(x^2+y^2)$ and below the sphere $x^2+y^2+z^2=6$. Calculate its volume.

2. Evaluate

$$\iiint_E z dV,$$

where E lies between the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ and the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ in the first octant.

3. The lamina D is defined by the inequalities $0 \le x \le 1$, $0 \le y \le 1$, and its mass density function is given by $\rho(x, y) = x + y$. Compute its mass and the center of mass.

- 4. The solid B lies inside the cylinder $x^2+y^2=1$ and inside the sphere $x^2+y^2+z^2=9$. Calculate its volume.

5. Evaluate the integral by reversing the order of integration.

$$\int_0^4 \int_{y^{1/2}}^2 e^{x^3} dx dy.$$

6. Calculate the integral

$$\int_{1}^{2} \int_{1}^{2} (\frac{x^{2}}{y} + \frac{y^{2}}{x}) dy dx.$$

7. Find the minimum and maximum values of the function f(x,y,z) = yz + xy subject to the constraints xy = 3 and $y^2 + z^2 = 1$.

8. We know that x, y, and z are positive numbers the sum of which is equal to 1. Maximize the value of xy^2z^2 .

9. Find the points on the ellipsoid $x^2 + y^2 + 9z^2 = 41$ where the normal line is parallel to the line connecting the points (3, -1, 0) and (5, -2, 18).

10. Let $z=y^2\tan x,\ x=t^2uv,\ y=u+tv^2.$ Find $\partial z/\partial t,\ \partial z/\partial u,\ {\rm and}\ \partial z/\partial v$ when $t=2,\ u=1,\ v=0.$